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JOURNAL

VOLUME XLIV. NUMBER 42.
WHOLE NUMBER 2286.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1907.

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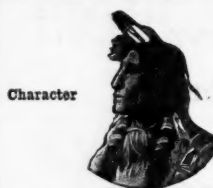
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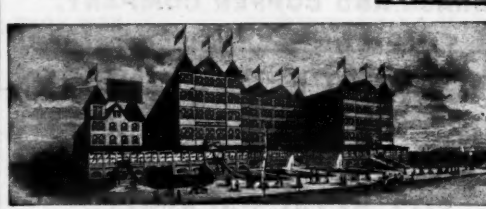
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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1907.

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Naturally enough, the changing order of things, political and commercial, in the Pacific Ocean has awakened the intelligent leaders of public opinion in Hawaii to the urgent need of efficient defenses for that territory. Those projected and under construction are well enough in their way, but it is held that they must be supplemented with others equally powerful before the islands can be regarded as having the defenses to which their strategic position entitles them. "What is needed for the protection of American coast cities and American commerce in the Pacific," says the Honolulu Gazette, "is that Hawaii shall be made the Malta of the Pacific. It is not contended that the coast cities could not protect themselves from naval attack; but it is clear that to do so against a Hawaii in hostile hands, would cost a sum enormously greater than that required to make these islands impregnable. Economy demands that American possession here be made absolutely secure. That condition having been reached, nothing extraordinary in the way of defenses or garrisons would be required in California, Oregon and Washington. So long as Hawaii remains unfortified or fortified inadequately, Japan will feel that war with the United States is within the sphere of practical politics. Possessing this base and protected here by floating mines, mortars, siege guns—such as she could easily transport and mount—Japan could make herself a dangerous enemy. Without it she could not do much on this side of the ocean and probably would not venture here except with her commerce destroyers. It should be remembered that, in the war with Russia, the Japanese navy refused to give battle far from its base, though they might have taken Rojstvensky unawares in Madagascar waters or in the straits of Malacca. A beginning has been made toward fortifying Honolulu and Pearl Harbor; but what the Advertiser wants to press upon the notice of its visitors is the fact that the entire program, when completed, will not prevent the landing of hostile forces, efficiently conveyed, on the other side of the island. Batteries of heavy guns are nearly as requisite there as here; and there ought to be provision for a large garrison. Malta is the example; we should emulate that."

It is earnestly to be hoped that the eighth international conference of the Red Cross, which is to be held in London during the present month, may have the effect of arousing the American people to a keener sense of their duty to the Red Cross organization. It is a curious circumstance that while we as a nation are usually first and most generous in responding to appeals for relief for the victims of pestilence, famine or disaster in other nations, we give but little support to the great international organization whose special mission it is to see that the requirements of suffering humanity, both in peace and war, are promptly met. The work of the Red Cross is emergency work and temporary in character; it leaves other institutions to care for ordinary distress, and devotes itself to furnishing on a large scale first aid to the injured. In our organization for conducting this work we are far in the rear of other nations. According to official statistics, Japan has 1,035,000 on its Red Cross roll and the best organization in the world except Germany, where the women's branch alone has 316,000 members, with an emergency fund of \$4,000,000 in the treasury, while in this country there are only 9,262 members and no money at all for great emergencies. This does not mean that funds cannot be quickly raised, but the service of rendering first aid logically presupposes ready resources available without waiting for public sympathy to pay its tribute to sudden and unforeseen suffering. "We can get all the money we want," says the Secretary of War, who is national president of the Red Cross, "if we have time to appeal to the public. The organization should have a fund to draw upon without restriction whenever it is needed without waiting for public sympathy to express itself.

We cannot use contributions for San Francisco for the relief of people in West Virginia."

Our Canadian neighbors, who are keenly interested in everything bearing directly or indirectly upon the development of their ambitious militia project, are giving increased attention to recent legislation in the United States tending to expedite the movement of volunteer troops to the front in time of war. They attach special importance to the arrangement under which each state agrees to keep on hand a reserve of stores and supplies sufficient to equip immediately the field and peace strength of its organized regiments so that on an order to mobilize they would be able to take the field without delay. This arrangement has greatly impressed Canadian military experts, one of whom, in the Toronto Mail and Empire, says: "In Canada, under similar circumstances, and with the present system of mobilization, it would be impossible to start the regiments to the front for three months. Assuming that our militia were to act in unison with those of the United States, it would be much later before they could get into the field, which would be a national disgrace. In the event of a struggle with that country the frontiers would be occupied long before the Canadian regiments could move. The plan of the American general staff, which upsets all hitherto accepted theories, would appear to make it necessary for Canada to take similar steps. The Canadian militia being under federal control, such a change could be brought about quite easily. The one thing essential to such a plan would be to keep sufficient stores and arms and ammunition at all regimental headquarters to immediately equip the regiment to its peace standing for service in the field."

Results will probably prove the eighth International Red Cross Conference, which assembled in London June 10 for a five days' session under the presidency of Field Marshal Lord Roberts, to have been the most important meeting ever held by that great organization for the relief of suffering humanity. The present conference is the largest in the history of the Red Cross movement, and one of its notable features is the fact that the delegates include representatives from many of the smaller nations which have not hitherto taken any part in Red Cross work, this being particularly true of the South American republics, nearly all of which are represented. The delegates from the United States are Brig. Gen. Robert M. O'Reilly, Surg. Gen., U.S.A.; Med. Dir. John C. Wise, U.S.N.; Col. William Carey Sanger, former Assistant Secretary of War; Miss Mabel T. Boardman and Mr. Ernest P. Bicknell. These delegates will present a report covering all the work of the Red Cross in America since the last international conference held in St. Petersburg in 1902. Other subjects will be introduced by the delegates from Great Britain, France, Germany and Italy, but the greatest interest naturally attaches to the questions to be brought up by the Japanese and Russian delegates as a result of the experiences gained by the Red Cross surgeons and nurses with the armies in Manchuria.

It is suggested that the permanent military establishment might properly be used, instead of or in conjunction with the Powhatan guard, to guard private exhibits and to protect structures and property not of Federal ownership at the Jamestown Exposition. The Powhatan guard has recently been reduced by forty or fifty men in the interests of economy, the Exposition people say. The number of exhibits is increasing and reasonable security from fire or theft is demanded by exhibitors, both native and foreign, from the Exposition. The Army remembers the assaults made upon it because United States troops did, in the coal regions of Pennsylvania, during a strike, guard private properties. These assaults were more venomous after our soldiery stood guard at Chicago, and at Pullman, Ill., over a stock yard, abattoir, can manufactory, etc. Any attempt to convert the portion of the Army now at Camp Captain John Smith into a force to police or guard private property or exhibits or exposition structures not occupied by government displays, would be a serious mistake. The Powhatan guard were created to do this in conjunction with the private or special detectives. Such misuse of the Army would be made the basis of an attack upon those to whom the term militarism means oppression at home and despotism abroad.

There has been a general desire manifest among the U.S. Marine Corps for the opening of a school for the non-commissioned officers of the corps at the Washington Barracks. It is stated, however, that it will be impracticable to do so for at least a year to come. The corps is now unable to meet the demands for service required in the tropics, and until Congress authorizes the increase of the corps it is regarded as manifestly unfair to take any action that would give preferences to the disadvantage of the men who have now seen long and arduous service and are fairly entitled to advancement. It is hoped that there will be legislation next winter to increase the corps and make it possible to bring home men who have already long outlived their tour of duty in the Philippines and the Atlantic tropics. Then a school for the non-commissioned officers will be opened.

In an editorial in the Maryland Gazette on fine types of American soldiers, that paper says: "The American Army and American people may justly be proud of the representatives of the Army who have come to Fort Madison for rifle practice. A year has elapsed

and the city has had opportunity, by those who have visited it, to learn of what material the rank and file of the Army of the United States is composed. In that period not one soldier has appeared on the streets in an intoxicated condition; not one soldier has been arrested; not one soldier has been disorderly; not one soldier has been charged with the violation of law, nor of a breach of the peace. Considered in their individual capacity, the privates are found to be men of intelligence and marked respectability. They are manly, clear-headed and self-respecting. They have intelligent ideas, good sentiments, and in their bearing, support splendidly the good name of both the Army and country." The soldiers referred to were men of the 13th Cavalry from Fort Myer.

Col. F. W. Mansfield, 2d U.S. Inf., under date of Zamboanga, Mindanao, P.I., April 10, in an order to his command says: "Official information having been received of the result of the division field meet and military tournament held in Manila, Feb. 18 to 23 inclusive, the Regimental Commander takes great pleasure in announcing to the regiment that its representative, Co. I, Capt. Charles S. Lincoln, 2d Inf., in command, won the distinction of being selected as the best infantry company in the division. This success is gratifying not only in the light of a declared superiority over the chosen representative companies from each infantry regiment in the division, but gratifying as well as an evidence of a continuance of that degree of excellence in training, morale and discipline which for so long has characterized the Second Infantry. The regiment in general and the officers and enlisted men of Company I, in particular, are congratulated upon this well deserved distinction."

One of the queerest situations with regard to re-enlistments ever known in the history of the Army has occurred in the Philippines. There were over three hundred enlisted men in the regiments that have returned or are soon to come home who wanted to stay in the Islands. Many of them desired to remain there in order to get the 20 per cent. increased pay for service in the tropics. Others had small business interests and with others it was a matter of fun. When it came to the point of transferring these men it was found that there were no regiments into which they could go. There are three colored regiments, the 9th and 10th Cavalry and the 24th Infantry, already in the Islands, and the 25th Infantry has been ordered there and will sail from San Francisco July 25. It was out of the question to transfer the white men from the regiments coming home to any of the colored regiments and so very few places could be found for them. A few elected to remain and take chances of enlistment later. The rest yield to the inevitable and come home.

Our increasing business interests with the Far East, requiring the government to station and maintain a powerful fleet of modern war vessels in the Pacific Ocean, will compel the construction of a naval drydock, well protected by fortifications, where the nation's ships can call to be repaired. "Honolulu," "Trans-Pacific Trade" believes, "is so situated as to be beyond question the only place in the Pacific Ocean where this dock should be built. Its equipment should be such that it can be used for repairing merchant vessels, steamships, transports, as well as vessels of war. Hawaii deserves and needs the drydock. Geographically she has no rival, and strategically both military and naval officers know her value. A work so important to the government of the United States should not be delayed."

The commanding officer Company A, 22d Infantry, U.S.A., in a communication of May last, asks that in computing the number of men to be taken for collective fire in the target practice of his company, he be permitted to take the enlisted strength of the organization, less the number of men detailed from the company for the machine gun platoon of the 22d Infantry. The Secretary of War approves the request, and directs that the enlisted men belonging to the platoon be not considered in the composition of the firing line in collective firing, or when computing the collective figure of merit, as these men are permanently detached from their company.

Lieut. Col. George W. Goethals, C.E., U.S.A., Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal, having learned that the hotels and mess houses in the Canal Zone cleared up net profits of more than \$47,000 during the single month of May, has issued an order stipulating that henceforth more money must be spent for food. No profits should be made from feeding employees, he says, and commissary prices are ordered reduced. Canal employees will in the future not be called on to pay the exorbitant prices demanded for certain articles under the former régime.

The women of the Medical Corps of the Army have met with gratifying success in their efforts to collect a fund for the purpose of furnishing a room in the new Army General Hospital in memory of Dr. Walter Reed, for the use of wives and daughters of officers of the Army. A majority of the women of the Medical Corps have already contributed. Further contributions should be sent to Mrs. M. W. Ireland, 1917 S street, N.W., Washington, D.C., who has succeeded Mrs. D. C. Howard as treasurer of the fund.

ASSIGNMENT OF FIELD ARTILLERY OFFICERS.

Officers of the Field Artillery are assigned to the regiments, battalions, and batteries organized by G.O. No. 118, May 31, 1907, W.D., as hereinafter indicated:

1st Regiment, Field Artillery (Light).

Headquarters, staff and band, Fort Sill, Okla. Ty. Col. George S. Grimes, Lieut. Col. Edward T. Brown, Chaplain Samuel H. Bell, Capt. Albert J. Bowley, Fox Conner, Ralph S. Granger, Albert U. Faulkner and Clarence Deems, Jr.; Veterinarians Richard B. Corcoran and Lester E. Willyoung. First Battalion, Fort Sill, Okla. Ty.—Major Charles T. Mencher, Battery A (30th Battery, F.A.), Fort Sill, Okla. Capt. Frank E. Hopkins, 1st Lieut. Nelson E. Margetta, 1st Lieut. Donald C. Cubbison, Battery B (19th Battery, F.A.), Fort Sill, Okla. Capt. Thomas E. Merrill, 1st Lieut. William P. Ennis, 1st Lieut. James S. Bradshaw, Battery C (12th Battery, F.A.), Fort Sill, Okla. Capt. Edward T. Donnelly, 1st Lieut. Norton E. Wood, 1st Lieut. Charles T. Smart. Second Battalion, Presidio, San Francisco.—Major Samuel D. Sturgis, Battery D (1st Battery, F.A.), Presidio, San Francisco, Cal. Capt. Richard H. McMaster, 1st Lieut. Robert J. Arnold, 1st Lieut. William S. Browning, Battery E (5th Battery, F.A.), Presidio, San Francisco. Capt. Jesse G. Langdon, 1st Lieut. Joseph F. Barnes, 1st Lieut. Carroll W. Neal, Battery F (9th Battery, F.A.), Presidio, San Francisco. Capt. Daniel W. Hand, 1st Lieut. Morris E. Locke.

2d Regiment, Field Artillery (Mountain).

Headquarters, staff and band, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Col. Sydney W. Taylor, Lieut. Col. Charles W. Foster, Capt. William S. Guignard, Edward Hill, Francis W. Griffin, Walter V. Colchett and Tilman Campbell; Veterinarians Frederick Foster and Andrew E. Donovan. First Battalion, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. (Detached service in Cuba).—Major John Conklin, Battery A (17th Battery, F.A.), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. (detached service in Cuba). Capt. George L. Irwin, 1st Lieut. Robert Davis, 1st Lieut. Walter E. Donahue, Battery B (18th Battery, F.A.), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. (detached service in Cuba). Capt. Harry C. Williams, 1st Lieut. Roger O. Mason, 1st Lieut. Albert T. Bishop, Battery C (to be organized), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Capt. Robert S. Welsh, 1st Lieut. Raymond S. Pratt. Second Battalion, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Major George W. Van Deusen, Battery D (to be organized), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Capt. Edgar H. Yule, 1st Lieut. Alden F. Brewster, 1st Lieut. Scott Baker, Battery E (to be organized), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Capt. Henry W. Butler, 1st Lieut. William F. Jones, 1st Lieut. Ned B. Rehkopf, Battery F (to be organized), Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. Capt. Daniel F. Craig, 1st Lieut. Richard I. McKenney, 1st Lieut. William F. Morrison.

3d Regiment, Field Artillery (Light).

Headquarters, staff and band, Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Col. Ramsay D. Potts, Lieut. Col. Lotus Niles, Chaplain Henry A. Brown, Capt. Charles P. Summerall, Brooke Payne, Fred T. Austin, Harry E. Mitchell and Fred C. Doyle; Veterinarians Gerald E. Griffin and Fred B. Gage. First Battalion, Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Major Lucien G. Berry, Battery A (6th Battery, F.A.), Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Capt. Harry G. Bishop, 1st Lieut. James H. Bryson, 1st Lieut. Marlborough Churchill, Battery B (15th Battery, F.A.), Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Capt. Augustine McIntyre, 1st Lieut. Thomas W. Hollyday, 1st Lieut. Walter E. Prosser, Battery C (10th Battery, F.A.), Fort Snelling, Minn. Capt. Winfield S. Overton, 1st Lieut. Laurin L. Lawson, 1st Lieut. Charles G. Mortimer. Second Battalion, Fort Myer, Va. Major David J. Rumbough, Battery D (3d Battery, F.A.), Fort Myer, Va. Capt. Tiemann N. Horn, 1st Lieut. Charles S. Blakely, 1st Lieut. Harold W. Huntley, Battery E (4th Battery, F.A.), Fort Myer, Va. Capt. Arthur E. Cassels, 1st Lieut. Samuel Frankenberg, 1st Lieut. Marion W. Howze, Battery F (14th Battery, F.A.), Fort Myer (detached service in Cuba). Capt. George G. Gately, 1st Lieut. Clarence N. Jones, 1st Lieut. Dennis H. Currie.

4th Regiment, Field Artillery (Mountain).

Headquarters, staff and band, Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Col. Alexander B. Dyer, Lieut. Col. Edward E. Gayle, Capt. Adrian S. Fleming, Henry L. Newbold, Edward A. Russell and Cleveland C. Lansing; Veterinarians Daniel Le May and Richard H. Power. First Battalion, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.—Major Edwin St. J. Greble, Battery A (26th Battery, F.A.), Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Capt. Le Roy S. Lyon, 1st Lieut. Herbert G. Millar, 1st Lieut. Leo P. Quinn, Battery B (28th Battery, F.A.), Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Capt. Edward F. McGlachlin, Jr., 1st Lieut. Ernest S. Wheeler, Battery C (23d Battery, F.A.), Philippine Islands. Capt. Marcus McCloskey, 1st Lieut. Charles G. Mettler, 1st Lieut. Edwin Del. Smith. Second Battalion, Fort Sheridan, Ill.—Major T. Bentley Mott, Battery D (27th Battery, F.A.), Philippine Islands. Capt. George M. Brooke, 1st Lieut. William S. Wood, 1st Lieut. William T. Carpenter, Battery E (to be organized), Fort Sheridan, Ill. Capt. William McK. Lambdin, 1st Lieut. Albert S. Fuger, 1st Lieut. Henry S. Kilbourne, Jr., Battery F (to be organized), Fort Sheridan. Capt. Charles M. Bunker, 1st Lieut. William M. Michel.

5th Regiment, Field Artillery (Light).

Headquarters, staff and band, Fort Leavenworth, Kas. Col. Henry M. Andrews, Lieut. Col. Granger Adams, Capt. William M. Cruikshank, Alfred A. Starbird, Oliver L. Spaulding, Jr., George R. Greene and Augustus B. Warfield; Veterinarians William A. Sproule and Oscar M. Norton. First Battalion, Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—Major Edward A. Millar, Battery A (11th Battery, F.A.), Fort Leavenworth, Kas. Capt. John E. Stephens, 1st Lieut. John B. W. Corey, 1st Lieut. Francis W. Honeycutt, Battery B (16th Battery, F.A.), Fort Leavenworth, Kas. Capt. George M. Apple, 1st Lieut. Thomas E. Selfridge, 1st Lieut. Arthur H. Carter, Battery C (29th Battery, F.A.), Fort Leavenworth, Kas. Capt. Dwight E. Aultman, 1st Lieut. Harrie F. Reed. Second Battalion, Philippine Islands. Major William L. Kenly, Battery D (8th Battery, F.A.), Philippine Islands. Capt. Otto W. B. Farr, 1st Lieut. William H. Burt, 1st Lieut. Julius C. Peterson, Battery E (13th Battery, F.A.), Philippine Islands. Capt. Ernest D. Scott, 1st Lieut. William Bryden, 1st Lieut. Edmund L. Gruber, Battery F (24th Battery, F.A.), Philippine Islands. Capt. Wright Smith, 1st Lieut. Guy B. G. Hanna, 1st Lieut. Thomas D. Osborne.

6th Regiment, Field Artillery (Horse).

Headquarters, staff and band, Fort Riley, Kas. Col. Montgomery M. Macomb, Lieut. Col. Eli D. Hoyle, Capt. William Lassiter, William J. Snow, Winfred B. Carr, Upton Birnie, Jr., and Raymond W. Briggs; Veterinarians Charles H. Jewell and George A. Hawley, Jr. First Battalion, Fort Riley, Kas.—Major Peyton C. March, Battery A (2d Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. Dan T. Moore, 1st Lieut. Joseph E. Myers, 1st Lieut. Louis H. McKinlay, Battery B (22d Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. Louis T. Boiscan, 1st Lieut. George R. Allin, Battery C (25th Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. William S. McNair, 1st Lieut. Edward H. DeArmond, 1st Lieut. James W. Riley. Second Battalion, Fort Riley, Kas.—Major John E. McMahon, Battery D (7th Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. Charles B. Lloyd, 1st Lieut. Charles J. Ferris, 1st Lieut. Charles Roemer, Battery E (20th Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. Charles C. Pulis, 1st Lieut. Frederick B. Hennessy, Battery F (21st Battery, F.A.), Fort Riley, Kas. Capt. John W. Kilbreth, Jr., 1st Lieut. Hartman L. Butler.

The officers hereinafter named will proceed to stations as indicated after their respective names and join the commands to which assigned by this order:

Col. George S. Grimes, 1st F.A., to Fort Sill, Okla.
Col. Sydney W. Taylor, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Col. Henry M. Andrews, 5th F.A., to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.
Lieut. Col. Lotus Niles, 3d F.A., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.
Lieut. Col. Granger Adams, 5th F.A., to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.
Major George W. Van Deusen, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Major Lucien G. Berry, 3d F.A., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.
Major T. Bentley Mott, 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.
Capt. Otto W. B. Farr, 5th F.A., to Philippine Islands.
Capt. Dwight E. Aultman, 5th F.A., to Fort Leavenworth.

Capt. Richard H. McMaster, 1st F.A., to the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.

Capt. Henry W. Butler, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Winfred B. Carr, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. Charles R. Lloyd, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. Arthur F. Cassels, 3d F.A., to Fort Myer, Va.
Capt. John W. Kilbreth, Jr., 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. Ralph S. Granger, 1st F.A., to Fort Sill, Okla.
Capt. Dan T. Moore, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. Edward Hill, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Fred T. Austin, 3d F.A., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.
Capt. Charles C. Pulis, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. William McK. Lambdin, 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.
Capt. Edward A. Stuart, 4th F.A., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash.
Capt. George M. Brooke, 4th F.A., to Manila.
Capt. Cleveland C. Lansing, 4th F.A., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

Capt. George M. Apple, 5th F.A., to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.
Capt. Edgar H. Yule, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Raymond W. Briggs, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
Capt. Charles M. Bunker, 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.
Capt. Francis W. Griffin, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Robert S. Welsh, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Tilman Campbell, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Capt. Jesse G. Langdon, 1st F.A., to the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.

Capt. Daniel F. Craig, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
1st Lieut. Robert J. Arnold, 1st F.A., to the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.
1st Lieut. Laurin L. Lawson, 3d F.A., to Fort Snelling, Minn.
1st Lieut. Harrie F. Reed, 5th F.A., to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.
1st Lieut. Herbert G. Millar, 4th F.A., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

1st Lieut. Raymond S. Pratt, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
1st Lieut. Alden F. Brewster, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

1st Lieut. Norton E. Wood, 1st F.A., to Fort Sill, Okla.
1st Lieut. Ernest S. Wheeler, 4th F.A., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

1st Lieut. Albert S. Fuger, 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.
1st Lieut. William M. Michel, 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.
1st Lieut. Charles J. Ferris, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
1st Lieut. Guy B. G. Hanna, 5th F.A., to Philippine Islands.
1st Lieut. Richard I. McKenney, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

1st Lieut. Joseph E. Myers, 6th F.A., to Fort Riley, Kas.
1st Lieut. William S. Wood, 4th F.A., to Philippine Islands.
1st Lieut. Samuel Frankenberg, 3d F.A., to Fort Myer, Va.
1st Lieut. Ned B. Rehkopf, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
1st Lieut. Scott Baker, 2d F.A., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
1st Lieut. Henry S. Kilbourne, Jr., 4th F.A., to Fort Sheridan, Ill.

1st Lieut. Donald C. Cubbison, 1st F.A., to Fort Sill, Okla.
1st Lieut. William T. Carpenter, 4th F.A., to Philippine Islands.
1st Lieut. Julius C. Peterson, 5th F.A., to Philippine Islands.
1st Lieut. Albert T. Bishop, 2d F.A., to Havana, Cuba.
1st Lieut. Walter E. Donahue, 2d F.A., to Havana.

Officers above named who may be absent with leave will proceed upon the expiration of such leaves to join the stations indicated.

Lieut. Colonel Brown, 1st F.A., will remain on duty with the 2d Battalion of that regiment.

Lieut. Colonel Gayle, 4th F.A., will remain on duty with Batteries C and D of that regiment, which will constitute a provisional battalion thereof.

Chaplain Bell, 1st F.A., will proceed on Sept. 15, 1907, to Fort Sill for duty.

Chaplain Brown, 3d F.A., will remain on duty at Fort Myer. Major March, 6th F.A., is relieved from duty in Washington, D.C., to take effect upon the expiration of the leave granted him, and will then join the battalion to which assigned at Fort Riley.

Major Mencher, 1st F.A., will proceed upon the completion of the duty assigned to him by Par. 25, S.O. 113, May 14, 1907, W.D., to join his proper station at Fort Sill. Captain Bishop, 3d F.A., will proceed to Fort Sam Houston upon the completion of the joint Army and militia coast defense exercises in the Artillery District of the Columbia and join his battery.

Captains Cruikshank, 5th F.A., and Deems, 1st F.A., will remain on duty in the Artillery District of Baltimore until the completion of the joint Army and militia coast defense exercises in that district, when they will join the organizations to which assigned.

First Lieutenant Jones, 2d F.A., will remain on duty at Fort Hancock, N.J., until the completion of the joint Army and militia coast defense exercises, when he will join his battery at Fort D. A. Russell.

Veterinarian Willyoung, 1st F.A., will accompany Battery C of that regiment to Fort Sill and take station at that post.

Officers herein ordered to the Philippine Division or to Cuba will report on arrival at Manila or Havana to the commanding general, Philippine Division, or Army of Cuban Pacification, for further orders in regard to joining their respective commands.

FINE TARGET SHOOTING.

Presidio of Monterey, Cal.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Noting in your issue of May 25, 1907, the reference to a skirmish run of 98 made by Capt. Fred L. Munson, 9th Inf., I wish to place on record a couple of scores made recently at the School of Musketry, Presidio of Monterey, Cal.

Lieut. Burt W. Phillips, 20th Inf., made 99 out of a possible 100 in a skirmish run, the target being marked by Col. Joseph Garrard, 15th Cav., in charge of the School of Musketry, and made in his record marksman's course a total of 427 out of the possible 500.

The other score, made by Sergeant Spree, 14th Cav., also a student at the School of Musketry, was 446 out of a possible 500 in the marksman's course, record practice, including a skirmish run of 100 points—getting all twenty hits in the prone figure with no ricochets. Others at the school have made skirmish runs on record practice of 95 and more. Considering that we have just completed record practice in the marksman's course, the chances are that we will have some more like this before the end of the sharpshooters' and expert rifeman's courses. LLOYD P. HORSFALL, 1st Lieut., C.A.

A PLEA FOR UNITY IN THE INFANTRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

One often hears a complaint that while others get what they want and what they need from Congress, the Infantry gets nothing. The answer is all contained in the brief, sarcastic and, fortunately, expurgated criticism of a "Doughboy Major" in your paper of May 18. Why cannot the Infantry stick together?

Does not the Major know that an increased Army—for an increase in the Infantry, as proposed by "G.F.E." means an increase in the Army, and not increased efficiency of the auxiliary branches—means a more attractive service for the enlisted man? Does he not know that if "G.F.E." succeeds in arousing the interest of the people, and of Congress, he will succeed, not alone in increasing the numbers of our forces, but the pay as well? Is it not a fact that the Infantry has for the past nine years been more than neglected? What has a lieutenant of Infantry, who came into the Regular Service before the influx of volunteers in 1901, and then who, in case of the second lieutenants of Infantry, was placed

behind many volunteers who had much less service, to look forward to under the present organization?

"G.F.E." is not only patriotic, but he is far sighted and level-headed. Where will we be in case of war with Artillery and Cavalry a plenty? Why cannot "Doughboy Major" who would benefit by the increase proposed by "G.F.E." as much as anyone else, accept the increase if it is secured, or at least refrain from retarding the efforts of others to help him, and by helping him, help themselves, and help the Army and the country?

Let it be hoped that the Infantry will bury all personal preferences and pull, as one man, for an increased, ample and well organized body of foot, large enough, young enough in the senior grades, and strong enough to form a first line.

DOUGHBODY LIEUTENANT.

THE WAR COLLEGE BUILDING.

Washington, D. C., June 4, 1907.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

The paragraph in your issue of May 25, 1907, criticizing the acoustics of the War College Building covers an astonishingly wide field in relatively few words, and it is, from this point of view, a model, although in unity of subject and accuracy of statement, it leaves something to be desired. The writer would like to add a few comments in the way of accurate information, in reference to the War College, and especially the question of acoustics: All of the reverberation in the building is that due to its being empty; it will all disappear as soon as an ordinary amount of furniture is installed. It is not at the present time in excess of that found in any empty building of considerable size.

In the lecture room, the requisite amount of furniture will probably not be used, but most of the reverberation will disappear when there is an audience. The original plans of the architects called for some ornamental moldings and paneled work on the walls which would have broken up the smooth surfaces and improved acoustic conditions. Lack of money prevented this plan from being carried out, and it is possible that, without treatment, there will be a remnant of reverberation in this room, even after it is occupied by an audience. If this should be the case, it can be cured by stretching burlap or other canvas covering on the walls, without pasting it; the floor can be covered with rubber tiling, which will also be of assistance. Both of these items can be properly provided for in connection with repairs and maintenance.

In the library and map room, and in the storage rooms, it is assumed that reverberation is not a matter of vital importance, but it will totally disappear as soon as any reasonable amount of furniture is installed.

The criticisms contained in the clipping are premature as the building has not yet been tried under the conditions of occupancy, and in any case, even at the worst, there is no justification for the very pessimistic superlatives it contains.

JOHN STEPHEN SEWELL.

Captain, Corps of Engineers.

Our criticism was of the War College Building as it is at present. The event will show whether its acoustics can be sufficiently improved in the way suggested. We are glad to have the assurance of so competent an authority as Captain Sewell that this will be the case.

COMMENT ON THE COWIE BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

It is a source of no little gratification to the military establishment that the Hon. T. J. Cowie has again proposed a bill, the text of which appeared in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL issue of June 8, page 1114, which contemplates a substantial appreciation of the efficient and faithful service rendered by the military to the federal government, the necessities for which "are so well known that comment seems unnecessary."

However, the paragraph in this proposed bill concerning retirement of the personnel of the Navy, offers no additional concessions to those already enjoyed by a very few (about 175) men who have become incapacitated, as a result of their strenuous thirty years' service, for usefulness in any vocation, and who live but a short time after retirement to enjoy the benefits of long and faithful service.

If this bill provided for retirement after twenty-five years' service, the additional expense would not be great, as there are but few men in the Navy to-day with twenty-five years' service, and it would do much to induce men to remain in the Service who have served two or three enlistments and who are now leaving the Service to accept positions in civil life.

There seems to be a great demand for the younger element holding the higher ratings in the Navy, and there does not seem to be much room for the man who has passed the meridian of usefulness; a twenty-five-year retirement law would do much along this line.

According to a recent order, a man must have twenty years' service in the Navy before he may be assigned to a receiving ship or shore station, which means that most of this twenty years, if not all of it, must be spent at sea, in tropical climates, and under conditions which render a man practically worthless at the end of his time; therefore, he is simply a lumberer to the efficiency of the Service, a dead weight; then why not retire him after twenty-five years' service, regardless of age, or retire him provisionally, i. e., make him available for active duty in time of war until he shall have completed the thirty years now required for retirement?

CHIEF YEOMAN FREDERICK A. HALLENBECK, U. S. N.

QUERY FOR UNIFORM EXPERT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

If the troop turns out for inspection in blue uniform with long trousers, white gloves and dress caps, and the captain wears olive drab with campaign hat and leggings, and the first lieutenant wears olive drab with long trousers and cap, what is the uniform for the second lieutenant, or in other words, when will the word uniform cease to be a misnomer and a uniform order be enforced?

"SEVEN BUTTONS ON HIS FULL DRESS COAT."

Writing from the Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., a correspondent says: "You would have realized the value of your paper had you seen everybody trying to get it at Honolulu when an officer from the 10th Infantry came aboard the transport en route to San Francisco, with a bundle of late JOURNALS under his arm."

Secretary Taft, in a recent address before the American Millers' Convention in St. Louis, gave a graphic outline of the results accruing to the United States from its dealings with Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. In Cuba, he explained, we have now expended upwards of \$300,000,000 and have never invited nor received a single cent in repayment, and in addition our efforts in behalf of Cuban liberty have resulted in casualties by death, wounds and disease of 148 officers and 4,100 enlisted men. The loss to our revenues by granting free entry of Porto Rican products to our markets amounts to \$15,000,000 annually. To suppress the Philippine insurrection cost \$170,000,000. "And now," asked Secretary Taft in conclusion, "what has the United States received in return for all her efforts, for all her expenditure, and all her responsibilities? Let us look at her trade with the islands. In the fiscal year 1895, the last normal year of Spanish occupation, the imports into the United States from Cuba were \$52,000,000; from Porto Rico, \$3,000,000; and from the Philippine Islands, \$5,000,000. In the fiscal year 1906, the imports into the United States from Cuba were \$85,000,000; from Porto Rico, \$19,000,000; and from the Philippine Islands, \$12,000,000. The exports from the United States to Cuba in the fiscal year 1895, were \$12,500,000; to Porto Rico, \$3,000,000; and to the Philippine Islands, \$120,000. For the fiscal year 1906, the exports from the United States into Cuba were about \$18,000,000; into Porto Rico, \$19,000,000; and into the Philippine Islands, \$5,500,000. This shows a very considerable increase in the Cuban trade, a proportionate increase in the Porto Rican trade, but a smaller increase, though a considerable one, in the Philippine trade. In other words, the total trade with Cuba has increased from \$65,000,000 to \$130,000,000; with Porto Rico, from \$6,000,000 to \$38,000,000, and with the Philippine Islands, from \$5,000,000 to \$18,000,000, or a total increase in business done with these three islands of \$110,000,000."

In an article on the "Religious Situation in the Philippines," appearing in the Independent, Archbishop Harty, the head of the Catholic Church in the Islands, presents a most hopeful view of conditions in our Pacific possessions. "Everyone who has anything to lose," the Archbishop says, "whether in property or in family—is very friendly to the United States. This devotion to our flag is mainly due to the prudence of Taft, and to the excellent general conduct of the American army officers and men. The sacking and pillaging of the churches which disgraced our arms in the beginning was mainly the work of one volunteer regiment. . . . There is no reason in the world why these Islands should not greatly benefit us and we them financially and politically, to the great advancement of civilization in the east and of our common humanity throughout the world. Let our Government gain the affections of these 7,000,000 Catholics—in the very heart of the pagan East, and they will become the most efficient pioneers of what is best in Western civilization, and a means of immensely increasing our influence with those two extraordinary peoples to whom they are so near akin, the people of China and Japan." In conversation with priests he met in Spain, who had spent a lifetime in the Philippines, they spoke of the United States with such kindness as surprised Archbishop Harty. "They draw a very strong line between Americans in general and the politics which they hold responsible for sending them away, but for America and Americans they have great admiration." The Filipinos appear to have won the heart of the good Archbishop. He believes they are fitting themselves "to stand alone on a very high plane of civilization. The people are as good as they are bright and clever. The women are remarkably pure. The men, young and old, possess remarkable self-control. They are obedient to authority and recognize without question the authority of God, of the parent, of the priest and of the State."

The President has approved the sentence of death in the case of Private William Taylor, colored, of the 24th Infantry, who shot down 1st Lieut. Robert B. Calvert, who was in command of Co. M, 24th Infantry, at Ibañeta, Leyte Province, Philippine Islands, Oct. 16, 1906. For the first time in many years a soldier will be put to death by hanging when this sentence is carried out. The case has had a peculiar history in the course of trial and final action. There was an apprehension that madlin sentiment would be aroused in behalf of Taylor and very little was allowed to be said of the case. Owing to a defect in the papers a long delay took place while they were sent back to the Philippines from Washington for correction. The murder was a most brutal one. Lieutenant Calvert had occasion to give Taylor some slight command calling him to his nipa shack for the purpose. Taylor thereupon, in a fit of anger, caused undoubtedly by drink, with a Colt's revolver shot the Lieutenant five times, the third striking him in the head and causing death. Men outside heard the voice of Calvert saying, "Sergeant, you are trying my patience," and Taylor replied, "Yes, and you are trying mine," and then the shooting followed. The trial was had under the 21st A.W., which imposes the death penalty on a soldier who strikes his superior officer. This was done for fear an effort would be made to get a civil trial and clear the man on the plea of insanity, of which competent judges declared there was no sign whatever. The President having approved the sentence, Taylor will be hanged. There is little likelihood of an attempt being made to secure any further action in his behalf. The writ of habeas corpus does not run in Leyte and there is no chance of President Roosevelt, with all the revolting facts before him, granting a reprieve.

Reports from Manila indicate that Capt. Harry S. Howland, 9th U.S. Inf., commanding the 4th Battalion, Philippine Scouts, with rank of major, who was sent into the Borongan district of Samar last January, to rid the territory of pulajane outlaws, has completed his task in vigorous fashion. Speaking of his work, the Manila Times says: "In accordance with Major Howland's plans the men of his battalion were instantly put in the field and a tireless campaign begun. The method employed was to give the pulajanes no rest. More than twenty expeditions were made into the bosque within a month. The old Apache tactics were adopted and are still being maintained. As a result confidence has been restored to the people and there is a notable increase in the number of people who are going out into the fields to work. Governor Curry has devoted much attention to the work in Borongan and has given hearty support to Major Howland and his battalion. Pulajane supplies and camps have been destroyed as soon as found, nothing

being left that could be of the slightest use to the bandits. The result is what seems to be the beginning of permanent peace and a general era of prosperity."

The Quartermaster General is now having wireless telegraph outfits installed on vessels of the transport service. The installation on the transport Thomas was completed just before this vessel sailed, June 5, and was put into operation at once. Several messages were received after the vessel left San Francisco, one of them after the vessel had reached a point 700 miles distant from San Francisco. The apparatus has been provided for three other trans-Pacific transports and will be installed as soon as they reach port. It is the intention to equip the transports running to Havana at once. The apparatus used is the design of the Signal Corps purchased by the Quartermaster's Department. The four sets to be used on the Pacific coast were designed and assembled under the direction of the Chief Signal Officer, and it is believed they are superior to anything yet set up. The remaining transports will be fitted out with apparatus purchased by the Q.M.D. under specifications prepared by the Signal Corps. The installation of wireless telegraphy on the Army transports will be of great service in keeping track of the transports and in enabling them to be in communication frequently with the shore and vessels between ports, and will thus greatly lessen the danger at sea.

The transport Sheridan arrived at San Francisco, Cal., on June 8 from Manila with the 1st Battalion of the 19th Infantry (172 enlisted men) and the following military passengers: General Markley, retired; Majors Palmer, retired; Stanley, quartermaster; Johnston, 16th; Goe, 19th Inf.; Captains Fredendall, quartermaster; Stewart, commissary; Carr, Signal Corps; Munson, 9th; Watkins, 12th; Wheeler, 16th; McKain, 17th; Enoch, Wetherill and Burkhardt, 19th Inf.; Chaplain Smith, 19th Inf.; 1st Lieutenants Bingham, Blanchard, Med. Dept.; Lieutenants Clapham and McDonald, 5th Inf.; Swartz, 10th; Boschen, 16th; Bond, Miller, Dodge, Tillotson, 19th Inf.; Cox, 8th Cav.; Holtman, Philippine Scouts; 2d Lieutenants Soleiac, 16th; Taylor, Terrell and Parker, 19th Inf.; Contract Dental Surgeon Chambers, one post quartermaster sergeant, one master signal electrician, 12 Signal Corps, 31 Hospital Corps, 2 casuals, 17 short term, 20 discharge, 2 for retirement, 2 furloughed, 10 sick, 21 general prisoners. M. J. Porter, quartermaster's clerk, died May 24, of chronic myocarditis, complicated with asthma.

In his hearing before the Brownsville committee, Private Alexander Levie, of the 18th Inf., who was stationed at Brownsville before the arrival of the colored companies, was shown two of the guns cleaned by order of General Crozier, and which the latter testified took but three minutes each. Levie declared they were so foul they would not pass inspection, and he could not tell if they had been cleaned at all. He admitted, however, that at the time they were inspected they might have passed, as the smokeless powder has a habit of afterward "creeping up," so that it often required four or five successive cleanings twenty-four hours apart before a gun would stay clean. Against General Crozier's time of three minutes for doing the work Levie declared half an hour was necessary to properly clean a rifle, thus supporting the testimony of the discharged soldiers.

The sentence of the Savannah court in the Greene and Gaynor case, involving more than \$500,000 fraud in government contract work in Savannah harbor, was affirmed in an opinion handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on June 3. The sentence is four years' imprisonment each and fines aggregating \$575,000. Judges Shelby and McCormick handed down the opinion, which was on appeal, and Judge Pardee dissented. Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor appealed on 193 assignments of errors. The first indictment in this case was found in Savannah in December, 1899, so that this decision comes after seven years and nearly six months' continuous fighting against government prosecution. Greene and Gaynor can now either apply for a rehearing or go to the United States Supreme Court on a writ of certiorari.

In his speech at the Michigan Agricultural College at Lansing, Mich., May 31, President Roosevelt said: "Encourage marksmanship among our people as a whole. Encourage marksmanship in the National Guard, and give every chance to any body of private citizens to practice in the armories or elsewhere, and give them all the opportunity that can be given them. Put a premium upon keeping up the old American power of shooting straight. You know in a fight it is not the number of shots that are fired. It's the number of shots that hit that count. And I believe with all my heart in peace, but in an honorable and just peace. We can keep the peace best by making it evident that we do not ask peace because we are afraid of war, but because we seek it justly."

Col. Wm. C. Gorgas, Med. Dept., U.S.A., Chief Sanitary Officer of the Panama Canal Zone, shows in his official report for the month of April that health conditions in the canal territory are still highly satisfactory. "The death rate varies as usual," he remarks, "being much larger among the negroes than the whites. Among our 5,484 white Americans connected with the commission we had only four deaths, which would give us a yearly rate of 8.7 per thousand. The death rate among the employees at large has decreased as compared with March. Our admission rate at the hospitals was only about three-fourths in April of what it was in March. The constantly sick-rate was only twenty-one per thousand. This probably is as small a sick rate as could be found in a similar body of men anywhere."

The range competition in the District of Columbia N.G. to select a squad to go to Camp Perry, Ohio, this summer has been progressing quite favorably under the direction of Col. Lloyd M. Brett, 2d Cav., detailed as adjutant general of the D.C.N.G. He has established a camp on the heights beyond the eastern branch close to the rifle range. The men go out in the evening from work in the city, have a full night's sleep, and shoot during the next day. They remain in camp during the next night and day and return to the city on the evening of

the second day. This scheme assures good shooting, as the men have plenty of rest before their work.

Acting upon a resolution passed at the N.G. convention, General Dick has appointed the following committee to prepare a course for revolver qualification, to be submitted to the War Department in time to take effect the present season: Brig. Gen. William P. Hall, U.S.A., chairman; Col. Lloyd M. Brett, A.G., N.G.D.C.; Col. E. T. Dimick, D.C.; Major James E. Bell, D.C., and Major S. J. Fort, Ellicott City, Md. The committee has been chosen with particular reference to the fact that its members reside in or close to Washington, so that they can readily come together.

Major C. B. Baker, Q.M., Chief Q.M. of the Army of Cuban Pacification, in an official communication issued by General Barry, says: "It is observed that the principal causes of delay in the forwarding and final delivery of express and freight matter, consigned to post exchanges, officers and others of the Army of Cuban Pacification and shipped to Newport News for dispatch by Army transports, consists in the failure of the persons interested to prepay charges and to otherwise release the shipments in such manner that the depot quartermaster, Newport News, can obtain possession of them without the necessity of entering into a correspondence which often leads to delays and annoyance."

Field Marshal Lord Roberts, of the British army, in behalf of Queen Alexandra, who is president of the British Red Cross Society, welcomed the delegates to the eighth International Red Cross Congress, which assembled in Examination Hall, London, on June 11. The Marquis de Vogue, a Frenchman, president of the Central Committee of the French Red Cross Society, replied in behalf of the delegates. The Queen's message concluded as follows: "I am sure that all the delegates will rejoice with me to know that there still lives among us Miss Florence Nightingale, whose heroic efforts in behalf of suffering humanity will be recognized and admired by all ages so long as the world shall last."

A new system of submarine signal apparatus is now being installed on the transport Kilpatrick, sailing between Newport News and Havana. This apparatus by the use of telephones enables a vessel to locate accurately in a fog at a distance sometimes as great as fourteen miles the position of lighthouses and submerged bells placed under the direction of the Lighthouse Department at the entrance of harbors, thus reducing to a minimum the danger of a vessel upon approaching a port during foggy weather. The latest improvement in the way of life-boat lowering apparatus is also being installed.

Requests have recently come from the militiamen of different states to use the rifle ranges on Sunday. As the War Department wishes to encourage the use of the rifle ranges as much as possible, and as the men can only get out on Sunday, these requests have always been granted providing they have the consent of the local military authority. This move has come from the fact that the President decided some time ago that the observance of Sunday in a military reservation was in the control of military authority.

The United States will be represented at the German army maneuvers this year, as it has been for several years past. The Secretary of War has designated Brig. Gen. Winfield S. Egerly, now in command of the Department of the Gulf; Major Cornelius DeW. Wilcox, of the General Staff, and Capt. Robert E. L. Michie, secretary of the General Staff, to attend the maneuvers, and these officers will sail for Europe in August and spend the latter part of that month and September, when the maneuvers occur, in Germany.

The restrictions placed by the Treasury Department on the use of what is known as display in advertising lessen somewhat the effect of the advertisements for recruits. Some officers are of the opinion that the use of pictures in advertisements would render them more effective. Family and agricultural weeklies are now being used for advertising, with satisfactory results, so far as the receipt of inquiries are concerned, but how many recruits will follow does not yet appear.

It has been decided that the Army pay of members of the National Guard must be restricted to the period devoted to actual maneuvers or field instruction. The Treasury Department has disallowed even a payment made to two militiamen who were detained in an Army hospital as the result of injuries received in camp, which pay was allowed on the theory that their disabilities were in the line of duty.

Through some mischance a paragraph giving the data of the 1906 U.S. Army bullet after wandering around the press was returned to us in manuscript and found its way into our paper of June 8, page 1111, with the typographical error which originally appeared in the paragraph, but was subsequently corrected. The point-blank range of the 1906 bullet is five hundred yards, not fifty yards.

The transport Sherman arrived at San Francisco June 8 from Manila, by way of Nagasaki and Honolulu, with the 19th Infantry and a number of passengers. The 19th has been assigned stations as follows: Headquarters and Companies A, B, C and D, Fort Bliss, Tex.; E, F, G and H, Fort McIntosh, Tex.; I, K, L and M, Fort Reno, Okla.

Midshipmen E. F. Clements and Griffiths, of the Naval Academy, were allowed to graduate, but have not yet received their diplomas. Clements got too many demerits and Griffiths fell down in languages.

The number of candidates for the two existing vacancies in the grade of assistant paymaster in the Navy has dropped to seven. The candidates are now undergoing examination. There will be no more vacancies in the grade until next year.

The War Department has approved contracts for repairs to the statue of Liberty, on Bedloe's Island, N.Y. H., amounting to \$62,800.

RETIREMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

Col. James B. Quinn, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., who was retired for age on June 9, 1907, was born in Ohio June 9, 1843. He was appointed to the Military Academy from Ohio July 1, 1862, and was graduated No. 8 in his class, June 18, 1866, being assigned as a second lieutenant in the Engineers. Among other duties he served as assistant engineer in the improvement of the harbors of Lake Michigan until September, 1867; was on temporary duty on the survey of the Union and Central Pacific Railways in 1876, and in 1878 he was on the survey of the boundary line between the states of Virginia and West Virginia. From 1883 until 1886 he was in charge of the improvement of the Yellowstone River and of various harbors on Lake Superior, defenses of New Mexico, etc. He was promoted captain in 1879, major in 1888, lieutenant colonel in 1903 and colonel in 1906.

Lieut. Col. George McC. Derby, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A., who was retired on June 7, 1907, upon his own application after more than thirty-two years of service, was a son of Capt. George H. Derby, U.S.A., of the class of 1846, and was born at sea Nov. 1, 1856. He entered West Point in 1874, and was graduated second lieutenant and assigned to the Corps of Engineers June 14, 1878. Among other duties he has served with the Engineer Battalion at Willets Point, as assistant engineer in removing Hell Gate obstructions, was in charge of river and harbor improvements in Northwestern New Jersey and in temporary charge of fortifications, river, harbor and channel improvements, East River bridge, and surveys in and about New York harbor. He was in charge of the survey and improvement of Arthur Kill, and was at the U.S.M. A. as instructor of practical military engineering and acting signal officer. During the war with Spain he was appointed lieutenant colonel and chief of engineers, U.S.V. He served as chief engineer of the 5th Army Corps from June to October, 1898, being in the field throughout the Santiago campaign. He was also chief engineer of the 2d Army Corps. He reached the grade of captain in 1888, major in 1898, and lieutenant colonel in 1906.

Lieut. Col. Richard L. Hoxie, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., who is promoted colonel by the retirement of Col. J. B. Quinn on June 9, is a graduate of the U.S.M.A., class of 1868, being No. 3 in his class. He was born in New York Aug. 7, 1844, and previous to entering West Point he served during the Civil War as a bugler, private and corporal in the 1st Iowa Volunteers, being in the Service from June 13, 1861, to June 9, 1864, when a few days later he received an appointment to West Point from Iowa. After graduating as a second lieutenant he was assigned to the Corps of Engineers. Among other duties, Colonel Hoxie served as assistant engineer on the public works in Boston harbor. He was assistant engineer on Western exploration from July 3, 1872, to July 2, 1874, and was chief engineer of the District of Columbia from July, 1874, to July, 1878. He also served as assistant to the engineer commissioner in the same district to Aug. 16, 1884, and to Major Lydecker on Washington Aqueduct and extension, from November, 1882, to January, 1884. He served as instructor of military engineering in the School of Application at Willet's Point, N.Y., and in astronomy. He was in charge of the improvement of Monongahela and Allegheny Rivers from the latter part of 1893 to the spring of 1897. He has been a member of various boards of engineering officers on river and harbor improvements and bridge construction. He has been in charge of river and harbor works in Maine and New Hampshire, and has been a member and engineer secretary of the Lighthouse Board. He was promoted first lieutenant Sept. 22, 1870; captain, June 15, 1882; major, March 31, 1895, and lieutenant colonel, April 23, 1904. He is at present in charge of the works for defense of Baltimore and of the improvement of that harbor and various rivers in Maryland.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Eckerson O'Connor, daughter of Lieut. Col. Charles M. O'Connor, 8th U.S. Cav., to Lieut. John James Burleigh, 22d U.S. Inf., took place at the residence of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Theodore J. Eckerson, 575 Couch street, Portland, Ore., on Tuesday evening, June 4. The bride is essentially an Army girl, being a granddaughter of the late Col. Theodore J. Eckerson, U.S.A., so well and favorably known to the Army; a niece of Col. Alfred Reynolds, 22d U.S. Inf., and of Capt. Theodore H. Eckerson, U.S.A., and has spent her entire life, including two years among the Moros in the Philippines, in the shadow of the flag. To the strains of a wedding march by an orchestra, the bridal party descended the broad stairway, being headed by little Marion O'Connor, sister of the bride, as flower girl, after whom came the matron of honor, Mrs. Charles Young Brownlee, wife of Captain Brownlee, Med. Dept., U.S.A., and sister of the bride, and the maid of honor, Miss Ethel Goodman, daughter of Major T. C. Goodman, U.S.A., followed by the bride on the arm of her father. They were met by the groom with his best man, Lieut. E. E. McCammon, 22d U.S. Inf., son of the late Major McCammon, for many years stationed at Vancouver Barracks. The spacious parlors were beautifully decorated with Oregon grape and ferns, and a profusion of roses filled the air with their fragrance. The bride, who is a petite brunette, wore a gown of white messaline with yoke and bertha of Malta lace, and the usual veil and orange blossoms. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Thompson. After the ceremony a reception was held and the health of the newly wedded couple was drunk in bumpers of Moët & Chandon White Seal. At eleven o'clock Lieut. and Mrs. Burleigh departed for a short tour of the Sound cities and British Columbia, after which they will join the station of Lieutenant Burleigh at the Presidio of Monterey, Cal.

Capt. and Mrs. John Nicholas Smith, of Phoebus, Va., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Minnie Edith Smith, to Chief Gun. Robert Edward Cox, U.S. Navy.

The engagement is announced of Miss Vera de T. Ogden Jones, a niece of Miss Caroline Ogden Jones, to Capt. George William Jean, U.S.A., retired.

Lieut. George L. Smith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Eloise Sprague Wood, daughter of Mrs. Henry M. Sprague, of New York, were married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Hugh Talbot, at Westfield, N.J., June 1.

An interesting social event in Savannah, Ga., June 5, was the marriage there of Miss Angie Cubbedge and Lieut. John O. Steger, Coast Art., U.S.A., which took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Cubbedge, on Charlton street. Many lovely flowers adorning the rooms added beauty to the occasion and offered a pretty setting for the wedding scene. The wedding music was played by an orchestra, stationed in the

rear hall and screened by palms, and at the first notes the bridesmaids, Miss Cornelia Maclean, Miss Frances Burwell, Miss Mary Wayne and Miss Eileen Hunter, entered. Mrs. Godin Guerard, the matron of honor, preceded the bride, who was given in marriage by her father. Lieut. Laurin L. Lawson, Field Art., U.S.A., was best man. The Rev. James Y. Fair, pastor of the Independent Presbyterian church, performed the marriage service. The bride's gown of white radium and point lace was exquisitely designed, the graceful princess lines giving dignity to her slender gracefulness. From below the yoke of tucked mousseline at the front a folded panel, embroidered daintily with narrow Mechlin lace and pearls, extended to the edge of the skirt, widening as it fell, and on the skirt was laid a design formed of wide bands of radium. The plainness of the princess style was relieved by a folded girdle, extending back from the panel at each side and finished with tiny bows. Below the transparent yoke of the bodice, and falling over the full short sleeves, which were of mousseline embroidered like the paneled front with Mechlin and pearls, was draped an exquisite piece of rose point and duchess lace. At her throat was fastened a harvest moon of pearls. She wore her mother's wedding slippers, and in her tulle veil some of the orange blossoms that had been worn by her mother on her own wedding day. Her bouquet was of lilies of the valley and white roses. The bride's gifts to her maids were bars of enameled leaves and baroque pearls. After the marriage ceremony Lieut. and Mrs. Steger received congratulations and later the bride's cake was cut in the dining room, which was very beautifully decorated in bridal white, with crystal candelabra. When the cake was cut the ring fell to Miss Eileen Hunter, the dime to Miss Lucille Hunter and the thimble to Miss Frances Burwell. Lieut. and Mrs. Steger left in the evening for Virginia. The bride's going-away gown was of pale gray Panama, with an invisible plaid touched with green. The skirt was kilted, and the Eton jacket finished with collar and narrow waistcoat effect of apricot velvet. Her hat was a mushroom shape of white Neapolitan, bordered with an apricot edge, and trimmed with big white wings at one side.

Major Harris L. Roberts, 26th U.S. Inf., and Miss Florence C. Eager were married at San Antonio, Tex., May 27, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Sarah Eager. Rev. Walter Richardson, of St. Mark's Episcopal church, officiated. The wedding was very quiet, owing to a recent bereavement in the bride's family, and only the immediate family was present. Major Roberts left next day with his regiment for the Philippines. Mrs. Roberts will join him in August.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Everett Maura announce the marriage of their daughter, Ethel, to Lieut. Frank Fitz Hugh Roberts, U.S.M.C., on June 4 at Pensacola, Fla.

"One of the most brilliant weddings of the spring," writes a correspondent at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., "was that of Capt. George H. Shields, jr., 3d Inf., and Miss Florence Street, which took place at the Grand avenue Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, June 5. The bride, besides being a reigning belle in St. Louis for several seasons since her debut, is one of the most cultured and attractive girls of the fashionable set. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Street. Captain Shields is the eldest son of Gen. and Mrs. George Howell Shields, and is aide-de-camp to Gen. A. W. Greely. The bride's robe was exquisitely designed of white satin en princess, trimmed with old Brussels point lace. A necklace and pendant of fine old family pearls was the only ornament worn. The tulle veil was held in place with a chaplet of orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Mrs. Carey Nelson Weisiger, who attended the bride as matron of honor, wore her bridal gown of white mirrored bolting cloth, with trimmings of rich lace, and carried a shower of marguerites. The bridesmaids, Misses Suzanne Cable, of Rock Island; Irene Love, Edith O'Neil and Helen Block, wore similar toilettes of white imported net, over white radium, trimmed with Valenciennes lace. Their coiffures were ornamented with chic wreaths of small gold leaves, caught at the side with a cluster of Prince of Wales tips, the matron of honor wearing a similar head dress. The decorations of the church were carried out in white and many flags were used. Captain Shields had as his best man his brother, Mr. Leighton Shields, and the ushers and groomsmen included four brother officers of the groom in full dress uniform—Capt. G. Soudard Turner, of Jefferson Barracks; Capt. William G. Weigel, of Fort Sheridan; Capt. James A. Moss, of Fort Leavenworth, and Lieut. Francis J. McConnell, of Jefferson Barracks; and from St. Louis: Messrs. V. Porter, Beverly Randolph, Lionel Chambers, W. G. Pettus, C. N. Weisiger, Clark Street and Carl Hohlitzelle. After the ceremony there was a large and brilliant reception at the handsome new home in Kingsbury Place, of which Mr. and Mrs. Street took possession recently. There the decorations were in yellow and white, marguerites and flags. Mrs. Street, mother of the bride, was handsomely gowned in white lace and Mrs. Shields, mother of the groom, looked exceedingly well in a princess robe of white chiffon and point appliqué lace, made over white satin, a suit of superb diamonds completing the becoming toilette. The bride and groom preserved entire secrecy as to their destination, for which they left the same evening, and later will go to Vancouver, where Captain Shields will be stationed."

Miss Selma Mertz, daughter of Capt. Albert Mertz, U. S.N., entertained at a delightful informal tea at her home at Fort Norfolk, Va., June 3. The tea table was prettily decorated with ferns and marigolds. Miss Mertz was assisted in receiving her guests by Miss Allen, of Kansas City. Tea was poured by Miss Margaret Old, while Miss Katharine Newbill presided at the punch bowl. During the afternoon Miss Mertz's engagement to Lieut. Burrell C. Allen, U.S.N., was announced. The wedding will take place in the late fall. Those present on this occasion were Mrs. N. K. Johnston, Mrs. R. Spencer Douglas, Misses Gertrude and Bessie McCormick, of Berryville; Miss Ydile McCormick, Miss Alice Kelly, Misses Grace and Jessie Williams, Miss Edith Cowles, Miss Molly Milligan, Misses Carrie and Ena Voight, Miss Mary Royster, Misses Helen and Ethel Harrington, Miss Anne Dornin, Miss Katharine Newbill, Miss Louise Jones, Misses Lucy and Kate Hardy, Miss Margaret Old, Miss Kate Massey Ryan, Miss Abbie Wilson, Miss and Katharine Myers.

Major Cyrus S. Radford, U.S.M.C., and Miss Katherine Manson were married at Hopkinsville, Ky., June 12, in the bride's home. After a visit in Philadelphia they will go to the Philippines.

Col. James B. Quinn, U.S.A., and Miss Estelle C. Le Blanc were married in New York city June 11, 1907, at the St. Patrick's Cathedral rectory.

Forty tons of powder, contained in two buildings, attached to the plant of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, near Gibbstown, N.J., exploded June 10. The accident, it is said, was caused during an experiment with a new explosive which the chemists are working on.

RECENT DEATHS.

Med. Dir. Robert A. Marmion, U.S.N., retired, died at the Emergency Hospital, Washington, D.C., on June 8, 1907. He was stricken with apoplexy on the morning of June 7 while walking in front of the U.S. Treasury. He was born on Sept. 6, 1844, at Harper's Ferry, W. Va., and entered the naval service as an assistant surgeon on March 26, 1868. He was promoted successively to all the various grades of the medical corps of the Navy, attaining the grade of medical director on Oct. 25, 1899, in which grade he was transferred to the retired list of the Navy on Sept. 6, 1906. He served in various stations at sea and on shore. From 1894 to 1896 he was fleet surgeon of the South Atlantic station. He was a member of many medical associations. In 1903, Dr. Marmion saw the great need of a naval medical school to provide properly equipped and properly educated students for the naval medical staff; and through his influence and that of others whom he interested the Naval Medical School was started at 23d and E streets northwest, and in recognition of his services in the interest of the school he became the first president. He served as president for three years, recently retiring from that work. Dr. Marmion was twice married. His first wife was Miss Carrie Van Voorhees, and two daughters were born to them—Caroline Marmion, now a sister of charity, and Mrs. Alanna O'Sullivan, who now resides in Europe. Both survive him. He afterward married Miss Beatrice Paul, daughter of Gen. G. R. Paul, U.S.A., and she survives him, together with three sons—Paul Chateau, Robert Tylden and Louis Preble, who live at Dr. Marmion's late home in the Porter apartment house, 15th and U streets, northwest.

The remains of Medical Director Marmion were buried with military honors in Washington Tuesday, June 11, after a mass over the body in the morning at St. Paul's church by Rev. James F. Mackin. A large number of friends attended the mass and accompanied the body to the grave, where Father O'Donohue led the services. The escort consisted of the marine band and a company of marines from the Washington Barracks. Among the pallbearers were Medical Director Dickerson, Captain Moore, Captain Sargeant, Medical Director Boyd and Lieutenant Commander Wilson.

Mrs. Julia Speir Wright, widow of Pay Dir. Henry Taylor Wright, U.S.A., and daughter of the late Gilbert W. Speir, of New York city, died at New York city June 9.

Former 1st Lieut. Mack Richardson, of the 26th U.S. Inf., whose resignation was accepted on June 4, took morphine and prussic acid on Thursday night, June 6, at Fort Sam Houston, and died the next day. He was a captain in the 6th Missouri Volunteer Infantry from July, 1898, until May, 1899, when he was appointed a captain in the 39th U.S. Volunteer Infantry. Upon being mustered out in 1901 he was appointed a first lieutenant in the 26th Infantry. He was engaged to marry the daughter of Capt. William Kelley, president of the First National Bank of Brownsville, Tex. According to a report, all arrangements had been made, but on the day set Lieutenant Richardson telegraphed from San Antonio, "Am too sick to come." It was the wedding anniversary of the parents of the bride-to-be, and Mr. Kelley ordered the feast served as if nothing had happened, merely announcing that, owing to the illness of Lieutenant Richardson, the wedding was postponed. When a previous date for the wedding was made, Lieutenant Richardson, it is said, left with his regiment for San Francisco without any explanation.

Mate William Gustavus Smith, U.S.N., retired, died at Annapolis, Md., on June 9, 1907, of heart failure. He was born in Germany and appointed a mate in the Navy from New York on May 5, 1863, serving through the Civil War and being discharged on Dec. 21, 1865. He was reappointed a mate in the Regular Service on Oct. 5, 1866; was transferred to the retired list on May 25, 1897.

Capt. William M. Crofton, 1st U.S. Inf., who died in the Philippine Islands June 4, 1907, of cerebral hemorrhage, was a native of Virginia, and was appointed a second lieutenant in the 1st U.S. Infantry Oct. 7, 1891. He was promoted first lieutenant April 26, 1898, and captain Feb. 2, 1901.

Mrs. Caroline L. Parker, mother of Lieut. Henry W. Parker, 2d U.S. Cav., died at Fort Assiniboine, Mont., on June 7.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Hatton, wife of Paymr. Richard Hatton, U.S.N., is staying at The Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Va.

A son, William Mercer Gosman, was born to the wife of Capt. G. H. R. Gosman, assistant surgeon, U.S.A., on June 9, at Carlisle, Pa.

Mrs. McNeely, wife of Lieut. Robert W. McNeely, U. S.N., is staying at the "Sherwood Inn," Old Point Comfort, Va., for the Jamestown Exposition.

Lieut. H. Laning, U.S.N., left Annapolis, Md., for Creedmoor, N.Y., this week, where he will take charge of the Navy rifle team which is to compete in the National Match.

The Messes Humphrey, daughters of Brig. Gen. Charles F. Humphrey, U.S.A., are spending several days at the "Sherwood Inn," Old Point Comfort, Va., for the Jamestown Exposition.

Rear Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Dewey will remain in Washington until the first week in July, when they go to Richmond Springs for two months. They are entertaining intimate friends informally, but are accepting few invitations, owing to Mrs. Dewey's delicate health.

Lieut. Col. John S. Loud, U.S.A., Mrs. Loud and Miss Loud, are visiting the Colonel's son, Lieut. James M. Loud, 28th Inf., at Fort Snelling, Minn., where it is hoped the change of climate, etc., will improve Colonel Loud's health, as he has been quite ill for the past four months.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Robert M. Berry, U.S.N., entertained at a very enjoyable launch party on board the launch of the navy yard, Norfolk, Va., June 5. Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Poultny, of Baltimore, Miss Hattie Poultny, Miss Kate Wicks, Miss Elizabeth Barnes, of Baltimore; Mrs. Randolph Hicks and Captain Williams.

Arrivals at the Ebbitt House, Washington, D.C., for the week ending June 12 included the following: Med. Dir. G. P. Bradley, U.S.N.; Lieut. R. E. Clark, Capt. C. E. Babcock, Col. D. W. Lockwood and Col. W. C. Gorgas, U.S.A.; Midshipman B. Bruce, U.S.N.; Lieut. W. L. Keller, Lieut. E. R. West and Col. J. H. Willard, U.S.A.; Surg. Charles P. Bagge, U.S.N., Mrs. Bagge and child; Lieut. A. H. Wilson, U.S.A., and Mrs. Wilson; Pay Insp. T. S. Jewett, U.S.N., and Mrs. Jewett, and Col. W. B. Davis, U.S.A.,

Second Lieut. David P. Wood, 21st U.S. Inf., has been undergoing trial by G.C.M. at Fort Logan, Colo.

Mrs. Chandler, wife of Lieut. Comdr. L. H. Chandler, U.S.N., has decided to take a cottage at Warner, N.H., for the summer.

Mrs. Bulmer, wife of Lieut. Roscoe C. Bulmer, U.S.N., left Washington last week with her small daughter to visit her mother at her country place, at Skaneateles, N.Y.

Capt. O. W. Budd, U.S.A., retired, with his daughter, Miss Elsa Budd, is spending the summer with his sister, Mrs. H. C. Cushing, at 18 Neptune Place, New Rochelle, N.Y.

The following military men were registered at the Hotel Astor, New York city, this week: Major L. H. Strother, Capt. J. McClintock, and Lieut. G. E. Hemphill, all U.S.A.

Officers of the Services who were registered among the guests at The Breslin Hotel, Broadway and 29th streets, New York city this week were the following: Capt. W. Swift, U.S.N.; Lieut. M. M. Keck, U.S.A., and Lieut. O. V. Kean, U.S.A.

Lieut. Col. Solomon W. Roessler, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A., P.O. Drawer 762, Portland, Oreg., was on June 3 appointed division engineer of the Northern Pacific division. The division will embrace the districts with headquarters at Portland, Oreg., Seattle, Wash., and Skagway, Alaska.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Merriam and family, who have been temporarily occupying the residence of their son, Paymr. John H. Merriam, U.S.N., in Nineteenth street, Washington, D.C., have taken possession of their sixteenth street house, and will later go to their place in Virginia for the summer.

The committee on celebration of District of Columbia day at the Jamestown Exposition on June 11 included the following officers of the U.S. Army: Gens. John M. Wilson and Henry M. Robert, Cols. Charles W. Raymond, William T. Russell, Charles F. Powell, G. J. Lydecker, William M. Black, Major Lansing H. Beach and Col. John Biddle.

Comdr. W. J. Sears, U.S.N., purchased last week a handsome Cadillac automobile, one of the latest models of the light touring cars, seating four. He has already learned to run the car, and was noticed this week expertly driving it on Riverside Drive, New York city, with Mrs. Sears and Mrs. McBride, a sister of Judge Truax, seated in the tonneau.

First Lieut. John H. White, U.S.M.C., whose resignation has been accepted to take effect on July 15, 1907, served in the ranks before being appointed a second lieutenant in April, 1904. He was promoted first lieutenant in November, 1906. During the earthquake in San Francisco Lieutenant White was under charges for trial by court-martial, but was temporarily released from arrest for the emergency, and commanded a section of the city and rendered excellent service.

Major Herbert J. Slocum, U.S.A., who, since the Army of Cuban Pacification entered the island, has been in charge of measures leading to a reorganization of the Cuban Rural Guard, has asked permission to continue the work, and it is understood that his request has been granted. Major Slocum is thoroughly familiar with the resources of the rural guard and he keenly realizes the importance of having the organization in a high state of efficiency when the Cuban republic is restored and its administration turned over to the Cuban people. It is fortunate, therefore, that Major Slocum is to continue his efforts for the development of a military force which shall serve as an efficient and loyal support of the restored republic. That his labors to that end are appreciated in Cuba is sufficiently indicated in the following editorial utterance of the Havana Post: "Major Slocum's interest in the Rural Guard can be easily understood. It represents some of his best work in the American Army because he was the officer assigned by the American government to the duty of organizing the guards years ago. They have been a credit to his zeal and ability and it is small wonder that the major dislikes to turn them over to new hands right now when it is proposed to enlarge the corps and make it more useful than ever. Cuba should appreciate such interest and self-sacrifice in her behalf."

Col. Philip Reade and his command of the 23d Infantry at the Jamestown Exposition were invited by Mr. Frank C. Bostock to attend a special performance of his wild animals, and in his reply accepting the invitation Colonel Reade said: "The regimental commander notes the significance of the condition of admittance, namely, 'that his guests shall wear the honored uniform of the United States Army.' I believe that this is a nation which honors the uniform worn by the twin defenders, the Army and Navy, and that the percentage of caterers to the public who would try to exclude from their exhibits a well-behaving man wearing the uniform of the Army and Navy because of his garb is as small as the percentage of unthinking idiots, abnormal prigs, oligarchists and detractors who deserve to be banished to a region without a government or a national flag. These exclusionists are too good for the cold inspirationists of the United States of America."

The faculty and officers of the Agricultural College of Texas at College Station, together with the entire campus community and those cadets who were still at the college on May 30, turned out on that date to pay their respects to Capt. and Mrs. H. H. Sargent, U.S.A. The occasion was a reception tended the retiring commandant and his wife by the faculty of the college at the Shirley club house. "So universal is the regret that the college must lose Captain Sargent, and so general, deep and strong is the feeling of love and admiration for him and his charming wife," writes a correspondent, "that it is difficult to say which predominated—the delight in doing them honor or the sadness of parting." Dr. O. M. Ball, chairman of the faculty arrangement committee, was master of ceremonies, and to him is largely due the delightful program of music and song. After delightful refreshments resolutions were read praising the work of Captain Sargent and expressing regret at his departure. In part the resolutions said: "In the history of the institution no commandant has been more successful in promoting good discipline and in developing soldierly and manly qualities in the students under his charge. The general excellence of behavior that during recent years has been so marked a characteristic of the student body and the present extraordinary harmonious and cordial relations between students and officers of the college, have in no small measure been the result of his persistent and wisely directed efforts." Captain Sargent responded in a most touching address, in which he spoke in the highest praise of the character of the students of the college and attributed much of his success to their loyal and faithful response to authority and duty. Capt. and Mrs. Sargent will remain at College until about the middle or last of July, when he will join his regiment at Fort Des Moines, Ia.

Capt. A. C. Baker, U.S.N., will spend the summer with his family at Chilmark, on Martha's Vineyard, Mass.

Capt. Clarence S. Nettles, acting judge advocate, is at the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, D.C., for observation and treatment and to be operated upon for appendicitis.

Capt. Washington C. Coulson, U.S. Revenue Cutter Service, and Mrs. Coulson, who have been staying in New York since November last, left this week for their home at Orange, Cal.

Capt. William T. Johnston, 15th Cav., A.D.C. to Major Gen. F. D. Grant, was graduated "with honor" at the commencement exercises of the New York Law School, held in Carnegie Hall on the evening of June 13.

On May 23, 1907, the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska conferred on Major James Carroll, U.S.A., Curator of the Army and Medical Museum, Washington, D.C., the degree of Doctor of Laws in recognition of his distinguished services in the field of bacteriology, and on June 1, 1907, the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland, his alma mater, conferred on him the same honorary degree.

Chief Yeoman George Russell Downs, U.S.N., now an advertising agent with a traveling recruiting party and who under the title of "Spun Yarn" is certainly an accomplished press agent, entered the Navy as apprentice when fifteen years of age. He was recently retired after thirty years of service in the Navy. His shipmates nicknamed him "Jumbo," and called him the 300-pound great gun of the Navy.

At the Sherwood Studios, 58 West 57th street, New York, Mr. George R. Boynton, the artist, held an informal reception on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 11 and 12, on the occasion of a private view of his portraits of Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A.; Col. Charles F. Homer, of the 71st Regiment Veteran Association, N.G.N.Y.; Commodore Frederick G. Bourne, of the New York Yacht Club, and Mrs. Bourne.

Capt. F. E. Lacey, jr., adjutant, 1st U.S. Inf., on duty in the Philippines, has compiled an interesting roster of officers of the regiment from August 12, 1784, to Jan. 1, 1907. The first lieutenant colonel was Josiah Hammar, August 12, 1784; the first colonel was J. F. Haintramck, April 1, 1802, and the first Major J. P. Wyllys, June 9, 1785. Ebenezer Denny was the first adjutant, serving from Sept. 8, 1785, to Dec. 29, 1791. Many notable officers have served in the regiment.

Confederate Memorial Day exercises were held on Sunday, June 9, in the Confederate section of the Arlington National Cemetery, under the auspices of the Confederate Veterans' Association, Camp No. 171; the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, the United Daughters of the Confederacy and the Southern Relief Society of the District of Columbia. John G. Capers, of South Carolina, the newly appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was the orator of the day, and the 13th U.S. Cavalry band furnished music for the occasion. The graves of the 275 Confederate dead in the cemetery were decorated, and then all united in decorating the tomb containing the bodies of the unknown Union dead. The grave of Gen. Joseph Wheeler was among those decorated.

Major Frank Keck, commanding the United Spanish War Veterans, Department of New York, announces with great pleasure that on the evening of May 25 last, at a meeting of the Manhattan Camp, No. 1, a beautiful and costly stand of colors consisting of the national flag and the department flag was presented to this Department through the department commander by the Hon. James R. Howe, a public spirited citizen of the Borough of Brooklyn. Addresses on this occasion were made by the Hon. James R. Howe, the department commander, the chaplain-in-chief, the commander of Manhattan Camp, No. 1; Comrade Bernhardt Wall, Past Commander-in-Chief; Comrade Thomas F. Lynch, and Comrade James S. Long, of Major Frank Keck Camp, No. 53, the chairman of the Colors Committee. After the presentation Comrade Bernard J. Fagan, post commander of Manhattan Camp, No. 1, pinned the badge of the organization on the breast of comrade, the Hon. James R. Howe, who had been previously elected an honorary member of Manhattan Camp.

In the Minnesota Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S., whose headquarters are at St. Paul, Minn., the following companions were elected officers and councilors of the Commandery for the ensuing year: Commander, Capt. William Robert Bourne, 44th N.Y. Inf., major, U.S.A., retired; senior vice-commander, 2d Lieut. Alexander Thompson Bigelow, U.S.V.; junior vice-commander, 1st Lieut. Silas Howell Towler, U.S.V.; recorder, 2d Lieut. David Lansing Kingsbury, U.S.V.; registrar, 1st Lieut. Norman Perkins, U.S.V.; treasurer, Capt. Edwin James Farnum, U.S.V.; chaplain, Capt. Darius Alonzo Cudworth, U.S.V.; council, 1st Lieut. William Newton Ladue, U.S.V.; Capt. Dennis Cavanaugh, U.S.V.; Capt. Orton Skinner Clark, U.S.V.; Companion Archibald McLaren, M.D.; Companion Hon. David Percy Jones. Original companions of the first class were elected as follows: Capt. William Hilroy Smallwood, U.S.V.; 2d Asst. Engr. Robert William Mars, U.S.N. (volunteer service).

In a letter to Mr. W. N. Mitchell, president Georgia Commission to Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition, replying to his communication of May 25 advising him of his selection as grand marshal for Georgia Day, June 10, Col. Philip Reade said: "Of course any such designation from Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, U.S.A., has the force of an order; but, in this instance, there are some peculiar reasons of gratification on my part because of the functions imposed upon me in that capacity. First, personal. I am, by heredity, a scion of the Province and Colony of Massachusetts Bay, which latter was, and is, connected with the colony founded by Oglethorpe and having as its seal three columns, lettered respectively, 'Wisdom, Justice and Moderation,' arched by the Constitution, and guarded by a uniformed Continental soldier. Georgia was the thirteenth colony. Did you ever think that thirteen is a lucky number? I always bet on odd numbers. I am entering on my forty-third year of military service, all but two months of which has been spent in odd-numbered regiments: have no superstitions about thirteen. On an American twenty-five-cent piece there are thirteen stars, thirteen letters in the scroll held in the eagle's beak, thirteen feathers in each of the eagle's wings, thirteen tail feathers, thirteen parallel bars in the shield, thirteen horizontal bars in the national flag, thirteen arrow heads, thirteen leaves on the branch and thirteen letters in the word quarter-dollar. When the pleasure of a personal meeting with yourself is accorded me, I may give you some happy incidents connected with my service when lieutenant colonel and inspector general with the First Division of the Second Army Corps in 1898, when encamped at Camp McKinley and elsewhere on military duty within the limits of the state of Georgia, merely assuring you now that all my experiences were agreeable ones: are now recalled with pleasure." It is also recalled that Christopher Columbus was born Oct. 13, old style.

Major General Baden-Powell, of the British army, has been gazetted a lieutenant general.

Capt. and Mrs. Nathan J. Shelton, U.S.A., are guests of Mr. A. Hamilton at his country place, Clinton, Va.

A son, Harry Harrison Bissell, jr., was born to the wife of Lieut. Harry H. Bissell, 19th U.S. Inf., at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., June 5.

Miss Elizabeth P. Goodwin, daughter of the late Capt. Walton Goodwin, U.S.N., is with Mrs. James Spear, jr., at the Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Va.

Miss Soulie Williamson, daughter of Chief Engr. Thom Williamson, U.S.A., will leave Washington, D.C., on June 24 to spend the summer at North Hatley, Can.

Mrs. Kent, wife of Lieut. Guy Kent, U.S.A., is visiting Mrs. James Totten at Fort Monroe, Va., during the encampment of the West Point cadets at the Jamestown Exposition.

Miss Parron Simpson, daughter of Col. William A. Simpson, U.S.A., is visiting Col. and Mrs. Thomas Knox at the Soldiers' Home, Hampton, Va., for the Jamestown Exposition.

Mrs. W. P. Potter and Miss Potter, wife and daughter of Captain Potter, commanding the U.S.S. Vermont, have taken apartments at Hampton Court, Beacon street, Brookline, Mass.

The following officers were admitted to membership in the Navy Mutual Aid Association on June 11, 1907: Lieut. Harris Laning, Midshipmen G. N. Barker, C. C. Baughman, V. E. Clark, R. B. Coffman, G. C. Dichman, P. O. Griffiths, C. N. Hinkamp, C. E. Hovey, H. H. Johnstone, E. A. Lofquist, H. A. McLure, W. R. Montser, R. C. Parker, H. H. Ritter, F. T. Stevenson, M. J. Torlinski, N. H. White, C. C. Windsor, Joseph Baer, L. E. Bratton, J. H. Brooks, S. A. Clements, J. H. Condit, R. S. Galloway, R. F. Gross, S. E. Holliday, J. H. Ingram, C. C. Krakow, C. McK. Lynch, A. H. Niles, James Parker, jr., E. W. Pritchard, G. W. Simpson, T. A. Thomson, jr., H. E. Welte, E. H. Williams.

The officers of H.M.S. Argyl entertained their "American girl" friends at a dinner dance Wednesday evening, June 5. A ten-course dinner was served in the ward room, and after the King and President Roosevelt had been honored, a toast to the ladies was given with highland honors, an ancient Scottish custom still preserved on this ship of Scottish name. After dinner dancing was enjoyed on the deck, which was overhung with canvas and draperies of flags, and all pronounced their British friends royal hosts. The party included the chaperons—Mrs. Nelson Groome, Harry Booker, Robert Abernethy and Misses Hughes, Swigert, Wright, Mary Booker, Bessie Booker, Edson, Mahan, Mary Lee, Schmelz, Munaw, Mr. Groome, Messrs. Latimer, Robinson, Brooks, Girard, U.S.S. Virginia, and Captain Pendleton, U.S.S. Missouri.

Beatrice M. Hawley, the daughter of Capt. John M. Hawley, U.S.N., who was recently married to Ensign Edward Guerrant Hargis, U.S.N., a few days ago received a letter of congratulation from King Frederick and Queen Louise of Denmark on her marriage. Mrs. Hargis, or, as she was at that time, Miss Hawley, went abroad some years ago, and while on the other side had the honor of meeting a number of the members of the royal family of Denmark. When the invitations for her wedding were being issued she included the King and Queen in her list, and the letter of congratulation was the result. The letter was received by Capt. Hawley, who commands the U.S.S. Wabash at Boston, through United States Minister Thomas J. O'Brien, who is stationed at Copenhagen, and naturally the young lady and her husband, as well as her parents, are much pleased.

The following is a complete list of first-class passengers sailing on the transport Thomas from San Francisco June 5 for Manila: Col. Daniel H. Brush, 24th Inf.; Major Z. W. Torrey, inspr. gen., wife and son; Major Henry D. Snyder, surg., U.S.A.; Major A. Smith, surg., U.S.A., wife and son; Major C. J. T. Clarke, 26th Inf., and son; Major E. E. Hatch, 26th Inf., wife and daughter; Major H. L. Roberts, 26th Inf.; Major C. P. Stivers, coms., U.S.A.; Capt. J. S. Wilson, asst. surg., U.S.A., wife and infant; Capt. Hanson E. Ely, 26th Inf.; Capt. D. P. Cordray, 26th Inf.; Capt. George E. Houle, 26th Inf.; Capt. L. F. Kilbourne, 26th Inf., wife and child; Capt. John F. Preston, 26th Inf., and wife; Capt. Murray Baldwin, 26th Inf.; Capt. R. J. Fleming, 10th Cav., wife and three children; Capt. L. A. Fuller, asst. surg., wife and two children; Capt. G. A. Skinner, asst. surg., U.S.A., wife and three children; Capt. E. A. Roche, 26th Inf., and wife; Capt. H. M. Diekmann, 26th Inf.; Capt. H. C. Whitehead, 10th Cav., wife and three children; Capt. P. A. Connolly, 26th Inf., and wife; Capt. B. J. Edgar, jr., asst. surg., U.S.A., and wife; Capt. G. H. Knox, 26th Inf.; Capt. Paul H. McCook, 26th Inf., and wife; Capt. C. P. Robbins, asst. surg., U.S.A., wife and two children; Capt. Thomas L. Rhoads, asst. surg., U.S.A.; Capt. W. J. Lyster, asst. surg., U.S.A., and wife; Capt. C. G. Lawrence, P.I. Scouts; Capt. Isaac A. Saxton, 26th Inf.; Capt. W. W. Reno, asst. surg., U.S.A.; Lieut. F. M. Jones, 9th Cav., wife and three children; Lieut. Wait C. Johnson, 26th Inf., wife and child; Lieut. Frederick Benteen, 26th Inf.; Lieut. J. T. Watson, 26th Inf., wife and child; Lieut. C. A. Dolph, 26th Inf., wife and child; Lieut. H. D. Blaisland, 26th Inf.; Lieut. B. H. Pope, 8th Inf.; Lieut. N. M. Cartmell, 10th Cav., wife and child; Lieut. T. M. Hunter, 26th Inf.; Lieut. H. C. M. Supplee, 26th Inf., and wife; Lieut. A. C. Arnold, 26th Inf.; Lieut. Geo. S. Gillis, 26th Inf.; Lieut. Deas Archer, 26th Inf.; Lieut. Goodwin Compton, 13th Inf., and wife; Lieut. E. P. Thompson, 26th Inf., wife and child; Lieut. W. W. Edwards, 10th Cav., and wife; Lieut. A. W. Smith, 9th Cav., wife and child; Lieut. H. M. Kelly, 26th Inf.; Lieut. P. G. Wrightson, 20th Inf.; Lieut. Elery Farmer, 26th Inf.; Lieut. C. H. Rich, 26th Inf.; Lieut. A. T. Rich, 26th Inf.; Lieut. P. A. Dunford, 26th Inf.; Dr. James M. Minter, asst. surg., U.S.N.; Lieut. R. H. Jacob, 26th Inf.; Cadet A. K. Lyman, U.S.M.A.; Mr. E. S. Gee, paymaster's clerk, and wife; Miss Grace D. Suston, sister-in-law of Major Z. W. Torrey, inspr. gen.; Carl A. Carlson, civil engr., Navy, wife and two children; C. F. Dickens, clerk and steno., Inspr. Gen. Office; Mrs. Ezington, dependent member of family of Captain Whitehead; Mrs. Dilworth, mother of Lieutenant Dilworth, 10th Cav. Among the second-class passengers, with first-class privileges, were: Mr. E. A. Wheeler, clerk, Sub. Dept.; Mr. C. J. Liebert, paymaster's clerk, U.S.A.; David M. Figart, clerk, Sub. Dept.; F. H. McKay, clerk, Sub. Dept.; Duetta W. Ross, bookkeeper, naval station (Guam); M. Didema Steever, son of Colonel Steever, 4th Cav.; Geo. E. Merle, clerk, Sub. Dept.; J. F. Dorney, jr., clerk, Sub. Dept., wife and child; A. Worley, clerk, Sub. Dept.; A. E. Evans, clerk, Med. Dept.; Mrs. Huff, wife of Clerk E. W. Huff, headquarters, Manila; Mrs. F. G. Randall and two infants, family of Warrant Machinist Randall; Mrs. W. N. Erickson and child, family of Ordnance Sergeant Erickson, U.S.A.; Otto Karsten, checker, Q.M.D.

The Naval Attaché of the French Embassy and Madame de Beaupré have left Washington for Atlantic City, where they will remain for two or three weeks before leaving for France.

Admiral Brownson, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has been spending the past week in Norfolk and in visiting the Jamestown Exposition. He was accompanied by his family and had no official errand in the trip.

Lieut. Charles E. McCullough, 15th Cav., on duty in Cuba, who is being tried for alleged irregularities in money matters and for absence without leave, entered the Army as a private in Troop A, 7th Cav., Aug. 12, 1893.

Susan W. Selfridge, widow of Capt. James R. Selfridge, U.S.N., who was a nephew of Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in New York city. Her liabilities she gives as \$29,946, with no available assets.

Miss Margaret Michie, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Robert E. L. Michie, left Washington last week to visit friends in New York, Easton, Pa., and West Point before joining her mother at Lake George in July. Captain Michie and family expect to go abroad in August for a visit of several months.

Among the arrivals at The New Grand Hotel, Broadway and 31st street, New York city, this week, were the following: Col. George Le Roy Brown, U.S.A.; Midshipman E. G. Haas, U.S.N.; Lieut. W. F. Jones, U.S.A.; Dr. J. W. Kerr, M.H.S.; Major H. W. Wheeler, U.S.A.; and Major C. P. Townsley, U.S.A.

Rear Admiral Burwell, U.S.N., and a party of officers of the Puget Sound Navy Yard were in Seattle June 1 attending the ceremony of breaking ground for the Alaska-Yukon exposition. The navy yard band, two companies of men from the yard and one company from the Boston took part in the day's program.

Col. William C. Gorgas, Med. Dept., U.S.A., of the Isthmian Canal Commission, delivered the address of the day at the graduating exercises of the Cornell University Medical College at New York city, June 12. He told the new doctors about the work of the Army sanitary engineers in eradicating malaria and yellow fever in Havana and on the Isthmus.

A number of prominent Americans and Japanese met in the rooms of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation June 3, for the purpose of organizing the Japan Society of New York, for the cultivation of friendly relations between the two countries. Among the honorary vice-presidents are Admiral George Dewey, U.S.N., and Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A.

Lieut. Col. Erasmus M. Weaver, U.S.A., General Staff, has been in Boston, Mass., arranging with the officers of the forts for the maneuvers which take place in July and in which the Massachusetts Corps of Coast Artillery and the 5th Infantry of Massachusetts will participate. The transportation of the troops will be in charge of Capt. Geo. L. Goodale, Q.M., U.S.A., stationed in Boston.

Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the Secretary of War, has returned to Washington, D.C., from Bryn Mawr for the summer vacation. Mr. Robert Alphonso Taft, the elder son of Secretary and Mrs. Taft, who has carried off all the honors of his class at Yale and made the best record ever attained by a freshman, will go next week directly from New Haven to the Taft place at Murray Bay, Canada, for the summer.

Richmond Pearson Hobson, M.C. elect from Alabama, appears to understand by instinct the arts of the politician. He is making himself solid with his former constituency by going about among them with scientists from the Department of Agriculture who give them lessons in scientific farming and arboriculture. The various bureaus at Washington are receiving requests indicating that the lead taken by Representative Hobson is being largely followed.

Mrs. John McClellan gave a very pretty luncheon at the Hotel del Coronado, San Diego, Cal., on June 7, in honor of Miss Rose McClellan, of Washington, D.C. Thirty-two guests were present to greet Miss McClellan, among them Mrs. Swinburne, of the Navy, and Mrs. Vogdes, the Misses Vogdes, Mrs. Keyes, Mr. John Stafford, Miss Stafford and Mrs. Wilbur, of the Army; Mrs. Widdifield, of Honolulu, and Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Sefton, Mrs. W. Clayton, Mrs. Heber Ingles and others prominent in San Diego society. The table was beautifully decorated with pink and white sweet peas banded in the center and scattered about among the china and silver. Miss McClellan and her sister are visiting their father, Gen. John McClellan, and will remain some time in San Diego.

When Capt. Charles J. Badger assumes charge as Superintendent of the Naval Academy in July, on the retirement of Rear Admiral J. H. Sands, it is likely that Comdr. Cameron McRae Winslow, now commanding the Charleston, will succeed as assistant to the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation. Comdr. F. E. Beatty is in line to command the Charleston, and Comdr. H. T. Mayo, now inspector of the Twelfth Lighthouse District, will take command of the Albany, to which Commander Beatty has been ordered. It is expected that Commander Nicholson, now in charge of a detail of officers, will go on the naval examining board and be succeeded by Comdr. R. T. Mulligan, now commanding the Yorktown. Some changes may be made in the above tentative assignments, but at this writing they are regarded as practically decided on.

The New York Tribune tells us what is no news, though none the less true, and that is that "Clarence B. Edwards, brigadier general, U.S.A., and the Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, has made a notable record in the War Department, where, since early in 1900, he has been regarded as the right hand man of the Secretary of War, having stood in this relation first to Elihu Root and more recently to William H. Taft." It says further: "With an enviable record for gallant service in the Philippines, where he served as adjutant general on the staff of General Lawton during that officer's brilliant campaign, to his credit General Edwards, then captain of Infantry, but, with his superior officer's four earnest recommendations for brevet rank of major and lieutenant colonel, colonel and brigadier general of Volunteers, was placed in charge of the disorganized and somewhat chaotic bureau which Secretary Root had called into existence to handle the affairs of the Philippines. The remarkable faculty for organization and administration which he had displayed in the field General Edwards applied to the problems of his new bureau, and to-day the Bureau of Insular Affairs is conceded to be one of the best administered and most effective offices of the Government, as recognized by Congress at the last session in raising the rank of its chief from colonel to brigadier general. To its important duties in connection with the Philippines has been added jurisdiction over Cuban affairs, and in General Edwards Governor Magoon, himself formerly law officer of the bureau, finds able and earnest co-operation, while the Cuban administration

profits by the long experience of the Chief of the Insular Bureau. General Edwards has won the entire confidence of Secretary Taft, and his official advice on insular matters is held in the highest esteem. He also enjoys close personal companionship with the Secretary, and his fine bay is usually seen alongside the Secretary's gray gelding when the two men take their afternoon outing. General Edwards, who still has fourteen years of active service ahead of him, is moreover one of the most popular officers in the Army."

ARMY ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Capt. Henry A. Greene, 10th Inf., commanding at Fort Seward, Alaska, has reported a peculiar case to the War Department, which may become of international importance. Sergeant Buell, a member of the post band, deserted and took refuge on the British steamer Princess May, May 14. The May touched at Ketchikan and the town marshal tried to arrest Buell, but the captain of the steamer interfered and refused to allow the marshal to use force to break in the door of the sergeant's stateroom and take him. At Puget Sound the deserter landed and escaped. Captain Greene asks that the State Department demand the arrest and extradition of Buell and the punishment of the captain of the steamer. Major John B. Porter, acting Judge Advocate General, has taken the position in an opinion on the case that the matter is one wholly for the action of the civil authorities who failed to make the arrest.

The Friedrich Krupp Aktiengesellschaft of Germany, the gun and armor makers, applied to the District of Columbia Supreme Court for an injunction against Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, U.S.A., to prevent him from using certain patents which the Krupp company allege that they own. The application was filed by Arthur S. Piorkowski of New York, American agent for the Krupp gun makers. The patents involved are improvements in recoil brakes on wheel gun carriages and other devices which the Krupp company allege that General Crozier is using at the Watervliet arsenal in New York and at other army arsenals throughout the country. The Krupp company request a permanent injunction and an accounting for the damage which they have suffered by the infringements on their patents. The court took the application under advisement.

An explosion of two hundred pounds of blasting powder in a magazine at the plant of the American Powder Company, at Maynard, Mass., caused a second explosion in another magazine, and later a fire which threatened the twenty small mills which compose the plant. After two hours fighting the blaze was put under control. The loss is only \$3,000.

The Engineering District of river and harbor works in the state of New York, with headquarters at New York city, is transferred from the Eastern Division to the Northeast Division, to take effect on June 4, 1907. Col. Daniel W. Lockwood, C.E., Room C 8, Army Building, New York city, in addition to his present duties, is appointed division engineer of the Eastern Division, vice Col. Amos Stickney, C.E., who is relieved to date June 4, 1907. Col. John G. D. Knight, C.E., Room F 7, Army Building, New York city, in addition to his present duties, is appointed division engineer of the Northeast Division, vice Stickney, relieved.

Organizations which have recently joined the National Rifle Association of America since our last report are the following: Second class organizations—First Regiment, Minnesota, Col. C. McCall, Minneapolis, Minn.; 2d Regiment, Missouri, Col. W. A. Raupp, Pierce City, Mo.; 5th Regiment, Georgia, care Capt. Claude Smith, I.R.P., Atlanta, Ga. Third class civilian—Harvard Rifle and Pistol Club, Mr. Donald West, president, 27 Holyoke street, Cambridge, Mass.; Massachusetts Institute of Technology Rifle Club, Charles P. Schillaber, jr., secretary, 275 Beacon street, Boston, Mass.; Seattle Rifle and Revolver Association, James Gibson, secretary, 113 Seneca street, Seattle, Wash.; So. Providence Rifle and Revolver Club, Archer F. Williams, secretary, 105 Burnett street, Providence, R.I.; Public Schools Athletic League, Gen. Geo. W. Wingate, president, 20 Nassau street, New York city. In addition to the above, the following applications have been received for life membership in the Association: Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Chief of Staff, U.S.A.; Lieut. Col. R. K. Evans, U.S.A.; Senator Geo. Peabody Wetmore, Rhode Island; Winchester Bennett, New Haven, Conn.; Mr. Joel F. Vaile, Denver, Colo.; Mr. T. G. Bennett, New Haven, Conn.; Gen. Charles F. Robe, U.S.A., retired; Mr. B. Atwood Robinson, Boston, Mass.; Col. Wm. Cary Sanger, Sangerville, N.Y.; Mr. Jackson C. Gott, Baltimore, Md.; Mr. W. H. W. Blayney, Denver, Colo.; Mr. A. Monell, New York city; Mr. Spencer Penrose, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Lieut. Col. Geo. G. King, Chief of Ordnance, Ohio National Guard; Col. Alexander R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.; Gen. A. R. Buckingham, U.S.A., retired; Mr. George von L. Meyer, Postmaster General; Gen. Wm. Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, U.S.A. The preliminary arrangements having been completed for an international test for the Palma Trophy this year, to be held at the Rock Cliff range, Ottawa, Can., on Sept. 6, the executive committee of the N.R.A. will shortly meet to select the officers of the team, and arrange for a test for the selection of the members of the team.

Major George O. Squier, Signal Corps, U.S.A., in an article on "Weapons and Munitions of War" which appears in the Journal of the United States Cavalry Association, gives an interesting description of the wireless telegraph outfit with which exhaustive experiments are being conducted by the Army of Cuban Pacification. According to Major Squier, this outfit includes a sixty-foot mast, comprising jointed sections, which is held in an upright position by guy ropes. With a trained detachment, the mast can be erected and the whole station installed in fifteen to twenty minutes. The apparatus, including transmitting coil, condensers, keys, electrolytic receiver, head telephone, etc., is assembled in two pack chests, so that the entire outfit, including the mast, weighs but 320 pounds, and can be easily transported on two pack mules. The electric current is supplied by portable storage batteries, which are conveniently mounted for transportation, and they are recharged by a small gasoline-driven dynamo at the base of operations. For convenience in operating in the field, a tripod is furnished for mounting one of the chests. Several of these field outfits have already been furnished the Army of Cuban Pacification, and field messages are regularly transmitted and received by them over distances of twenty-five to thirty miles, while messages have been received at Camp Columbia, Cuba, from the wireless station at Key West, 125 miles distant. In addition, the Chief Signal Officer of the Army is at present constructing fifteen sets of field wireless equipments for tests during summer encampments. These sets aim to still further reduce the weight of this complete equipment, which will be contained in

one small pack chest made up like a trunk, having a length of about thirty-two inches, a width of about twenty inches, and a depth of about twelve inches, the weight being but about 140 pounds, not including the small portable battery.

Orders from the War Department this week detail the following officers for duty at the National Match to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio: Major Lloyd M. Brett, 1st Cav., as assistant executive officer; Capt. William L. Luhn, 10th Cav., as adjutant; and Lieut. Leonard L. Deirick, 13th Cav., as Q.M. and C.S.

The establishment of a national bank on the reservation at Fort Leavenworth, which has been authorized by the War Department, is an experiment which will no doubt be followed elsewhere if successful. We have an Army fire insurance company and a life insurance company; then why not an Army bank?

General Grant's frank criticism on court-martial cases has gotten him into trouble with a battalion commander who was criticised by name and who has appealed to the War Department on the ground that the criticism was a reprimand administered without the authority of a court-martial decision.

By the separation of the Coast and Field Artillery, 1st Lieut. Herbert G. Millar is saved the loss of six of the ten files of which he was deprived by sentence of court-martial. It was considered that to drop him ten files on the list of first lieutenants of Field Artillery would be in excess of the punishment prescribed. So he falls in behind the lieutenant who would have preceded him had there been no transfers. The lieutenants of Field Artillery who go over the head of Lieutenant Millar are Currie, Pratt, Brewster and De Armond.

The papers in the examinations in the Philippines of the candidates for commissions as assistant surgeons in the Army Medical Corps have not yet reached Washington, but are expected within a few days. It is expected that five of the twenty-two vacancies that will be left after the graduation of the present class in the Army Medical School have been appointed will be filled by candidates now in the Philippines. The Medical School class on receiving appointments will be sent at once to the Philippines to relieve officers there.

Thirteen second lieutenants from the Cavalry and Infantry services were examined May 4 to 12 at Fort Santiago, Manila, for transfer to the Artillery arm under the recent reorganization. These officers came to Manila from all parts of the Islands. The examination was competitive, with the understanding that the highest in standing should be in line for appointment as first lieutenants. It was expected that fully forty officers would enter the examination, but many at the last moment decided not to try, as they realized that they stood as good chances of getting their step where they were. Those who took the examination were Walter W. Merrill, 1st Inf.; C. S. Caffrey, 2d Inf.; James P. Wayland, 3d Cav.; H. D. R. Zimmerman, 7th Cav.; Fred A. Cook, 2d Inf., for the Field Artillery; and Chester H. Loop, 13th Inf.; W. P. Currier, 15th Inf.; John G. Hotz, 1st Inf.; Clarence A. Mitchell, 15th Inf.; Howard K. Loughry, 9th Inf.; Harry A. Schwabe, 13th Inf.; W. W. Rose, 16th Inf., and Joseph R. Davis, 8th Cav., for the Coast Artillery.

The War Department has not had opportunity to take action on the case of the arrest of Major Robert S. Woodson, Med. Dept., by Brig. Gen. Charles Morton, for reporting that he (Morton, then colonel of the 7th Cavalry), should be retired for disability. It is understood that no action prejudicial to Woodson will be taken, as it is held that he was acting in strict accordance with his duty.

OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

The Adjutant General, Washington: Manila, June 10, 1907. Transport Buford arrived June 8. WOOD.

THE ARMY.

S.O. JUNE 13, 1907, WAR DEPT.

Capt. Leonard D. Wildman and Capt. William Mitchell, Signal Corps, to enter class at Signal School, and will report at Fort Leavenworth Aug. 15.

The leave granted 1st Lieut. Samuel E. Lambert is extended one month, and that to 1st Lieut. Owen G. Collins, Coast Art., is extended three months.

Leave for two months is granted 2d Lieut. Walter C. Short, 25th Inf.

Major Reuben B. Turner, 8th Inf., relieved at Boise, Idaho, and will assume command of Pacific branch, military prison, Alcatraz Island.

First Lieut. Walter H. Smith, 8th Cav., is detailed to fill vacancy in Signal Corps, vice 1st Lieut. Wiley P. Mangum, jr., relieved and assigned to the 8th Cavalry.

First Lieut. Paul W. Beck, Signal Corps, will report for duty pertaining to target practice in Department of California.

Lieut. Col. John V. White, A.G., C.A.C., is relieved from duty in the Adjutant General's Department and will proceed to Fort Stevens, Ore., and take station.

G.O. 114, MAY 25, 1907, WAR DEPT.

Rescinds Par. II, G.O. 61, W.D., Dec. 16, 1905, and new instructions relating to abbreviations and conventional signs to be used in official correspondence and on maps, charts and fire-control diagrams are published.

G.O. 122, JUNE 6, 1907, WAR DEPT.

This order publishes the proceeding of the G.C.M. at Hollis, Panay, P.I., of which Lieut. Col. Alex. O. Brodie, Mil. Sec. Dept., was president, and Capt. William B. Cochran, 24th Inf., judge advocate, for the trial of Pvt. William Taylor, Co. M, 24th Inf.

Charge I.—Shooting his superior officer in violation of the 21st Article of War.

The five specifications under this charge alleged that Private (then Q.M. Sergeant) William Taylor, Co. M, 24th Inf., shot 1st Lieut. Robert B. Calvert, 24th Inf., with a Colt's revolver, caliber .38, the balls striking Lieutenant Calvert in the right shoulder, in the abdomen, in the back, in the head, and in the scrotum, and causing his death at Albuerta, Leyte, Oct. 16, 1906.

Charge II.—Conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d Article of War.

The two specifications under this charge alleged that Taylor threatened to kill Pvt. George W. Smith, Co. M, 24th Inf., and that he was insubordinate and made use of menacing words towards Lieutenant Calvert.

He was found guilty and was sentenced "To be hung by the neck until he is dead, at such time and place as the reviewing authority may direct, two-thirds of the members of the court present concurring therein."

The sentence having been approved by the convening authority and the record of trial having been forwarded for the action of the President, under the 105th Article of War, the following are his orders thereon:

The White House, June 5, 1907.

In the foregoing case of Pvt. William Taylor, Co. M, 24th Inf., the sentence is confirmed and will be duly carried into execution at such time and place as may be designated by the commanding general, Department of the Visayas, P.I.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

G.O. 123, JUNE 7, 1907, WAR DEPT.

I. Par. II, G.O. 153, W.D., Sept. 11, 1906, is rescinded, to take effect July 1, 1907.

II. Announces that the 128th Co. C.A.C., will be organized at Fort McHenry, Md., and, as nearly as practicable, one-third of the enlisted men of the 4th Co., C.A.C., stationed at Fort Point, will be transferred to the 128th Company. In carrying out the provisions of this order every third sergeant, corporal, and private, as their names appear on the muster roll and pay roll of the 4th Company, together with one cook, one musician, and one mechanic, will be selected for transfer to the 128th Co., C.A.C.

A pro rata share of the company fund, including stock in the post exchange, will be transferred from the 4th Company to the 128th Company.

G.O. 127, JUNE 10, 1907, WAR DEPT.

The following changes, by the President, in the permanent assignment of officers to the Coast Artillery and to the Field Artillery, respectively, under the requirements of an Act of Congress approved Jan. 25, 1907, made May 4, 1907, and published in G.O. 102, May 4, 1907, W.D., are announced:

To the Coast Artillery instead of the Field Artillery: First Lieut. Ernest S. Wheeler, Guy B. G. Hanna, Richard I. Kenney, William T. Carpenter, Julius C. Peterson, Walter E. Donahue.

To the Field Artillery instead of the Coast Artillery: First Lieut. Beverly F. Browne, Pelham D. Glassford, Robert M. Danford, Otto V. Kean, William H. Dodds, Jr., John S. Hammond.

By order of the Acting Secretary of War:
WILLIAM P. DUVALLE, Brig. Gen., Act. C. of S.

G.O. 128, JUNE 10, 1907, WAR DEPT.

Amends paragraphs 331 and 1,209, Army Regulations, as amended by par. I, G.O., No. 76, W.D., April 15, 1906, and by par. II, G.O., No. 180, W.D., July 16, 1906, to take effect July 1, 1907.

G.O. 129, JUNE 11, 1907, WAR DEPT.

1. In view of the fact that the present territorial divisions in the United States will be abolished on June 30, 1907, the usual small-arms competitions, as prescribed in Part VII of Small-Arms Firing Regulations, heretofore held in the United States, will be discontinued and combined departmental competitions will be installed in their stead. These combined competitions will be classed and held as indicated below, and will be under the direction of the department commander named in each case:

Rifle Competitions.

Atlantic, at Fort Niagara, N.Y., to begin July 29; under the direction of the commanding general, Department of the East.

Northern, at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, to begin July 29; under the direction of the commanding general, Department of the Lakes.

Pacific, at the Presidio of Monterey, California, to begin July 29; under the direction of the commanding general, Department of California.

Southwestern, at Leon Springs, Texas, to begin July 29; under the direction of the commanding general, Department of Texas.

Army, at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, to begin August 12; under the direction of the commanding general, Department of the Lakes, and will be preceded by the prescribed preliminary practice on August 9 and 10.

Pistol Competitions.

Each combined pistol competition will be held at the same place as the rifle competition, and will begin immediately after the completion of the latter event.

The Army competition will be held at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, and will begin immediately after the completion of the Army competition.

2. All combined competitions must be concluded in time to enable the competitors for the Army teams to reach Fort Sheridan not later than August 8 for the competitors for the rifle team, and August 13 for the competitors for the pistol team.

The department commanders designated in section 1 of this order will issue the orders necessary to insure fulfillment of the requirements of the foregoing paragraph.

3. The Army competitions will be under the supervision of the commanding general, Department of the Lakes, who is charged with the arrangement of all necessary details, and who, on completion of the competitions, will order all enlisted men connected therewith to return to their proper stations, excepting those who succeed in obtaining places on the Army teams. The latter, together with such commissioned competitors as shall make scores equal to or greater than the score made by any member of those teams will, if they so desire, be sent to Camp Perry, Port Clinton, Ohio, to take part in the national individual and national pistol matches, and the matches of the National Rifle Association, which will begin at that place on August 19. The officer in charge of the Army competitions and all officers who serve as his assistants in conducting those competitions will be directed to proceed to Camp Perry and report to Lieut. Col. Robert K. Evans, 5th Inf., not later than August 23, 1907, for duty in connection with the national matches. All officers and enlisted men will be directed to return to their proper stations upon the completion of those matches.

Enlisted men who participate in the Army competitions may be granted furloughs of not exceeding twenty days in returning to their respective stations.

It being impracticable for the enlisted competitors to utilize rations of any kind, commutation thereof will be paid in advance at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) a day for each man for the number of days' travel required under this order.

CIR. 38, JUNE 1, 1907, WAR DEPT.

This circular publishes regulations of the War Department governing the acceptance of corporate sureties on bonds required under this Department, and accompanying list, corrected to present date, showing surety companies which have qualified to do business.

CIR. 39, JUNE 7, 1907, WAR DEPT.

I. The C.O., Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., will issue to all troops serving in the United States, Cuba, Porto Rico, Alaska, and Hawaii Territory equipped with the U.S. magazine rifle, caliber .30, model of 1903, a sufficient number of gun slings of the latest design to fully equip the authorized enlisted strength of each organization, including the additional strength authorized by G.O. No. 142, W.D., Aug. 14, 1906.

As shipments of the new gun slings will begin immediately, all gun slings of the old design now in service will be turned in to the Rock Island Arsenal for alteration as soon as practicable after receipt of gun slings of the new design.

II. Publishes a list of publications which may be supplied, by purchase, for cash from the War Department, for the use of the militia.

G.O. 57, MAY 25, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.

Announces that the Pacific rifle competition and the Pacific pistol competition for 1907, of the troops stationed in the Departments of California and the Columbia, will be held at the Presidio of Monterey, Cal., as follows:

Pacific Rifle Competition: Aug. 1 to 6, excepting Sunday, preceded by the preliminary practice on July 30 and 31.

Pacific Pistol Competition: Aug. 7 and 8.

Competitors, distinguished marksmen and distinguished pistol shots belonging to the 2d Battalion, 20th Inf., will be held at the Presidio of Monterey until the conclusion of the competitions. The C.O., Camp McKinley, H.T., will send the competitors from headquarters, staff and Co. L, 3d Battalion, 10th Inf., to the Presidio of Monterey on the transport leaving Manila about June 9.

The requirements of this order will not extend to troops serving in Alaska, excepting those stationed, or under orders for station, at Forts William H. Seward and Lisicum.

Col. Joseph Garrard, 15th Cav., is announced as the officer in charge of the competitions.

G.O. 61, JUNE 4, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.

'Capt. Edwin C. Long, in addition to his other duties, will take charge of the office of the chief signal officer of the department as acting chief signal officer, relieving Major Edwin A. Root, 19th Inf., of that duty.

CIR. 9, MAY 25, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.

This circular publishes the procedure to be taken in securing evidence against purchasers of uniform clothing, etc., from enlisted men, and in prosecuting such purchasers, and the steps (resulting most successfully in convictions in several cases), which were pursued by Capt. J. J. Bradley, 14th Inf., judge advocate, Dept. of the Columbia, for the guidance of all who may undertake to stop such unlawful traffic.

G.O. 28, MAY 29, 1907, DEPT. OF COLORADO.

This order announces that Brig. Gen. E. D. Thomas assumes command of the department.

G.O. 31, JUNE 1, 1907, DEPT. OF COLORADO.

This order announces that 1st Lieut. Richard P. Rifenberck, jr., 29th Inf., is appointed A.D.C. to General Thomas.

G.O. 19, MAY 27, 1907, DEPT. OF DAKOTA.

Troop L, 6th Cav., Fort Keogh, Montana, will stand relieved from duty in this department Aug. 30, 1907, and will proceed to San Francisco, for embarkation on the transport sailing for Manila, Sept. 5, 1907, and the discharges and re-enlistments in this organization will be begun at once instead of on Sept. 5, 1907, as heretofore directed.

G.O. 20, MAY 28, 1907, DEPT. OF DAKOTA.

The headquarters, band and 1st Squadron, 2d Cav., Fort Assiniboine, will stand relieved from duty in this department on June 10, 1907, and will proceed on that date by rail to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for station.

The command will be accompanied by Contract Surg. Frederick H. Mills and such number of Hospital Corps men as may be deemed necessary, who will return to Fort Assiniboine, Mont., upon the completion of this duty.

A detachment consisting of three non-commissioned officers and seventeen men of the 2d Cav., under command of Capt. John J. Boniface, 2d Cav., will be left at post as guard.

G.O. 35, JUNE 3, 1907, DEPT. OF THE GULF.

Lieut. Col. William W. Gray, deputy surg. gen., now at these headquarters, is announced as chief surgeon of the department, and attending surgeon at these headquarters, relieving Col. Joseph B. Girard, asst. surg. gen., who will comply with Par. 11, S.O. No. 126, c.s., W.D.

G.O. 40, MAY 31, 1907, DEPT. OF MISSOURI.

During the temporary absence on leave of Major Thomas Cruse, Q.M., chief quartermaster of the department, Major Thomas Swobe, Q.M., will perform the duties of acting chief quartermaster.

G.O. 41, JUNE 1, 1907, DEPT. OF MISSOURI.

During the absence on leave of Capt. Roderic P. O'Connor, asst. surg., Major Charles R. Noyes, A.G., will, in addition to his present duties, assume charge of the office of the chief surgeon of the Department.

G.O. 43, JUNE 3, 1907, DEPT. OF TEXAS.

The headquarters, band and staff, 25th Inf., and 2d Battalion of that regiment, will upon arrival at Fort Bliss, Texas, of the 1st Battalion, 19th Inf., be relieved from duty in this department, and will proceed by rail to Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., and there await further orders.

G.O. 49, JUNE 4, 1907, DEPT. OF TEXAS.

The 3d Squadron, 13th Cav., will be relieved from duty at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, on arrival at that post of the 12th and 19th Batteries, Field Art., and will proceed by marching to Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and there take station.

G.O. 50, JUNE 5, 1907, DEPT. OF TEXAS.

Major Ernest Hinds, A.G., is assigned to duty as assistant to the adjutant general of the department.

G.O. 64, MAY 31, 1907, ARMY OF CUBAN PACN.

First Lieut. Edward Davis, 11th Cav., is relieved from further duty at these headquarters and will report to the C.O., Camp Columbia, for duty with his troop.

By command of Brigadier General Barry:
MILLARD F. WALTZ, Lieut. Col., G.S., C. of S.

G.O. 33, MAY 1, 1907, DEPT. OF LUZON.

Announces that Harry F. Rethers, 9th Inf., aide-de-camp, is commanding officer of the detachment of enlisted men these headquarters and is post exchange officer, relieving Capt. Malvern-Hill Barnum, 8th Cav., aide-de-camp.

G.O. 28, APRIL 20, 1907, DEPT. OF VISAYAS.

The 12th Co., P.S., is relieved from duty at Tambo, Samar, and will take station at Camp McCrea, Samar. Members of the Hospital Corps at Tambo will proceed to Camp McCrea, Samar, and report for duty.

The 14th Co., P.S., upon being relieved by the 12th Company at Camp McCrea, will proceed via Mutison and Bascy, Samar, to and take station at Dawa, Samar.

Upon the completion of these movements, Tambo, Samar, will be abandoned as a military station.

GENERAL STAFF.

Leave for three months, to take effect between June 20 and 30, 1907, is granted Col. George S. Anderson, general staff. (June 6, W.D.)

The leave granted Major Henry L. Ripley, general staff, is extended two months and seven days. (June 8, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. George A. Dodd, Gen. Staff, upon the discontinuance of the Northern Division, will report in person to the commanding general, Dept. of the Lakes, for duty as chief of staff of that department. (June 12, W.D.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Leave for ten days is granted Lieut. Col. H. E. Robinson, A.G., to take effect about June 5, 1907. (June 3, A.D.)

Major William H. Sage, A.G., is relieved from duty in Washington and will proceed to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., for duty as adjutant general, Department of Columbia. (June 8, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Leave for two months, with permission to apply for an extension of one month, is granted Major John T. French, jr., Q.M. (June 8, W.D.)

Capt. Evan H. Humphrey, Q.M., is relieved from duty as depot and purchasing commissary at Honolulu, Hawaii Territory, to take effect upon the occupation of the new post now being constructed at that place. (June 10, W.D.)

Capt. Ira L. Fredendall, Q.M., having reported at San Francisco, will return to his proper station at Boston. (June 10, W.D.)

Leave for three months and fifteen days, to take effect July 1, 1907, is granted Col. James W. Pope, A.Q.M.G. (June 8, W.D.)

Post Q.M. Sergt. Adolph Wels (appointed May 25, 1907, from sergt. major, 29th Inf.), now at Fort Douglas, will be sent to the Presidio of Monterey, to relieve Post Q.M. Sergt. John G. Geisler, who will be sent to the recruit depot, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., to relieve Post Q.M. Sergt. Samuel T. Robertson. Sergeant Robertson will be sent to Fort Hunt, Va., to relieve Post Q.M. Sergt. James Hackett. (June 6, W.D.)

Post Q.M. Sergt. Frank Lisiecki, Santiago, will be sent to Placetas, for duty. (May 29, A.C.P.)

Post Q.M. Sergt. John M. Hactor, now at San Francisco, will be sent to Washington Barracks, D.C., for duty. (June 12, W.D.)

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

The following changes in the stations and duties of commissaries are ordered: Capt. Cecil Stewart upon arrival at San Francisco, will proceed to Fort Riley, for temporary duty, to take a course in the School for Bakers and Cooks at that

post, and upon the completion of this duty will return to his proper station. Capt. Lawrence B. Simonds from duty as assistant to the purchasing commissary, San Francisco, at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed on the transport to sail from San Francisco about Aug. 5, 1907, to Manila, for assignment to duty in the subsistence department in that division, to relieve Capt. Louis H. Bash, who will proceed to San Francisco, for further orders. (June 8, W.D.)

Par. 15, S.O., 119, W.D., May 21, 1907, relating to Post Commissary Sergts. Joshua E. Banks and Harry Corcoran, is revoked. (June 6, W.D.)

Post Commissary Sergt. Joshua E. Banks, Fort Ogleshorpe, Ga., upon expiration of furlough will report to C.O. of that post for duty. (June 6, W.D.)

Post Coms. Sergt. Andrew J. Merrill, Camp McKinley, Honolulu, will proceed on the first available transport leaving Honolulu to San Francisco, thence to the Presidio of Monterey for duty pending the Pacific rifle and pistol competitions. (June 3, D. Cal.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. Col. William H. Corbusier, deputy surg. gen., will proceed from Vancouver Barracks to Seattle, Wash., thence to Fort Lisicum, Fort William H. Seward, Fort Egbert, Fort Gibbon, Fort S. Michael and Fort Davis, Alaska, on official business pertaining to the inspection of the medical department, hospitals and sanitary conditions of the posts named, and then return via Seattle, Wash., to his proper station. (June 7, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. Verge E. Sweazy, asst. surg., is extended fifteen days. (June 10, W.D.)

Contract Surg. John D. Brooks, Fort Meade, will accompany 1st Lieut. Wiley P. Mangum, Signal Corps, under orders to proceed to the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, D.C., for observation and treatment. (June 1, D.Mo.)

Contract Surg. Howard M. Snyder, Cheyenne, Wyo., will proceed to Fort Douglas, for duty. (June 8, W.D.)

Leave for two months to take effect on or about July 25, 1907, is granted Major James D. Glennan, surg. (June 8, W.D.)

The following officers will repair to Washington, D.C., and report June 10, 1907, to the president of a retiring board at the Navy Department as witnesses in the case of Lieut. Col. Constantine M. Perkins, U.S.M.C.: Col. William C. Gorgas, asst. surg. gen., Major Charles E. Woodruff, surg. (June 7, W.D.)

Contract Surg. Oswald F. Henning is relieved from temporary duty at Fort Barrancas, and upon expiration of his present leave will return to his proper station, Fort Sheridan, Ill. (June 6, W.D.)

The following changes in the stations and duties of dental surgeons, United States Army, are ordered: Dental Surg. Edwin P. Tignor, now at Tacoma, Wash., will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, for temporary duty relieving Dental Surg. Raymond E. Ingalls. Upon the return of Dental Surg. John D. Millikin to Fort Leavenworth Dental Surg. Tignor will proceed to Fort Adams, for duty, relieving Dental Surg. F. Homer Wolven. Dental Surg. Ingalls when relieved at Fort Leavenworth will proceed to San Francisco, and take the first available transport for the Philippine Islands, for duty. Dental Surg. Wolven upon being relieved at Fort Adams will proceed to San Francisco, and take the first available transport for the Philippine Islands, for duty. (June 6, W.D.)

Capt. David Baker, asst. surg., will, upon being relieved from duty at Bejucal, Havana, proceed to Guanajay, Pinar del Rio, for duty. (May 29, A.C.P.)

Capt. Clarence J. Manly, asst. surg., will proceed from Camp Columbia to Guines, Havana, for temporary duty. (May 29, A.C.P.)

Leave for one month is granted Major Edward L. Munson, surg., Fort Sheridan. (June 6, D. Lakes.)

Contract Surg. Arthur C. Delacroix will report at Presidio of San Francisco for duty. (June 3, D. Cal.)

First Lieut. Ernest G. Bingham, asst. surg., will report for assignment to duty at the General Hospital, the Presidio of San Francisco. (June 11, W.D.)

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. Ernest G. Bingham, asst. surg. (June 11, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. Paul C. Hutton, asst. surg., is extended fourteen days. (June 11, W.D.)

Capt. Christopher C. Collins, asst. surg., from duty at Fort Walla Walla upon the expiration of his present leave, and will then proceed to Fort Riley for duty. (June 11, W.D.)

First Lieut. Jess H. Harris, asst. surg., is relieved from duty at Fort Assiniboine when his services are no longer required at that post, and will then proceed to Fort Worden for duty. (June 11, W.D.)

Contract Surg. Frederick H. Mills from duty at Fort Assiniboine when his services are no longer required, and will then proceed to Fort Flagler for duty. (June 11, W.D.)

The leave granted Dental Surg. George L. Mason is extended one month. (June 12, W.D.)

Sergt. First Class Frederick Schumacher, H.C., now at Kuptersell, Oberamt Oehringen, Wurttemberg, Germany, on or before expiration of furlough will report at Fort Jay, N.Y. (June 12, W.D.)

Sergt. First Class William McFarland, H.C., Fort Mott, N.J., will be sent to Fort Myer, Va., for observation and treatment. (June 12, W.D.)

Sergt. Francis E. Chase, H.C., Augusta Arsenal, Ga., upon the arrival of Sergt. First Class Jason D. Byers, H.C., will be sent to Fort McCrea, for treatment. (June 10, W.D.)

Sergt. First Class Jason D. Byers, H.C., Fort Leavenworth, will be sent at once to Augusta Arsenal, to relieve Sergt. Neil M. Yongue, H.C., who will be sent to Key West Barracks, for duty. (June 10, W.D.)

PAY DEPARTMENT.

Capt. Charles G. Dwyer, paymr., will repair to Washington on June 25, 1907, for temporary duty in the office of the post paymr. (June 10, W.D.)

Capt. Charles W. Fenton, paymr., is relieved from duty in Washington to take effect about June 25, 1907, and will then proceed to Boston. (June 10, W.D.)

Leave from July 15 to Aug. 31, 1907, both dates inclusive, is granted Major Timothy D. Keleher, paymr. (June 8, W.D.)

Major Beecher B. Ray, paymr., is assigned to duty at these headquarters, with station in San Francisco. (June 4, D. Cal.)

Leave for two months, to take effect about July 1, 1907, is granted Lieut. Col. Elijah W. Halford, deputy paymr. general. (June 12, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Elijah W. Halford, deputy paymr. general, is relieved from duty in the Department of California, to take effect upon the expiration of the leave granted him, when he will proceed to his home preparatory to his retirement from active service. (June 12, W.D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

First Lieut. William L. Guthrie, C.O., will proceed to Fort Keogh, not later than June 18, 1907, for duty pertaining to the National Match. (May 31, A.C.P.)

The retirement of Col. James B. Quinn, C.E., from active service on June 9, 1907, is announced. Colonel Quinn will proceed to his home. (June 10, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. George McC. Derby, C.E., upon his own application, after more than thirty-two years' service, is retired from active service June 7, 1907, and will proceed to his home. (June 7, W.D.)

Major Thomas H. Rees, C.E., upon arrival at Newport News, will repair to Washington and report to the Chief of Engineers for consultation on business pertaining to certain questions pending before the board of officers on engineer equipment of troops, and will then join his proper station at Fort Leavenworth. (June 11, W.D.)

The following officers of the Corps of Engineers will report to Lieut. Col. John Biddle, C.E., president of the examining board at San Francisco, for examination to determine their fitness for promotion: 2d Lieut. Jarvis J. Bain and Thomas H. Emerson. (June 12, W.D.)

The following officers of the Corps of Engineers will report in person to Col. John G. D. Knight, C.E., president of the examining board at the Army building, New York city, for examination for promotion: Capt. John S. Sewell and James F. McIndoe, and 2d Lieut. William F. Endress. (June 12, W.D.)

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. Ralph T. Ward, C.E., to take effect upon the completion of the course of in-

struction at the Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D.C. (June 12, W.D.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Ordnance Department are ordered: Lieut. Col. Frank E. Hobbs from the command of the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., to take effect August 1, 1907, and will then proceed to Rock Island, Ill., and assume command of the Rock Island Arsenal, relieving Col. Stanhope E. Blunt, who will proceed to Springfield, Mass., and assume command of the Springfield Arsenal. Capt. William A. Phillips from duty at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., to take effect June 25, 1907, to the Springfield Arsenal, Mass., for duty. Capt. Fred H. Gallup from duty at the Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., to take effect upon the expiration of the leave granted him, and will proceed to the Watertown Arsenal, for duty. Capt. Henning F. Colley from duty at the Frankfort Arsenal, Philadelphia, Penn., June 25, 1907, to the Watertown Arsenal, Mass., for duty. Capt. Lucian B. Moody from duty at the Watervliet Arsenal, Watervliet, N.Y., July 1, 1907, to Manila, for duty. Capt. James B. Dillard from duty at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., June 25, 1907, to the Watertown Arsenal, Mass., for duty. Capt. David C. Seagrave from duty at Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., to June 25, 1907, to the United States Powder Depot, Dover, N.J., for duty.

First Lieut. John E. Munroe from duty at the Springfield Arsenal, Mass., June 25, 1907, to the Frankfort Arsenal, Philadelphia, Penn., for duty. First Lieut. Mark L. Ireland from duty at Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., June 15, 1907, to the Frankfort Arsenal, Penn., for duty. First Lieut. Matthew A. Cross from duty at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., June 25, 1907, to the Springfield Arsenal, Mass., for duty. First Lieut. John Lund from duty at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.J., June 25, 1907, to the Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., for duty. (June 8, W.D.)

Par. 37, S.O. 126, W.D., May 29, 1907, relating to Ord. Sergt. Joseph Boan, is revoked. He will, upon the receipt of this order, be placed upon the retired list. (June 11, W.D.)

Ord. Sergt. Caspar Mink, Fort Mansfield, R.I., will be sent to Fort Moultrie, S.C., to relieve Ord. Sergt. James Magon, who will be sent to Fort Mansfield, R.I., for duty. (June 12, W.D.)

Leave for two months, to take effect on or about July 1, 1907, is granted Capt. Frederic W. Hinrichs, Jr., O.D. (June 12, W.D.)

Ord. Sergt. Joseph Pettit, upon the receipt of this order will be placed upon the retired list. (June 6, W.D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

Capt. Daniel J. Carr, Signal Corps, having reported at San Francisco, will repair to Washington for duty. (June 10, W.D.)

Capt. George C. Burnett, Signal Corps, with a detachment of twenty men of Co. G, Signal Corps, will proceed from Fort Wood, N.Y.H., to Peekskill, N.Y., for temporary duty with the encampment of the National Guard of New York from June 8 to 15. (June 7, D.E.)

Major Edgar Russel, Signal Corps, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kas., for temporary duty to observe the field exercises in which the Signal School is engaged. (June 12, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

1ST CAVALRY.—COL. G. S. ANDERSON.

Major Lloyd M. Brett, 1st Cav., is detailed as assistant executive officer of the national match, to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, and when his services are needed will proceed to that place. (June 10, W.D.)

2D CAVALRY.—COL. F. WEST.

First Lieut. Morton C. Mumma, 2d Cav., Fort Assiniboine, will proceed to Fort Keogh, Mont., in time to report not later than June 18, 1907, for duty pertaining to the selection of a team to represent the Cavalry arm of the Service in the National Match. (May 31, D.D.)

5TH CAVALRY.—COL. W. S. SCHUYLER.

The following officers will proceed to Fort Keogh, Mont., in time to reach that post not later than June 18, 1907, for duty pertaining to the selection of a team to represent the Cavalry arm of the Service in the National Match, to be held at Camp Perry, Port Clinton, Ohio: 1st Lieut. Lewis Forster, 5th Cav., Fort Huachuca; 1st Lieut. Charles C. Winnia, 5th Cav., Fort Huachuca, Ariz. (June 1, D. Colo.)

The enlisted men hereafter named will be sent by their post commanders to Fort Keogh, Mont., not later than June 18, 1907, for duty in connection with the selection of a team to represent the Cavalry arm of the Service in the National Match to be held at Camp Perry, Port Clinton, Ohio, beginning Aug. 26 next: Sergt. Sant Johnson, Troop M, 5th Cav., Fort Duchesne, Utah; Trumpeter Lester Slagle, Troop G, 5th Cav., Fort Apache, Ariz. (May 31, D. Colo.)

7TH CAVALRY.—COL. F. K. WARD.

Q.M. Sergt. Andrew White, 7th Cav., upon the receipt of this order will be placed upon the retired list. (June 6, W.D.)

8TH CAVALRY.—COL. H. P. KINGSBURY.

Leave for three months, to take effect about July 1, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. Kinzie B. Edmunds, 8th Cav. (June 1, N.D.)

The leave granted Capt. Rush S. Wells, 8th Cav., is further extended one month. (June 10, W.D.)

The leave granted 2d Lieut. Albert H. Mueller, 8th Cav., is extended one month and twenty days. (May 28, D. Mo.)

First Lieut. Duncan Elliot, 8th Cav., Fort Robinson, will proceed to Fort Meade, S.D., for duty as assistant to Capt. Carter P. Johnson, 2d Cav., in transferring certain Ute Indians to the Cheyenne River Indian Reservation. (June 7, D. Mo.)

Major Henry T. Allen, 8th Cav., is relieved from duty as chief of the Philippine Constabulary with the rank of brigadier general, to take effect June 30, 1907. He will proceed on or before that date to join his regiment. (June 12, W.D.)

10TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. A. AUGUR.

Capt. William L. Luhn, 10th Cav., is detailed as adjutant for the National Match, to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio. (June 10, W.D.)

11TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. PARKER.

Leave for two months, with permission to visit the United States, is granted Capt. Stephen H. Elliott, 11th Cav., to take effect about June 15, 1907. (May 31, A.C.P.)

Leave for twenty-three days, about June 8, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. Richard C. Burleson, 11th Cav., Fort Des Moines, Iowa. (June 6, D. Mo.)

12TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. B. KERR.

First Lieut. Oscar S. Lusk, 12th Cav., will proceed to Fort Bayard, N.M., General Hospital, for observation and treatment. (June 6, W.D.)

13TH CAVALRY.—COL. C. A. P. HATFIELD.

First Lieut. Leonard L. Deitrick, 13th Cav., is detailed as Q.M. and C.S. for the National Match, to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, and will proceed to that place at the appointed time. (June 10, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Walter L. Finley, 13th Cav., is relieved from duty at Fort Riley, when the 1st Squadron, 13th Cav., shall leave that post, and will proceed to Fort Sheridan for duty with the squadron of the 13th Cavalry to be stationed there. (June 8, W.D.)

14TH CAVALRY.—COL. E. A. GODWIN.

First Lieut. Frechorn P. Holcomb, 14th Cav., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at the Louisiana State University, Ada, Ohio, to take effect Aug. 16, 1907, vice Capt. Joseph F. Janda, 1st Inf., relieved, and will then join his regiment. (June 8, W.D.)

Capt. Lewis S. Sorley, 14th Inf., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge, La., to take effect Sept. 1, 1907, vice Capt. Alvan C. Reed, 12th Inf., relieved, and will join his regiment. (June 8, W.D.)

The following transfers of officers of the 14th Cavalry are ordered: Capt. Oren B. Meyer from Troop K to Troop E, and Matthew C. Smith from Troop E to Troop K: Captain Smith will join his troop at Boise Barracks. (June 4, Pac. D.)

15TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. GARRARD.

Capt. Julian R. Lindsey, 15th Cav., will proceed to Fort Keogh, and report in person, not later than June 18, 1907, for duty pertaining to the National Match. (May 31, A.C.P.)

Lieut. Col. Francis H. Hardie, 15th Cav., will proceed to Cienfuegos, Cuba, and assume command of that station and of the 15th Cavalry. (May 31, A.C.P.)

Squadron Sergt. Major Frederick Koch, 15th Cav., upon the receipt of this order will be placed upon the retired list. (June 6, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

We publish on page 1140 in this issue an important special order from the War Department assigning officers of Field Artillery to the regiments, battalions and batteries recently organized.

So much of Par. 21, S.O. 132, June 6, 1907, W.D., as assigns 1st Lieut. Richard I. McKenney to Battery F, 2d Field Artillery, is revoked. Lieutenant McKenney is placed on the unassigned list, C.A.C., and will proceed to Fort Monroe for duty until Aug. 28, 1907, when he will report to the commandant, Artillery School, for the purpose of taking the course of instruction. (June 10, W.D.)

Leave for thirty days is granted 1st Lieut. William T. Carpenter, F.A., Fort Rosecrans, (May 29, D. Cal.)

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. Charles J. Ferris, F.A., Fort Rosecrans, (May 29, D. Cal.)

Par. 1, S.O. 131, c.s., these headquarters, directing Capt. R. H. McMaster, F.A., to proceed to Fort Totten, N.Y., for temporary duty, is revoked. (June 8, D.E.)

Leave for twenty days is granted Capt. Charles C. Pulis, 6th F.A., to take effect upon his being relieved from duty at the Presidio of San Francisco. (June 12, W.D.)

Veterinarian Lester E. Willyoung, 1st F.A., is detailed to attend the annual meeting of the American Veterinary Medical Association to be held at Kansas City, Mo., from Sept. 10 to 13, 1907. (June 12, W.D.)

Capt. Conrad H. Lanza, F.A., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Q.M. Dept. (June 12, W.D.)

Capt. Adrian S. Fleming, recently assigned to the 4th F.A., will proceed to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and join organization to which assigned. (June 12, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are ordered: 1st Lieut. Nathan Horowitz is transferred from the 86th Co., C.A. Corps, to the unassigned list and detailed for general recruiting service, to take effect upon the completion of the joint Army and Militia coast defense exercises at Fort Wadsworth, N.Y., and will then proceed to Fort Slocum for duty. Capt. Hugh J. B. McElgin is relieved from duty on recruiting service and at the recruit depot at Fort Slocum, N.Y., and assigned to the 106th Co., C.A.C., to take effect upon the arrival of Lieutenant Horowitz at Fort Slocum, and will then join the company to which he is assigned. (June 7, W.D.)

The following promotions and assignment of officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are announced:

Lieut. Col. John P. Wisser promoted to colonel, rank May 27, 1907.

Major Frederick S. Strong promoted to lieutenant colonel, rank May 27, 1907.

Capt. Delamere Skerrett promoted to major, rank May 27, 1907.

First Lieut. Henry R. Casey promoted to captain, rank May 27, 1907, assigned to 27th Co., C.A.C.

Colonel Wisser, Lieutenant Colonel Strong and Major Skerrett will remain on duty at their present stations. Captain Casey will join company to which assigned. (June 8, W.D.)

Leave for four months, to take effect Sept. 3, 1907, with permission to go beyond the sea, is granted 1st Lieut. William M. Colvin, C.A.C. (June 10, W.D.)

So much of Par. 8, S.O. 119, May 21, 1907, W.D., as transfers Capt. Lloyd England, C.A.C., to the 48th Co., C.A.C., is amended so as to assign him to the 50th Co., C.A.C. (June 10, W.D.)

So much of Par. 1, S.O. 124, c.s., these headquarters, as directs 1st Lieut. Walter C. Baker, C.A.C., to report to the C.O., Artillery District of the Potomac for temporary duty, is revoked. (June 10, D.E.)

The following transfers of officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are made to take effect this date: Capt. William E. Doores from the 23d Co. to the 104th Co.; Capt. William H. Monroe from the 104th Co. to the 23d Co. The officers named will join the companies to which transferred. (June 8, W.D.)

First Lieut. Frederic H. Smith, C.A.C., is transferred from the 6th Co., C.A.C., to the unassigned list. (June 8, W.D.)

First Lieut. John E. Holcombe, C.A.C., is relieved from assignment to the 16th Co., C.A.C., and is attached to the 128th Co., C.A.C. He will join the company at Fort McHenry. (June 8, W.D.)

First Lieut. James D. Watson, C.A.C., is transferred from the 21st Co. to the 128th Co., and will proceed to Fort McHenry, Md., and organize that company. (June 8, W.D.)

Leave for twenty days is granted 1st Lieut. Thomas B. Doe, C.A.C. (June 8, W.D.)

Leave for four months, with permission to go beyond sea, is granted 1st Lieut. Theodore H. Koch, C.A.C. (June 6, W.D.)

So much of Par. 23, S.O. 115, May 16, 1907, W.D., as relates to 1st Lieut. Theodore H. Koch, C.A.C., is revoked. (June 6, W.D.)

S.O. 47, c.s., these headquarters, relating to 1st Lieut. Lloyd P. Horsfall, C.A.C., is revoked. (June 4, Pac. D.)

Capt. L. S. Miller, C.A.C., is granted leave for one month, from about July 7, 1907. (May 28, D.G.)

First Lieut. Clarence B. Ross, C.A.C., is granted leave for two months, to take effect upon completion of the joint Army and Militia coast defense exercises in the Artillery District of Savannah. (May 28, D.G.)

Leave for one month, to take effect on or about June 5, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. William E. DeSombre, C.A., Presidio of San Francisco. (June 8, D. Cal.)

First Lieut. Carl E. Wiggin, C.A.C., will proceed to Fort Washington, Md., not later than July 6, 1907, for temporary duty during the joint Army and Militia coast defense exercises, which will take place during the period from July 15 to 31, 1907. (June 12, D.E.)

Leave for three months is granted Capt. Claudius M. Seaman, C.A.C., to take effect upon the completion of the joint exercises in the Artillery District of Portland. (June 11, W.D.)

Sergt. Major Angus G. Walden, J.G., C.A.C., Fort Williams, Me., will be sent to Fort McHenry, Md., for duty. (June 6, W.D.)

Sergt. Major James R. Potter, J.G., C.A.C. (appointed June 4, 1907, from sergeant, 13th Co., C.A.C.), now at Fort Monroe, will report to the C.O. of that post for duty. (June 6, W.D.)

Sergt. Patrick Moriarty, 124th Co., C.A.C., will be placed upon the retired list. (June 11, W.D.)

INFANTRY.

1ST INFANTRY.—COL. G. K. MCGUNNEGLE.

The leave granted Chaplain Joseph Casey, 1st Inf., is extended fifteen days. (June 6, W.D.)

Capt. Edward A. Shuttleworth, now unassigned, is assigned to the 1st Infantry. He will be assigned to a company by his regimental commander and will join company. (June 8, W.D.)

3D INFANTRY.—COL. T. C. WOODBURY.

Col. Thomas C. Woodbury, 3d Inf., department commander, accompanied by Lieut. Col. Samuel R. Jones, chief Q.M., will proceed to Fort Stevens, Ore., Fort Columbia and Fort Canby, Wash., and make the annual inspection thereat. (May 28, D. Col.)

4TH INFANTRY.—COL. E. B. BOLTON.

Major John C. F. Tillson, 4th Inf., Fort Thomas, Ky., is detailed to attend the encampment of the Infantry organizations, Illinois National Guard, from June 15 to Aug. 10, 1907. (June 3, D. Lakes.)

Companies F and M, 4th Inf., Fort Thomas, Ky., will proceed at the proper time to the State Camp Ground, near Charleston, W. Va., to participate in the annual encampment of the militia of West Virginia, from June 19 to 29 inclusive. (June 8, D. Lakes.)

First Lieut. Clyde B. Crusan, 4th Inf., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at the Oklahoma University Preparatory School, Tonkawa, Okla., to take effect Sept. 1, 1907. (June 6, W.D.)

Par. 1, S.O. 35, c.s., these headquarters, granting leave to Capt. Ernest V. Smith, 4th Inf., to take effect about May 1, is amended so as to permit Captain Smith to take advantage of said leave about Aug. 1, 1907. (June 1, N.D.)

First Lieut. John C. Murphy, 4th Inf., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement from active service on June 12, 1907, is announced. (June 12, W.D.)

5TH INFANTRY.—COL. C. D. COWLES.

Leave for three months is granted 1st Lieut. James E. McDonald, 5th Inf. (June 10, W.D.)

6TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. W. DUNCAN.

First Lieut. Charles M. Gordon, Jr., 6th Inf., will report in person to Lieut. Col. Lea Febiger, 3d Inf., president of an Army retiring board at Fort Wright, Wash. (June 7, W.D.)

Battalion Sergt. Major Harold M. Hallman, 1st Battalion, 6th Inf., was on June 1 appointed color sergeant, vice Knox, discharged. Sergt. Frank C. O'Loughlin, Co. D, was on June 1 appointed battalion sergeant major, 1st Battalion, vice Hallman, appointed color sergeant.

9TH INFANTRY.—COL. E. B. ROBERTSON.

Chaplain Ernest P. Newsom, 9th Inf., is transferred to the Coast Artillery Corps. He will proceed with the 9th Infantry to San Francisco, Cal., and upon arrival at that place will proceed to Fort McKinley, Me., for duty. (June 12, W.D.)

10TH INFANTRY.—COL. H. A. GREENE.

Leave for one month and fifteen days is granted 1st Lieut. Charles E. Swartz, 10th Inf. (June 10, W.D.)

Capt. James S. Young, Jr., 10th Inf., is detailed for general recruiting service and will proceed to Columbus Barracks, O., for duty, to relieve Capt. Robert B. Powers, 7th Cav., who will report by letter to the commanding general, Dept. of the Missouri, for duty and station pending the return of the 7th Cavalry, and upon his relief from duty at the recruit depot will join station to which he may be assigned. (June 8, W.D.)

First Lieut. James G. Hannah, 10th Inf., Camp McKinley, will proceed on the first available transport leaving Honolulu, H.T., to San Francisco, thence to the Presidio of Monterey, Cal., for duty pending the Pacific Rifle and Pistol Competitions. (May 31, D. Cal.)

14TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. C. DENT.

Capt. Charles B. Clark, 14th Inf., will report about June 15, 1907, to the commanding general, Dept. of the East, for duty during the cessation of studies at the U.S.M.A., and will resign his proper station at West Point, N.Y., on Aug. 28, 1907. (June 10, W.D.)

17TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. T. VAN ORSDALE.

Leave for four months is granted Capt. Charles L. McKain, 17th Inf. (June 10, W.D.)

18TH INFANTRY.—COL. T. F. DAVIS.

Leave for one month, to take effect on or about Aug. 18, 1907, is granted Capt. Raymond Sheldon, 18th Inf., Fort Leavenworth. (May 31, D. Mo.)

Leave for one month, to take effect on or about Aug. 19, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. Shepard L. Pike, 18th Inf., Fort Leavenworth. (May 31, D. Mo.)

19TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. F. HUSTON.

Major Wendell L. Simpson, 19th Inf., upon the expiration of the leave granted to him, will join his regiment. (June 6, W.D.)

Leave for three months is granted Major Wendell L. Simpson, 19th Inf., to take effect on or about the date of arrival of the 19th Infantry in the U.S. (June 6, W.D.)

Major James B. Goe, 19th Inf., now in San Francisco, will proceed to Fort Reno and enter upon duty pending the arrival of the battalion of the 19th Infantry to be stationed there. (June 10, W.D.)

20TH INFANTRY.—COL. M. P. MAUS.

First Lieut. William B. Wallace, 20th Inf., is relieved from duty at the School of Musketry, Pacific Division, Presidio of Monterey, Cal., and will proceed to Fort Sheridan not later than June 5, for duty pertaining to the National Match. (May 31, Pac. D.)

Leave for one month is granted Capt. Frank D. Webster, 20th Inf., Presidio of Monterey. (June 3, D. Cal.)

21ST INFANTRY.—COL. C. A. WILLIAMS.

Leave for two months, to take effect on or about Aug. 1, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. C. F. Herr, 21st Inf., Whipple Barracks, Ariz. (June 1, D. Colo.)

Second Lieut. Harry L. Jordan, 21st Inf., will return to the place of receipt by him of the order directing him to proceed to Norfolk and resume a status of absence with leave. (June 8, W.D.)

Second Lieut. David P. Wood, 21st Inf., will proceed from the Fort Logan target range, near Parker, Colo., to Fort Logan, Colo., for service during the trial of 1st Lieut. George C. Mullen, 21st Inf. (May 27, D. Colo.)

23D INFANTRY.—COL. P. READE.

Leave for one month and twenty-one days, effective about June 15, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. John R. Brewer, 23d Inf. (June 10, D.E.)

25TH INFANTRY.—COL. R. W. HOYT.

Leave for one month is granted 2d Lieut. Seeley A. Wallen, 25th Inf. (June 10, W.D.)

Sick leave for one month is granted Major Charles W. Penrose, 25th Inf. (June 11, W.D.)

27TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. L. PITCHER.

First Lieut. George C. Shaw, 27th Inf., will proceed to Fort Sheridan, Ill., so as to arrive there June 5, 1907, for duty pertaining to the National Match. (May 30, A.C.P.)

29TH INFANTRY.—COL. B. C. LOCKWOOD.

Col. Benjamin C. Lockwood, 29th Inf., department commander, will proceed from Fort Douglas, Utah, to Denver, Colo., and take station thereat while commanding the department. (May 27, D. Colo.)

Leave for one month, to take effect about June 15, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. William H. Waldron, 29th Inf., Fort Duchesne, Utah. (May 31, D. Colo.)

First Lieut. Richard P. Rifenberick, Jr., 29th Inf., is relieved from further duty assigned him in Par. 5, S.O. 132, series 1906, D. Colo. (May 31, D. Colo.)

30TH INFANTRY.—COL. E. B. PRATT.

Par. 32, S.O. No. 128, June 1, 1907, W.D., relating to Capt. Dennis E. Nolan, 30th Inf., is revoked. (June 12, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Alfred C. Sharpe, 30th Inf., is detailed to attend the encampment of the Ohio National Guard, and will proceed to Columbus for duty until Sept. 15, 1907. (June 12, W.D.)

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

Capt. Hugh D. Wine, 9th Inf., is at his own request relieved as major, 8th Battalion, P.S. (June 8, W.D.)

The resignation of 1st Lieut. Robert C. Corliss, P.S., has been accepted, to take effect July 15, 1907. (June 6, W.D.)

First Lieut. Adolph K. Berners, P.S., is relieved from treatment at the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, and will return to his proper station. Lieutenant Berners will sail on the transport to leave San Francisco, for the Philippines about Aug. 5, 1907. (June 12, W.D.)

The sick leave granted 1st Lieut. Adolph K. Berners, P.S., is extended to and including Aug. 5, 1907. (June 12, W.D.)

ASSIGNMENTS TO REGIMENTS.

NATIONAL MATCH.

The following officers will proceed to Fort Keogh, Mont., and report on June 18, 1907, to Capt. William H. Hay, 10th Cav., at that post, for duty pertaining to the National Match, viz: Capt. Thomas Q. Donaldson, jr., 8th Cav., Fort Robinson; Capt. Charles A. Romeyn, 2d Cav., Fort Riley. (May 31, D. M.)

The following officers will proceed at the proper time to Fort Sheridan and report on June 5, 1907, for duty pertaining to the selection of a team to represent the Infantry arm of the Service in the National Match, viz: 1st Lieut. William A. Alfante, 18th Inf., Fort Leavenworth; 2d Lieut. Townsend Wheeler, 30th Inf., Fort Crook. (May 31, D. M.)

Capt. Malin Craig, 1st Cav., and 1st Lieut. William H. Clifton, jr., 13th Cav., will proceed to Fort Keogh, Mont., not later than June 18, 1907, for duty pertaining to the selection of a team to represent the Cavalry in the National Match. (June 1, D.T.)

The enlisted men hereinafter named will be sent by their respective post commanders to Fort Sheridan, Ill., not later than June 5, 1907, for duty in connection with the selection of a team to represent the Infantry arm of the Service in the National Match: Sergt. Richard N. Davidson, 93d Co., C.A.C., Fort Stevens, Ore.; Sergt. John S. Skees, Co. F, 14th Inf., Vancouver Barracks, Wash. (June 3, D. Col.)

BOARDS OF OFFICERS.

Boards of medical officers are appointed to meet at the posts hereinafter indicated on June 10, 1907, for examining candidates for the position of sergeant, first class, Hospital Corps, U.S.A.: Fort Apache, Ariz.—Capt. Herbert M. Smith, asst. surg.; Fort Douglas, Utah—Major William E. Purviance, surg. The enlisted men named below will report before the boards at their respective stations for examination: Sergts. George W. Wagner, Herbert E. Wetherby, Fort Douglas, and Dell Timbrook, Fort Douglas. (May 27, D. Col.)

A board of officers, to consist of Major Abner Pickering, 22d Inf.; Capt. Ross L. Bush, 10th Inf., and Capt. Charles Y. Browne, asst. surg., is appointed to meet at Alcatraz Island, Cal., for the purpose of remarking examination papers of 1st Lieut. Kyle Rucker, 14th Cav., pertaining to the garrison school. (June 3, Pac. D.)

Boards as hereinafter constituted are appointed to meet at the places designated at the call of the senior members for the purpose of inspecting animals purchased under contract for the Army:

East St. Louis, Ill.—and Lathrop, Mo.—Major Thomas B. Dugan, 12th Cav.; Capt. James J. Hornbrook, 12th Cav.; Capt. William S. McNair, 6th F.A.; Vetn. Oscar M. Norton, 5th F.A.C.

Chicago, Ill.—Lieut. Col. William W. Robinson, jr., deputy Q.M.G.; Major Frederick W. Sibley, 2d Cav.; Capt. Robert D. Walsh, 9th Cav.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Capt. William F. Flynn, 8th Cav.; Capt. Charles G. Sawtelle, jr., 8th Cav.; Capt. Mortimer O. Bigelow, 8th Cav.; Vetn. Jules H. Uri, 6th Cav.

Walla Walla, Wash.—Col. Edward A. Godwin, 14th Cav.; Capt. Alonzo Gray, 14th Cav.; Capt. Edward F. McGlachlin, jr., 4th F.A.C.; Vetn. Henry W. Peter, 14th Cav. (June 8, W.D.)

An Army retiring board is appointed to meet at Fort Wright, Wash., for the examination of officers. Detail: Lieut. Col. Lea Feliger, 3d Inf.; Major Maury Nichols, 3d Inf.; Capt. William R. Sample, 3d Inf.; Capt. M. A. W. Shockey, asst. surg.; Capt. Louis C. Duncan, asst. surg.; 1st Lieut. Fred E. Smith, 3d Inf., recorder. (June 7, W.D.)

A board of officers is appointed to meet at Fort Riley for the examination of officers for promotion. Detail for the board: Col. Frederick K. Ward, 7th Cav.; Lieut. Col. John M. Banister, deputy asst. surg.; Lieut. Col. Walter L. Finley, 13th Cav.; Major Thomas J. Lewis, 13th Cav.; Capt. Eugene R. Whitmore, asst. surg. (June 11, W.D.)

A board of officers to consist of Major Thomas B. Dugan, 12th Cav.; Capt. Jesse M. Baker, Q.M., is appointed to meet at Kansas City, for the purpose of inspecting animals purchased under contract for the Army. (June 12, W.D.)

EXAMINATIONS FOR PROMOTION.

The following officers will report in person to Col. Frederick K. Ward, 7th Cav., president of the examining board at Fort Riley, for examination for promotion: Capt. William F. Flynn, 8th Cav.; Capt. Francis G. Irwin, 2d Cav.; 1st Lieut. James Longstreet, 13th Cav., and John W. Moore, 2d Cav.; 2d Lieut. Ronald E. Fisher, 14th Cav.; 2d Lieut. Peter J. Hennessey, 5th Cav. (June 11, W.D.)

VARIOUS ORDERS.

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at the Presidio of San Francisco June 10, 1907. Detail: Lieut. Col. Edward T. Brown, F.A.; Capt. Sterling P. Adams, 14th Cav.; William R. Smedberg, jr., 14th Cav.; Matthew C. Smith, 14th Cav.; George A. Nugent, C.A.; Solomon Avery, jr., C.A.; James R. Pourie, C.A.; 1st Lieut. Carroll W. Neal, F.A.; 1st Lieut. Arthur J. Lynch, 14th Cav.; 2d Lieut. James P. Castleman, 14th Cav., judge advocate. (June 4, D. Cal.)

Capt. J. R. M. Taylor, 14th Inf., and 1st Lieut. Robert I. Rees, 3d Inf., are designated to act as instructors of the Artillery supports during the joint Army and Militia coast defense exercises in the Artillery District of the Columbia, the former with troops at Fort Stevens, and the latter with troops at Fort Columbia. (May 29, D. Col.)

The following officers are detailed to attend the encampment of the Mississippi National Guard, to be held at Columbus, Miss., Aug. 6 to 15, 1907: Capt. Ephraim G. Peyton, 18th Inf.; 2d Lieut. Levi G. Brown, 12th Cav. (June 6, W.D.)

The C.O., Fort Sam Houston, Texas, will send to Fort Logan H. Root, Ark., to arrive there not later than June 25, 1907, a detachment of Infantry consisting of one officer, four non-commissioned officers and twelve privates. This detachment, increased by the enlisted men to be left behind for transfer after the departure of Cos. E and F, 30th Inf., will temporarily garrison the post after such departure and until the arrival of the companies of the 16th Infantry designated for that station. (June 3, D.T.)

Cook William E. Monaghan, Military Academy Detachment of Army Service Men, Q.M. Dept., upon the receipt of this order will be placed upon the retired list. (June 7, W.D.)

Sergt. Joseph E. Finnen, Military Academy Detachment of Army Service Men, Q.M.D., upon the receipt of this order will be placed upon the retired list. (June 12, W.D.)

ARMY TRANSPORTS AND CABLESHIPS.

BUFORD—En route to San Francisco. Will sail for Manila about July 25.

INGALLS—At Newport News, Va.

DIX—Left Nagasaki May 24 for Seattle. Arrived Honolulu June 9.

KILPATRICK—Arrived Newport News June 10.

LOGAN—Sailed from Guam May 26 for Manila.

McCLELLAN—At Singapore for repairs.

MEADE—At Newport News, Va.

SEWARD—At Manila.

SHERMAN—At San Francisco.

SHERIDAN—At San Francisco for repairs.

SUMNER—At Newport News, Va.

THOMAS—Left San Francisco June 5 for Manila.

LISCUM—At Manila.

WRIGHT—At Manila.

WARREN—At San Francisco.

BURNSIDE—At Seattle.

ARMY TORPEDO PLANTERS.

GENERAL HENRY J. HUNT—1st Lieut. Alfred A. Maybach, A.C., commanding. At Ft. Totten, N.Y., the permanent station of the vessel. Enlisted detachment from 54th Co., C.A., on board.

GENERAL HENRY KNOX—Capt. Frank G. Mauldin, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Lloyd B. Magruder, A.C., attached. Fort Totten, N.Y. Enlisted detachment 57th Co., C.A., on board.

COLONEL GEORGE ARMISTEAD—Capt. Frank K. Ferguson, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Haldan U. Tompkins, A.C., attached. Fort Hancock, N.J. Enlisted detachment from 58th Co., C.A., on board.

MAJOR SAMUEL RINGGOLD—Capt. George T. Patterson, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Richard H. Jordan, A.C., attached. Fort Hancock, N.J. Enlisted detachment from 120th Co., C.A., on board.

FORT RILEY.

Fort Riley, Kas., June 10, 1907.

Wellington does not get the National Guard encampment this summer, as had been expected. The encampment will be held at Fort Riley some time in July. The Kansas National Guard team will come here to practice on the range in June.

Three distinguished officers of the army of the Argentine Republic arrived May 25 from Fort Leavenworth: Lieut. Col. Thomas Vallie, Major Severo Lorenzo and 2d Lieut. Manuel A. Partella. They visited the various schools and places of interest, and seemed very favorably impressed. In all probability there will be one or more officers of the Argentine army here to attend the next year's course at the School of Application, which begins on Nov. 1. They will be allowed the same privileges as the four Mexican officers and one Guatemalan officer, who are now at the post taking the course. An allotment of \$3,000 has been made for the construction of a bungalow at the officers' polo grounds on Smoky Hill Flats, to be built sometime this summer. It will be furnished by the officers, and will be the finest building in the way of a country club house or sportsmen's lodge in this part of the State. At that place is one of the best polo grounds in the West, and grounds will be laid out for tennis, golf and other sports.

The baseball team went to Chapman, Kas., Sunday afternoon, where the Chapman aggregation put it over the soldiers by a score of 14-10. The first game with this team resulted in a score of 5-0 in favor of Riley. The tie will be played off this afternoon at Athletic Park.

Corpl. Elliott Scott, 22d Battery, and Miss Marie Sonligny, of Junction City, were married at the court house in Junction City Tuesday afternoon, Probate Judge Ziegler officiating.

The 2d Battery has organized a platoon league of three teams, the right, center and left platoon teams. Games will be played on Saturdays and Sundays. The season opened Saturday with a game between the right and center platoons, which resulted in a score of 10-5 in favor of the center. On Sunday the left and center platoons played, the result being 14-13 in favor of the left platoon.

Capt. William Lassiter, Field Art., who has been in New Mexico and Arizona for thirty days buying polo ponies for use of the student officers at the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery, returned to Fort Riley on May 25. Lieut. Frederick M. Jones, 9th Cav., left the post on May 31 with his family for San Francisco where he will take transport sailing on June 5 for the Islands. Lieut. William O. Reed, 6th Cav., left for his home station, Fort Yellowstone Park, the latter part of the week. Major E. A. Millar, Field Art., returned to Fort Leavenworth the latter part of the week. Lieut. Col. John M. Banister, Med. Dept., returned on May 28 from the Military Academy.

Mrs. Snow entertained on Friday afternoon for Mrs. Tilford, who leaves on Monday for her summer home at Fishers Island. The afternoon was very pleasantly spent at cards.

An interesting game of ball was played on the Artillery parade Saturday afternoon between the teams of the 25th Battery and Troop A, 13th Cav. During the first inning the Cavalrymen landed on Roenigk for six runs, but the old boy soon settled and began to dish it out in one, two, three orders. It was an up-hill game for the 25th Battery boys, but they finally got things coming their way, and succeeded in closing the game at a score in their favor.

Mrs. Hoyle entertained the Wednesday bridge club at her home last week. Capt. B. M. Koehler entertained a few friends at dinner on Thursday evening. On Tuesday evening Mrs. Dixon entertained the bridge club. Gen. and Mrs. Tilford, who have spent the past winter with their daughter, Mrs. Cameron, will leave tomorrow for Fishers Island.

Capt. George H. Cameron, 4th Cav., left last week for the East on a short leave. General Kuroki and his suite did not visit Fort Riley as was expected. The necessity for their arriving in Seattle by June 8, forbade the change in their itinerary.

A consignment of polo ponies reached the garrison on Monday from Arizona after a trip of twelve days, somewhat used up after such a long and tiresome trip. They were purchased by Capt. William Lassiter, Field Art., who visited Arizona for that purpose. But a few of the number are broken, which means some lively work for the student officers. Junction City and the post played a fast game of polo yesterday afternoon, neither side having the advantage. The game was played on the new grounds on the Smoky Hill Flats. Score: Junction City, 3; Fort Riley, 3.

The post team met the fast aggregation from Manhattan, Kas., and was soundly trounced by a score of 5-0. It looks as though the post organization was in a bad way, but it is hoped that the coming of the 7th Cavalry will put a different face on the situation.

Major T. Bentley Mott, Art. Corps, is again out for duty after an illness that has kept him confined to his bed and quarters for several weeks. Veterinarian Alexander Plummer, 4th Cav., left for Iowa and other eastern points, where he will join Mrs. Plummer, on a leave of two months. Lieut. Dexter Sturgis, 13th Cav., returned last week from Hot Springs, Ark., where he has been undergoing treatment. Capt. Ward B. Pershing, 10th Cav., who was on sick leave, joined the garrison the first of the week. Col. M. M. Macomb, Art. Corps, is at Fort Leavenworth, delivering a course of lectures to the officers of the school on the Russo-Japanese War. His lectures are illustrated. Lieut. V. D. Dixon, 5th Cav., has resumed his regular duties after an illness of a week. General Godfrey entertained the ladies of the Artillery garrison at bridge one evening last week. Lieut. Robert M. Danford, Coast Art., left on June 1 to join his new command at the Presidio. Lieut. F. M. Jones, 9th Cav., left with his family last week for San Francisco, and they took transport for the islands on the 5th.

Mrs. Gilbert Smith entertained the Wednesday Bridge Club last week. Lieut. F. L. Perry, Art. Corps, left Friday with his family for his new station. Mrs. Gilbert C. Smith entertained with a high five party for Mrs. Tilford on Wednesday afternoon. On Saturday afternoon Mrs. McNair entertained a number of the ladies of the post with cards. Those who had prize-taking scores were Mesdames Hoyle and Snow.

The 75-foot flagstaff sent here by the Quartermaster General for use on Morris Hill has been put in place, and will be used for displaying signals when the field batteries are firing.

According to the latest information it will be the last of June or the 1st of July before the 21st Battery from Fort Sheridan puts in an appearance at this post. At present the battery is on a practice march. Its new quarters are ready for occupancy.

FORT HOWARD.

Fort Howard, Md., June 12, 1907.

Lieut. Col. W. W. Waterspoon and Major Haan were here at the meeting of the Land Defense Board last week. Capt. A. W. Chase entertained at dinner at Bay Shore last Wednesday evening Capt. and Mrs. F. H. Lincoln and his sister, Mrs. Chase, who is visiting in Baltimore. Lieut. Col. W. B. Davis, Med. Dept., made a brief visit to the post last Monday in reference to sanitary arrangements for the coming maneuvers in July.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Holabird, of Evanston, Ill., who were the guests of Capt. and Mrs. William M. Cruikshank, left last Friday week for the Jamestown Exposition, returning to Howard last Monday, and leaving Wednesday for West Point, where they will attend the commencement exercises and also to witness the graduation of their son, Cadet Captain John Holabird. Colonel Anderson made a pleasant call at the post last Monday. Lieut. Col. E. M. Weaver, assistant to the Chief of Artillery, made a visit to the post last Saturday to see what arrangements had been made in reference to the joint exercises to be held in July.

Capt. and Mrs. F. H. Lincoln were the guests of Col. and Mrs. Anderson at dinner at The Albion, Baltimore, last Thursday evening. Capt. and Mrs. William M. Cruikshank left on Wednesday for West Point. Mrs. Cruikshank's brother, John Holabird, is numbered among the graduates of this year's class. Captain Deems, jr., was the dinner guest of Lieut. and Mrs.

H. S. Brown last Sunday. Lieut. H. S. Brown has gone to Dupont to attend the session of the G.C.M. Capt. Godwin Ordway and family are spending a few days in Washington, D.C., as the guests of Mrs. Ordway, Captain Ordway's mother. Mrs. Hugh Scriven Brown was the guest of Mrs. Harvey Rowland Clapp at luncheon at "The Winona," Baltimore, last Wednesday. Capt. and Mrs. Francis H. Lincoln, who have been visiting Mrs. Lincoln's parents at Delaware City, have returned.

FORT PORTER.

Fort Porter, Buffalo, N.Y., June 11, 1907.

There has been considerable entertaining owing to the presence of a number of guests from out of town. On Sunday afternoon Mrs. Andrus, wife of Major Frank B. Andrus, was at home to the ladies of the post in honor of Mrs. John Miller Horton, regent of the Buffalo Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. The stately interior of the castle was decorated with quantities of pink and white tulips. Mrs. Andrus received in a gown of white batiste and lace. Mrs. Horton wearing an exquisite black lace robe over pale green, with touches of pale green panne velvet. Her hat was of straw trimmed with pale green ostrich plumes and pink roses. She wore magnificent diamonds. Miss Dorothy Andrus wore a pale green organdie. All of the ladies of the post will attend the reception given on Thursday by Mrs. Horton at her home in Delaware avenue to the members of the Buffalo Chapter, D.A.R.

Capt. and Mrs. Humphrey and little daughter have recently arrived. Mrs. Hunt has as her guest Mrs. Smith and Miss Smith, of Salt Lake City, Utah. Mrs. Holt, of Flatbush, N. Y., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mudgett. Mrs. LeFevre, of Delaware, is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Diller. Capt. and Mrs. L. T. Hess gave a handsome dinner for Major and Mrs. Andrus last week. Mrs. Hurrell, of Fort Ontario, was a guest at the post last week.

Mrs. H. M. Fales gave a supper party on Sunday evening. Mrs. D. D. Mitchell entertained at bridge last week in honor of Mrs. Joseph T. Jones. Lieut. and Mrs. Wright gave a beautiful dinner last week in honor of Mr. and Mrs. LeFevre. Mrs. Richmond Smith is visiting friends in East Aurora. Mr. Eugene Fales, son of Lieut. and Mrs. H. M. Fales, arrives soon from Rutgers College to spend his summer vacation. Gen. and Mrs. Auman and their daughter, Mrs. Ogden, are at the Niagara hotel, which, on account of its proximity to the post, is becoming a sort of headquarters for the Army people.

M. B. S.

FORT BAKER.

Fort Baker, Colo., June 2, 1907.

The Fort Baker baseball team met the strong Presidio Y.M.C.A. team on Wednesday last and defeated them by a score of 3 to 2.

Much regret is felt over the sudden departure of Lieut. and Mrs. G. P. Hawes for their new station, Fort Dade, Fla., and they will long be remembered throughout the district and in Sausalito, where Mrs. Hawes has been a leader in social circles. The officers and ladies of the post gave a farewell dinner to Lieut. and Mrs. Hawes at the quarters of Lieut. and Mrs. T. A. Jones on Friday last. Mrs. Miller, of Sausalito, gave a delightful tea on Thursday in honor of Lieut. and Mrs. Hawes. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Adam Slaker, assisted by the officers and ladies of the post, gave a farewell to Lieut. and Mrs. Hawes on Saturday night.

The post team defeated the strong team from the Presidio General Hospital on Saturday last by a score of 9 to 7. The post team played the fast Falanger team of San Francisco on Sunday, resulting in a defeat for the post by a score of 1 to 0. Fort Baker has a good team this season, and much enthusiasm is displayed by the entire post. The following is the line-up: Lieutenant Jones, c.; Welch, p. and c.f. (captain); Leety, 1b.; Frantz, 2b.; Stoper, 3b.; Reeves, s.a.; Coleman, r.f.; Johnston, c.f. and p.; Robertson, l.f. and manager. The 61st Co., C.A., dressed in blue, marched to the quarters of Lieutenant Hawes on Sunday, at 11:30 a.m., and bade that departing officer a last farewell. Mr. A. W. Sheppard gave a large dinner party in San Francisco Sunday night, the guests of honor being Capt. E. C. Long, C.A., and Lieut. and Mrs. Hawes.

Great preparation is being made at the post for the coming maneuvers, in which six companies of the 5th Infantry, Colo. N.G., will participate with the three post companies of Coast Artillery.

FORT MCINTOSH.

Fort McIntosh, Texas, June 9, 1907.

The heat for the past week has been intense, the thermometer registering over 100 every day. Compared with this portion of Texas the Philippines are delightfully cool.

Monday morning Miss Gallagher returned to her home in San Antonio. Lieut. and Mrs. Bugbee entertained at bridge on Wednesday evening. Morris Harbold, the little son of Lieut. and Mrs. Harbold, has been quite sick for the past week, but is now convalescing rapidly.

Friday evening Capt. and Mrs. Ferris entertained the officers and ladies of the garrison on the lawn. After a number of enjoyable games a dainty supper of ices and cake was served. Friday evening Lieutenants Blyth and Elser were initiated into the Red Men. Saturday morning Lieutenant King, 1st Cav., left for the target range. Lieutenant Gimpel has been quite sick in the Mercy Hospital in Laredo. He has now recovered and is about again.

On Monday of last week Lieutenant Blyth entertained the officers and ladies of the garrison at the club. After a number of games a delicious chafing dish supper was served. Mrs. Bugbee presiding over one chafing dish and Mrs. Harbold over the other. Lieut. and Mrs. Bugbee entertained Thursday evening at a very pretty dance in honor of Miss Gallagher, of San Antonio. At midnight a most delicious supper was served at the club. Japanese shaded candles and a profusion of American beauties adorned the tables. Miss Pierce and Captain Cranke were guests from town.

Sunday, June 1, the new regimental chaplain arrived with his family. Chaplain O. J. W. Scott. He was presented with a new organ for the 25th Infantry, also hymn books and other song books with which to interest the men. Most of the officers who are on the target range came in Friday evening to sit on a G.C.M. Sunday evening many of the officers and ladies enjoyed a concert in the plaza at Laredo Nuevo, Mexico.

FORT D. A. RUSSELL.

Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., June 6, 1907.

Lieut. Joseph E. Barzynski returned Wednesday from Fort Riley. A party of post people, including Mrs. Donaldson, Mrs. Tanner, Mrs. Fernandez and Captain Davidson went down to Denver Thursday to see Maud Adams in "Peter Pan." Mrs. Tanner was the guest of Gen. and Mrs. George Cook at the Shirley, Friday afternoon. Mrs. Cook entertained at bridge in honor of Mrs. Tanner Saturday. Mrs. Franklin Smith gave a lovely luncheon.

Rooms have been selected in the bachelors' building, and the officers' club installed. The committee is composed of Capt. E. W. Tanner, Lieut. J. T. Sayles and Dr. W. H. Dade.

A full garrison is expected shortly, upon the arrival of the two mountain batteries of Field Artillery, and additional Cavalry. Dr. F. F. Wing arrived Saturday after a month's duty at Fort Robinson. The 12th and 19th Battery, F.A., and Troop F and H, 8th Cav., participated in the parade in Cheyenne Thursday morning, May 30. The 19th Battery fired the salute.

Captain Tanner and Lieutenants Persons and Shufte spent a day at Horse Creek fishing, and brought home a large catch of mountain trout. Major and Mrs. Foote leave shortly for New Orleans, where Major Foote will be in command of Jackson Barracks.

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Inasmuch as funds for the maintenance of hospital ships will be available from the naval appropriation for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1907, the recommendation of Surgeon General Rixey of the Navy that the U.S.S. Relief, now at the Mare Island navy yard, be fitted out for service and placed in commission as a naval auxiliary deserves prompt and favorable consideration. Medical officers of the Navy are virtually unanimous in the opinion that a hospital ship should be attached to each of our fleet organizations, not merely as a means of transporting the sick from ships in distant waters to hospitals at home, but also as a floating annex to our hospitals on shore when the facilities of the latter are over-taxed. Such conditions now prevail at Norfolk, where repairs are about to be made on the naval hospital, the result of which will be that the accommodations of the institution must be for the time being greatly curtailed. The presence of a hospital ship at Norfolk would solve the whole problem. Convalescent patients could be taken aboard and cared for, leaving the shore hospital entirely for the more serious cases. The Surgeon General's recommendation describes one of the Navy's most urgent needs and that need should be met without delay.

The Bordeaux special squadron, with Rear Admiral Charles H. Stockton in command, cleared from Hampton Roads Wednesday, beginning the voyage to attend the In-

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ternational Maritime Exposition at Bordeaux. The squadron consists of the armored cruisers Washington and Tennessee. The squadron will touch at Newport, R.I., where the crews of both vessels will be recruited to full strength. It is expected that the start across the Atlantic will be made the night of June 15. Lieut. John P. Jackson was designated as flag lieutenant of the squadron. The French government will extend to the officers of the squadron courtesies in return for the attention paid the French officers attending the Jamestown Exposition. An invitation having been received from the German government that a squadron be sent to attend the celebration of the opening, twelve years ago, of the Kiel canal, it has been suggested that the Bordeaux squadron be ordered to Kiel to represent the United States there. At the State Department, however, this week, it was stated that there was no intention of asking the Navy Department to furnish representation at the Kiel demonstration and it is likely that this government will content itself with an acknowledgment of the invitation.

The board of Navy officers to revise the curriculum at Annapolis has been at work all the week, but without reaching more than broad conclusions as to the modifications needed. The board consists of Capt. Richard Wainwright, chairman; Comdr. R. S. Griffin, Lieut. Comdr. A. L. Key and Lieut. A. W. Johnson, recorder. An effort will be made to make the course more practical, in view of the great improvements that have been made in the Navy in the last few years, and so as to qualify the young graduates who are now thrust into responsible places at once on graduation instead of serving long periods of unimportant duty as in the old times. The board has consulted with Captain Badger, who is to become Superintendent of the Academy, and a general plan has been agreed on. The mathematics of the course will be increased and much more practical work be required.

It would be well for our readers to understand that it is not our policy to report matters appearing in the daily papers to the discredit of the Services, or individual members of the Services, except when it may appear to be necessary to give a correct statement of facts in cases of misrepresentation. We are always glad to receive information for the correction of errors appearing elsewhere, and to refrain from the reporting of unimportant incidents reported in the dailies when their subjects would prefer not to have them alluded to.

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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.—ESTABLISHED 1868. REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED 1878. REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Cable address Armynavy, New York.

Entered at the New York P. O. as Second Class Matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1907.

THE EXPERIMENTS AT SANDY HOOK.

The results of the tests now being conducted at Sandy Hook with high explosives and large calibered guns are in a fair way to produce a sharp division of expert opinion. There is a good deal of surprise in Army and Navy circles that the facts of the tests should have come out as it has been the purpose to keep them secret until the conclusions as to high explosives had been fully determined. But secrecy in such matters is in our judgment both impossible and undesirable. Our military experts would do far better if they took into their confidence the active minded body of American inventors. There has been a school of students on both the Army and Navy sides of the ordnance board who have held stoutly that picric acid was not an effective force in thin walled shells because of the unvarying phenomenon of impact explosion which they claim defeats the force of the compound. These experts have boldly asserted on all sides that the Japanese did not accomplish anything with Shimose either in the naval engagements at Port Arthur or in the Straits fight. Captain Walpwright before the House Naval Committee last winter declared that the Japanese found that Shimose was more dangerous to themselves than to the Russians and would no longer experiment with it. The Sandy Hook results show that a racking shot is a distinctly valuable one even as compared with a penetrating one. The claim that impact explosions did no vital harm to the Russians is being upset by all the reports that come from various sources. The further claim that the Russians were loaded down with coal until their armor was below water line and the hits that were made on them exposed them to a rough sea, does not hold out against the facts as shown in official reports made by our own officers who gathered accounts from Japanese and Russian officers. The prospect is now that we are to have two schools as to high explosives. One will make the old contention for the penetrating shot; the other will urge that we should seek the racking effect if only it is forceful enough to sink the ship. The value of the racking effect is what Mr. Louis Gathmann so stoutly insisted was proven by his shell in the test at Sandy Hook seven years ago. The photographs of the armor plates hit by the Gathmann shells show to this day clearly the value of the impact explosion notwithstanding all the academic concealment and misrepresentation concerning Gathmann's work. The fact is unmistakable that high explosives must be reckoned with: at least three navies carry picric shells afloat to-day. If we had trouble with Japan we should soon learn what Shimose is, and it would not be long before we would be turning it loose on our own account. It is therefore time that the debate on the Sandy Hook results should begin.

In our article on the experiments now being conducted at Sandy Hook, under the direction of a joint board of officers of Artillery and Ordnance, we did not intend to have it understood that the idea was to drive the fragments of the shell in after impact, which would only be another application of the idea of penetration. The impact of the 16-inch gun on the target was intentionally on the twenty-degree angle, to secure a touch-and-go, that is, a glancing shot. By this the plate was merely cracked, how much we do not know. The expectation was that an instant touch would have produced a smashing or wreck of plate through the combined agency of mass, energy and instant explosion of the large charge of the high explosive in the shell. As the 16-inch shell can hold fifty pounds more Dunnite than the 14-inch, and the 14-inch a proportionally greater amount than the 12-inch, and as it is now recognized that a very large per cent. of hits in action are glancing shots, the big shell gives promise of doing greater execution on the touch-and-go than the smaller ones, which may have higher impact velocities, but less mass and smaller explosive charge to do the work. If penetration on direct hits

were the present order of the day, then a 12-inch with high velocity might get in and do its work inside. The whole thing, however, is this: that at fighting ranges the 12-inch falls off in velocity and may not penetrate, and as there is so much glancing it is now hoped that we may get an effect out of every hit before the glancing, and a terrible smashing effect from large projectiles charged with Dunnite. The incidental work of the small fragments from bursting on impact on water ahead of the Russian fleet, and in extension of their axes, shows where the after-effect of shell explosion came in—sweeping the deck of 80 per cent. where the vessels were head-on, as in the Sea of Japan, and the vessels and their top hamper in a manner such as to kill off the crew by the wholesale.

Of course the degree of penetration of armor plate at all ranges has been accurately determined by empirical formulas, but theory narrows the computations down to normal or perpendicular impact, and it is by actual practice only that the oblique impact or glancing shot effect can be determined.

To what single instance in war shall we turn if it be not to that of the greatest naval contest of modern times for facts and deductions? and why, let us ask, were the possessors of such knowledge (Japanese and their allies) the first advocates in the field for larger ships and larger guns, other nations falling over themselves in the mad race for "place"?

The broadside fire of the Japanese fleet was delivered, on the occasion referred to, at the Russians heading bow on, and the projectile impact angle must have presented the best possible condition for glancing and non-penetrating shots. That there was no penetration of main armor is a matter of official record; therefore all work done was by racking and shearing—shearing of bolts and rivets, racking and opening of plates, through the interstices of which the water poured in volume.

Now let us ask what might be expected of projectiles provided with delay action fuzes and charged with explosives that would respond to nothing but the fuze? It is clear they would have glanced off, exploding later in air or water. Allowing that some of them did do this, there should naturally have resulted the disastrous effect upon the personnel of the vessels following in column.

The facts are now all before us, and we have learned that the glancing shots of the Japanese 12-inch caliber shell charged with Shimose powder smashed the Russian armor plates and deranged the whole construction, though none of them penetrated the main armor. This must have resulted at the very instant of impact and before glancing, and this is exactly what the Ordnance and Artillery are now trying to ascertain by experiment. How better determine this than to take our very largest caliber gun, throwing the weightiest projectile and fill that projectile with a full charge of Dunnite? The navies of all nations hold behind their armies on weight of 12-inch projectiles in the ratio of 800 to 1,000. We can see then what an immense advantage the Artillery and Ordnance of the Army with 14-inch and 16-inch guns should have in this matter of offense and defense over the sister Service.

How broad or how long and deep was the crack in the plate now preserved at Sandy Hook, after being hit by a glancing shell of the 16-inch caliber, or whether this shell exploded on impact, is, as we have said, a professional secret, but it is an open secret that certain nations are building big ships with big guns as fast as they can get them out, and that "the goblins will get you if you don't watch out."

As to the water impact shots of the Japanese, it is known that as the Russians advanced in column the Japanese purposely fired short and established the fire zone or danger zone into which it was inevitable the Russian ships each in turn must enter. This clever method met with an incidental result the Japanese themselves had not anticipated: the shells burst on impact with water, and breaking into multitudinous fragments ricocheted like a hail of iron into the top hamper and on to the decks of the Russian ships, destroying the personnel of the squadron and greatly impairing its efficiency.

From all of which we see there are many things yet to be learned, and even old Noah himself may give us points on navigation and the smashing of things.

A CRISIS IN THE MILITIA.

When the Dick Militia Act was approved by the President January 21, 1903, the more sanguine of its supporters confidently believed that it embodied a true and final solution of the whole militia problem. That law stipulates that within the five years following its enactment the militia organizations of the various states and territories shall be completely reorganized and placed on a basis corresponding to that of the Regular and Volunteer armies of the United States. To aid this work of reorganization an annual appropriation of \$2,000,000 was provided for allotment among the states and territories whose militia organizations were made to conform to the organization of the Army, but with a stipulation that the organized militia of any state seeking the benefits of the act shall consist of at least 100 men for each Senator and Representative of such state in Congress.

The enactment of this law was received with widespread approval, the belief being that it afforded a solid basis for a great militia system, distinctly national in scope, organization, equipment and training. It was pointed out that such a system, conforming in all essentials to the organization of the Army, would constitute an effective second line of defense and insure a

broad and continuous development of our military resources. The act is eminently fair to all interests and all sections, its sole purpose being to create and maintain a great militia establishment which shall be thoroughly homogeneous in structure and truly national in character.

It is nearly five years since this law was placed in the statute book, and it has not yet produced the results expected of it. Various states, especially New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts, have undertaken to reorganize their militia in the manner prescribed by the act, and excellent results have been accomplished; but in other states there has been none of the vigorous, practical co-operation on the part of the militia authorities by which alone success can be achieved. On the contrary, there has been widespread indifference to the whole project. Some progress has been made along the lines laid down in the Dick Act, and much earnest thought has been given to the matter by distinguished National Guard officers who appreciate its importance; but the net results accomplished under the act are disappointing and disheartening to the last degree. The fact is, the militia of the country is approaching a crisis. The five year period prescribed for reorganization as required by the law will expire on January 21, 1908, and no state whose organized militia does not at that time conform to the organization of the Army can thereafter share in the annual appropriation for militia purposes. In other words, those states whose militia has not been brought into line with the Army will be debarred from the benefits of the most liberal measure of militia reform that Congress has ever enacted.

With a desire to avert the demoralization that would inevitably follow the utter break-down of the project proposed in the Dick Act, the Acting Secretary of War has issued a circular to the Governors of states and territories maintaining militia organizations urging them to act before the expiration of the five year period. He suggests that each state enact a militia law of its own embodying the provisions set forth in the War Department Circular of October 8, 1903. The act should define the duties of the adjutant general and his assistants, and of the quartermaster general and his assistants. It should provide for the necessary general officers and for a staff composed of adjutant generals, inspector generals, judge advocate generals and quartermasters, together with hospital corps, subsistence officers, medical corps, engineer corps, ordnance corps and signal corps. Provision should also be made for organizing the militia into divisions, brigades, regiments, etc., conforming to the organization of the Army.

Whether the states concerned in this matter can enact the legislation suggested by the Acting Secretary of War in time to avert the forfeiture of their right to share in the National Militia appropriation is problematical. Doubtless some of them can and will, but there are others whose militia authorities appear to take little or no interest in the project one way or the other. It is to be hoped, however, that those states in which the importance of militia development is properly appreciated will take immediate steps to qualify for their allotment from the national appropriation. The whole question of whether it is possible to create a distinctly national militia is on trial under the Dick Act, and if the question is to be settled affirmatively, it must be by such action on the part of the various states as shall conform their organized militia to the organization of the Army.

The Army and the National Guard are getting closer and closer together. Their relations are more harmonious than ever before, and both are profiting by more intimate association in the practical work of training and instruction. An admirable example of this increasing intimacy appears in the present co-operation of the National Guard of New York and the Regular Coast Artillery in coast defense exercises, involving the forts in the neighborhood of New York. Before Governor Hughes ordered National Guard organizations to take part in these exercises some doubt was expressed as to the value of the experience thus acquired, but all such doubt has been completely dispelled. The guardsmen, both officers and men, have taken up the task, not merely with intelligence and aptitude, but with the keenest enthusiasm, and their work has been characterized by a degree of zeal, sound judgment and efficiency which has won the most cordial praise from the Army officers associated with them in the operations. We regard this co-operative work of the National Guard with the Army in coast defense as the most valuable training that the militia of any coastwise state has ever received. It gives the guardsmen the benefit of practical instruction in that branch of the Service to which they would be called first in the emergency of war—a branch in which thorough technical training acquired beforehand is absolutely essential to success.

The maneuvers and instruction camps in which the National Guard and the Army have been associated since the Dick Act became a law have done much to promote harmonious relations between the two services, and it would be a most grievous misfortune if those relations should be impaired by any cause whatever. It would be doubly unfortunate if indifference and lack of interest should come through the failure of the various states to reorganize their militia in the manner prescribed. That any state whose officials realize the immense importance of the national militia project should forfeit its right to share in the great militia appropriations is deplorable.

It is understood that the plans for the two new battleships authorized by the last Congress will provoke great criticism in that they perpetuate the use of light upper belt armor. This armor is five inches thick, and extends from the top of the eleven inch water line armor to the upper deck. This is too thin to keep out anything over 6-inch at 3,000 yards, and a 12-inch projectile at almost any angle would smash great holes in it as the Japanese 12-inch guns did on the light Russian armor at Tsushima. It was mainly owing to this fact that the Russians became demoralized, the light armor only serving to burst the big shells where they would do most damage. The plans of these ships have been given to prospective bidders within two or three weeks, and the bids must be in before July 1. The most probable bidders are Cramp Shipbuilding Co., the New York Shipbuilding Co., the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Co., and the Union Iron Works, California, the Bethlehem Steel Company having withdrawn from this line of work. It is probable that Secretary Metcalf will not in any case give the contract for both ships to the same firm. This rule was followed last year with the Michigan and South Carolina, when the New York Shipbuilding Company got the contract for the first, and the Cramps the second.

The newspapers which are having so much to say about exclusions from West Point should understand that the question of the right of the Superintendent of the Military Academy to exclude anyone he pleases from the military reservation at West Point was decided by the Attorney General of the United States in an opinion rendered to the Secretary of War in 1837. In this opinion it was said in substance that the police power over the grounds in question resided in the United States and the Superintendent of the Academy may in his discretion exclude or eject from the premises any person whose presence he believes to be detrimental to the interests or purposes of the Academy, or who interferes with the exercise of his duties. Colonel Scott might have excluded Mrs. Ayres from the Academy without consulting or reporting to the Secretary of War. The Superintendent in the discharge of his duties has in years past frequently exercised his right to exclude persons from visiting the military reservation, and this without any question being raised or any sensation created in the press. Whoever visits West Point, without previous permission from the authorities, enters its grounds merely upon sufferance and not as a right. No public highway of the state of New York goes through the inhabited part of the reservation and the gates north and south may be closed to visitors at any time.

Gen. Robert Shaw Oliver, Acting Secretary of War, sent to Lieut. Col. Charles G. Ayres, of the 14th Cavalry, during the past week a number of newspaper clippings of interviews purporting to have been had with Colonel Ayres and in which he was said to have referred to the injustice of Army courts-martial and that he might as well be tried by crocodiles as by brother officers. It is the expectation at the Department that Colonel Ayres will reply that he did not make use of the language in question. Since the agitation of the order barring the wife of Colonel Ayres from the West Point reservation there has been much discussion in Army circles as to the prospect of the affair leading to a court-martial. It is understood that there is no disposition to bring on a trial of Colonel Ayres, but the numerous difficulties in which he has been embroiled of late has suggested the probability of his being asked to go before a retiring board for examination as to his physical condition.

A correspondent in the Philippines says: "Your paper is excellent and we are glad to receive it. I hope you will suggest a modification of G.O. 44, S. 1906, A.G.O. It is rather warm over here to carry it out in full. We should not adopt Germany's system in its entirety. It is not adapted to American people and I don't think ever will be." The G.O. referred to is that relating to the practical training of the Cavalry, Infantry and Field Artillery of the Regular Army. The General Staff are now considering the question of modifying this order and in doing so it is well to have in mind this above hint, which comes from an officer of large experience. Conditions in a country extending over so wide an area and having so great a variety of climate should be taken into consideration in adapting to our Service methods, of a country of restricted area like Germany.

An officer of the Army well informed in legal matters writes to us, saying: "I am glad that you published the Grafton case in full, and the more I look into it the more I am impressed with its completeness. It has destroyed the artificial distinction between the act and the offense; it is the act described in the specification or indictment which governs in determining the question of double jeopardy and not the offense described in the charge."

Before leaving America from Seattle, June 11, General Kuroki, through the American honorary escort, Gen. O. E. Wood, said that his visit to this country had been a most pleasant one, and that he "leaves with the kindest feelings for Uncle Sam and his people."

Orders involving quite a number of changes of station among officers of the Ordnance Department of the Army were issued this week, and will be found under our army heading.

THE JOINT EXERCISES.

The joint exercises at the several Artillery posts guarding the approaches to New York city, participated in this week by the 7th and 13th Regiments, the 8th Battalion and several companies of the 47th Regiment, all of the New York National Guard, proved the greatest success in every respect, and General Murray, Chief of Artillery, U.S.A., and other officers of the Army who planned the exercises, and helped carry them to such a successful issue, are to be congratulated on their work. The officers and men of the National Guard who responded so readily and took hold of the new duty so earnestly and intelligently, are also deserving of the warmest commendation. They have demonstrated that it is possible for them to be of the greatest value in aiding the Army in coast defense problems. One of the most important factors in gaining the confidence and interest of the National Guard troops was the consideration for their comfort in the field shown by the War Department, and the desire of the Regular officers to care for them and help them in every reasonable manner.

In providing for the National Guardsmen in the field the Army has had a proper regard for the health of the men, which the State authorities have not. At Peekskill every enlisted man is forced to lie on straw on the ground, when in his tent, no board floors or cots being provided. In a permanent camp such a system is simply tom-foolery, and it serves no useful purpose, but on the contrary, lays the foundation for serious physical ailments to many young men, unfortunate enough to be the victims of the so-called "hardening process." The State authorities might just as well feed the men on "embalmed beef" for a week, on the theory that some day they might have to eat it. It is time enough to make men undergo hardships of this description when they have to.

Under orders from the War Department, no man was allowed to sleep on the ground, and every one of them was provided with a cot, and his tent made comfortable. There was no sleeping on straw, as at Peekskill, where the straw soon becomes dirty in rainy weather, with the mud on the men's shoes, and yet with the drippings from clothes, and from the outside when the water runs in, despite the ditching, in severe storms, and renders the tent a most miserable shelter.

Each tent at the Army posts was also provided with mosquito netting, and nothing that could be done for the health of the men, or their comfort, was omitted by the Army officers responsible. So marked was the departure from the Peekskill methods, both in treatment and instruction, that officers and men are practically unanimous in preferring work at harbor forts to that at the State camp. The men especially declare that they have no further use for the latter place, after their experience in the joint exercises. Their association with the men of the Regular Army in the various duties proved of the utmost value to the National Guardsmen, and it was an object lesson that will prove lasting. If every National Guard organization in the State could be sent for annual instruction to an Army post, it would be a great gain to the State force, money would be saved the State, and, we believe, the officers and men, with very few exceptions, would prefer it.

MIDSHIPMEN AND SEAMEN DROWNED.

While returning from the landing at the Jamestown Exposition grounds to the U.S.S. Minnesota, anchored in Hampton Roads, Va., on the night of June 11, a launch belonging to the Minnesota, in which were six midshipmen and five seamen, sank in the heavy seas, and all hands were drowned. The names of the unfortunate midshipmen and crew who lost their lives, as reported to the Navy Department by Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, U.S.N., were as follows:

Midshipmen—Philip Henry Field, of Denver, Colo.; Franklin P. Holcomb, of New Castle, Del.; Herbert L. Holden, of Portage, Wis.; Henry Clay Murfin, jr., of Ohio; William H. Stevenson, of Newbern, N.C.; Walter C. Ulrich, of Milwaukee, Wis.

Enlisted men—Jesse E. Conn, coal passer, of Louisville, Ky.; next of kin, father, J. C. Conn, 2824 Cleveland avenue, Louisville, Ky.; R. H. Dodson, seaman, of New York city; next of kin, father, E. F. Dodson, 158 West 84th street, New York city; F. H. Plumber, ordinary seaman, of Mabton, Wash.; next of kin, mother, Eada Kitchen, of Mabton, Wash. H. L. Vandorn, ordinary seaman, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa; next of kin, father, C. L. Vandorn, 318 Sixth avenue, West Cedar Rapids, Iowa; G. W. Westphal, fireman, first class, of Neenah, Wis.; next of kin, sister, Mrs. C. B. Harding, of Neenah, Wis.

Midshipman Field, Stevenson, Holden and Ulrich were attached to the Minnesota. Midshipman Murfin was attached to the Iowa, and Midshipman Holcomb was attached to the Connecticut. The missing seamen were all members of the Minnesota's crew.

Midshipman Field, son of William W. Field, was born Jan. 5, 1885, in Albemarle County, Va. He was of the class of 1906. Midshipman Ulrich, son of Carl Ulrich, of Milwaukee, was born April 10, 1886, in Milwaukee. He was graduated last February. Midshipman Holden, son of Susan A. Holden, was born in Chicago March 6, 1885. He was graduated last February. Midshipman Stevenson, son of M. D. W. Stevenson, was born Sept. 10, 1884, at Newbern, N.C. He was of the class of 1906. Midshipman Murfin, jr., son of Henry Clay Murfin, was born Jan. 1, 1885, at Jackson, O. He was graduated last February. Midshipman Holcomb, son of Thomas Holcomb, was of the class of 1907. He was born at New Castle, Del., Dec. 24, 1884.

Whether the launch foundered by becoming unmanageable through the breaking down of her engine and was swamped, or whether she was run into and sunk by some steamer, are matters of conjecture. No wreckage was discovered, but articles of clothing and a ditty box from the launch were picked up, and the body of Coxswain Robert H. Dodson was found floating in Hampton Roads on June 13.

Col. John W. Onst, supervising inspector of steam vessels, and several other experts in marine matters expressed their belief that the launch was not in collision, but probably was overturned by a wave or by striking a shoal. Admiral Evans reports that the opinion of the fleet is that the launch was run down by a steamship, which is the theory held at the Department.

The drowned midshipmen were returning in the launch from a dance which they had attended at Jamestown. Investigation so far shows that the Minnesota's launch left the Exposition pier about 12:15 a.m., June 11, fifteen minutes before the Virginia's launch and seventeen minutes before the Missouri's launch. The Virginia's launch was coned by a midshipman, who would have seen any commotion in the channel ways leading from the

Exposition pier. The Virginia's launch carried women, who were landed at the Fort Monroe wharf.

Midshipman W. H. Lee, of the Rhode Island, was requested by Midshipman Stevenson to take passage in the Minnesota's launch, but declined. Another officer started to the Minnesota's launch, but half way to the wharf stopped and said he thought he would not go off, as the weather was so bad. About 4 p.m., June 11, an officer's uniform cape, marked "W. H. Stevenson," was picked up by the torpedo boat Shubrick, in Hampton Roads, and about 5 o'clock Midshipman Ulrich's cape was picked up by the U.S.S. Florida.

Several despatches from Rear Admiral Evans regarding the catastrophe were received at the Navy Department. The first stated that the launch was either swamped by the heavy sea or that she was run down by some steamer before she reached her destination, and also gave the names of those on board. In a second despatch Admiral Evans said that Lieut. D. M. Randall, of the Marine Corps, was not a passenger in the missing launch, as was at first supposed, and that he was safe in Norfolk. In another despatch Admiral Evans said that the launch of the Minnesota was still missing and that "grave fears are entertained that she was run down and sunk." Another despatch from Admiral Evans says: "Request that bureau inform next of kin that six officers and five enlisted men previously reported were undoubtedly drowned June 11 at Hampton Roads. The uniform capes of Midshipman Stevenson and Ulrich were picked up aboard June 12.

The presumption is that the launch, whether overturned or run into, sank at once and her canvas covering being down, on account of the severe weather, may have made it impossible for those on board to get out.

All the drowned midshipmen were good swimmers and athletic men, and if they had had half a chance to gain some aid to keep afloat, might have been saved. The finding of the uniform capes of two missing men aboard indicates that two managed to get outside of the closed launch, and discard the capes usually worn hooked or buttoned at the throat. It would be interesting to learn whether the launch had any life preservers on board.

Immediately upon hearing of the news of the accident, prompt search was made for traces of the launch, and torpedo boats have been constantly searching Hampton Roads for some trace of the bodies of the missing men, or objects of some kind from the lost launch.

CHANGE IN NAVAL INSTRUCTION PROPOSED.

The naval board considering the subject of a revision of the studies at the Naval Academy has addressed the circular letter which follows to various graduates of the Academy in and out of the Service:

"Washington, D.C., June 4, 1907.

"Sir: A board having been ordered to inquire into the course of study now prescribed for the midshipmen at the United States Naval Academy, and to report what changes, if any, are necessary or advisable to meet the changed conditions of the naval Service, it is the desire of the members of the board, as a guide in their deliberations, to obtain the result of the experience of officers who have had opportunity to judge of the value of the present course of training at that institution.

"2. The desire of the Department, as set forth in the orders to the board, is not to lower the standard of useful instruction at the Academy, nor, on the other hand, to sacrifice practical instruction to theoretical, but rather to obtain a proper combination of theory and practice to meet the changed conditions of the naval Service. Certain points which the board is directed to consider may be summarized as follows: Organization of the academic departments; methods of instruction and time allowed in the several branches, particularly in mathematics; the advisability of combining departments now separate; the introduction of new studies and elimination or curtailment of others now taught; the advisability of increasing instruction in purely professional branches in the direction of their practical application; and the practicability of establishing some method of instructing midshipmen in at least the theory of handling enlisted men.

"3. The board would be glad to receive any recommendations or suggestions that you may care to offer that may assist it in its deliberations along the general lines indicated. As the board is required to submit its report to the Department not later than August 1, it requests the favor of a response at as early a date as may be practicable for you to forward it.

"Very respectfully,
"RICHARD WAINWRIGHT, Capt., U.S.N."

REVIEW AT HAMPTON ROADS.

A grand review of the American and foreign warships at anchor in Hampton Roads, Va., was held by President Roosevelt on June 10, which was followed by a review of troops ashore on the Lee parade in honor of "Georgia Day." The day was a perfect one, and immense crowds enjoyed the splendid ceremonies. The vessels were all dressed in handsome shape and were anchored in three columns, and as the Mayflower, bearing President Roosevelt and party, passed the vessels, each in turn fired a salute of twenty-one guns. The foreign vessels had the positions of honor in a line nearest and parallel to the Exposition grounds and were reached first by the Mayflower. The review and the reception which followed, except for some slight difference in the personnel of the participants, were similar to those events on the opening day of the Exposition last April. The following vessels comprised the review fleet:

The U.S.S. Yankton, Nevada, Florida, Arkansas, Olympia and the U.S.S. Glacier; the U.S. destroyers Hull, Truxtun, Whipple, Worden and MacDonough; the U.S. torpedo boats Stringham, Blakely, De Long, Stockton and the Shubrick, and a collier.

U.S. collier, the U.S.S. Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Virginia, Missouri, Maine, Louisiana, Connecticut, Alabama, Illinois, Kentucky, Kearsarge, Ohio, Minnesota, Iowa.

The U.S.S. Indiana, Kleber (French), Victor Hugo (French), Chasseloup-Laubat (French), Gelderland (Netherlands), Tamoyo (Brazil), Barroso (Brazil), Varese (Italy), Etruria (Italy), Sankt Georg (Austria), Aspera (Austria), Don Carlos (Portugal), U.S.S. Tennessee, Washington and Dolphin.

After the Mayflower came to her anchorage within the group of flagships, the President received on board the flag officers of the Atlantic Fleet. The foreign flag and commanding officers were then received, and in departing they proceeded to the Exposition grounds. A few minutes later they were followed by the President in the barge of Admiral Evans, accompanied by the members of his party. The military and naval parade which took place on the Lee parade ground, and which was reviewed by President Roosevelt, was one of the grandest events of its kind ever

seen in the South. The parade was formed on Commonwealth avenue, with Col. Philip Reade, 23d U.S. Inf., as grand marshal, whose staff consisted of Capt. George S. Goodale, D. B. Devore, Samuel Seay, jr., and Hugh A. Drum. There were in line detachments from the foreign squadrons at anchor in Hampton Roads, including the French, Brazilian, Austrian and Dutch warships; 12th U.S. Cavalry, cadets from the U.S. Military Academy, midshipmen from the U.S. Naval Academy, the 23d U.S. Infantry Naval Brigade from the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, 3d Battery Light Artillery, Va. Vol., 70th, 71st and 72d Regiments, 5th N.G. Ga. and Co. E, 1st N.G. Ga., corps of cadets from the Virginia Military Institute and Polytechnic Institute, Richmond Blues, Norfolk Light Artillery Blues and the 1st Battalion of Artillery, Va. Vols.

The troops made a splendid appearance and were enthusiastically received by the great crowd of onlookers, Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A., and Rear Admiral Evans, U.S.N., were on either side of the President.

In the Georgia State Building Governor Terrell, on behalf of his state, presented a silver service costing \$10,000 to the battleship Georgia, the service being accepted by Capt. Richard G. Davenport, commanding the vessel. The reception by the women of the Georgia Commission in honor of President and Mrs. Roosevelt followed. After this a luncheon was given in the building to the President and his party and Rear Admiral Evans.

STANDING OF MILITARY ACADEMY GRADUATES.

The following is a list of the Graduating Class, U.S. Military Academy, arranged according to general merit:

1. Steese	2508.58	57. Geary, W. D.	2165.16
2. Alexander, R. G.	2497.30	58. Wyman	2159.75
3. Holabird	2459.57	59. Teall	2158.29
4. O'Connor	2439.31	60. Wagner	2155.74
5. Watkins	2416.25	61. Coleman, F. H.	2154.76
6. Humphrey	2405.53	62. Pierson	2145.53
7. Park	2403.58	63. Chandler	2140.64
8. Somers	2374.50	64. Lang	2137.53
9. Sultan	2364.80	65. Everett, G. T.	2137.28
10. Coles, T. L.	2356.00	66. Arnold	2137.15
11. Rose	2355.45	67. Wheeler	2132.95
12. Thorpe	2354.44	68. Hanson	2129.16
13. Rogers, N. P.	2352.69	69. Dailey	2128.21
14. Harris, C. T.	2315.37	70. Kimball	2123.61
15. Murray, M.	2314.01	71. Boone	2110.40
16. Bartlett	2312.66	72. Yount	2109.94
17. Shedd	2311.57	73. Crafton	2099.84
18. Pritchett	2308.10	74. Moose	2097.24
19. Gallogly	2302.77	75. Rogers, C. D.	2093.07
20. Porter	2298.43	76. Hill, R. C.	2091.29
21. Greene	2296.25	77. Rockwell	2084.60
22. Glassburn	2294.94	78. Snyder	2077.53
23. Rutherford	2291.20	79. Selbie	2075.20
24. Horton	2290.77	80. Christy	2073.99
25. Staver	2290.49	81. Doak	2070.08
26. Cruse	2287.03	82. Morrissey	2066.85
27. Marley	2280.29	83. Jenkins	2063.94
28. Arthur	2276.51	84. White	2063.87
29. Keeler	2275.24	85. Gutensohn	2063.22
30. Booth	2272.14	86. James, S. L.	2062.15
31. Watson, H. L.	2264.21	87. Alexander, P.	2053.32
32. Calvo, A. R.	2261.12	88. Lounsbury	2053.29
33. Potter	2253.34	89. Sullivan	2051.72
34. Pfeil	2248.41	90. Hand	2045.25
35. Bane	2242.99	91. Wadsworth	2045.02
36. Eastman	2237.06	92. Garrison, D.G.C.	2035.27
37. Drain	2236.83	93. Scofield	2033.91
38. Dawson	2233.00	94. Collins	2028.73
39. Clinton	2224.26	95. Hayden	2025.35
40. Howard	2218.94	96. Greer	2006.80
41. Morrison	2210.66	97. Buttler	1994.01
42. McLachlan	2207.88	98. Lewis, E. E.	1990.40
43. Rice, C. H.	2204.87	99. Larned	1987.62
44. Loti	2201.89	100. Gillespie	1985.51
45. Palmer	2201.71	101. McChord	1972.14
46. Faris	2201.07	102. Henry	1970.91
47. Maish	2197.16	103. Laubach	1952.72
48. McCaughey	2195.49	104. Harrison	1944.60
49. Householder	2190.27	105. Dusenbury	1944.49
50. Taylor, J. C.	2187.55	106. Spencer, T. C.	1911.60
51. Santschi	2186.78	107. Patton, G. F.	1907.75
52. Ganoe	2184.93	108. Wilder	1890.94
53. Rice, E. F.	2184.69	109. Cheney, R. M.	1879.51
54. McNeil, E. C.	2179.80	110. Martin	1873.73
55. Robins	2171.01	111. Miller, F. M.	1751.67
56. Castle	2165.26		

The first nine graduates go to the Engineers, the next twenty-one to Ordnance, Artillery, Cavalry or Infantry, and the others to Artillery, Cavalry or Infantry.

STANDING OF NAVAL ACADEMY GRADUATES.

Some idea may be had of the test that is put upon the young man who goes through the Naval Academy from the grand average given below of the standing of each man in the graduating class this year. This final merit mark is the average of standing in recitation and examinations for the whole four years' course. All above 592 graduate with merit. One member, Lombard, was absent, and will probably have his examination later. Another, Griffiths, is to have another examination, and there is doubt as to the case of E. F. Clements, but in all probability all three will be allowed to graduate. The order of merit roll is as follows:

1. Galloway	610.93	37. Windsor	586.39
2. Torlinski	610.65	38. Barker	586.09
3. Hinkamp	609.31	39. Stevenson	585.57
4. Ewing	609.30	40. Fousland	585.02
5. McConnell	608.39	41. Nichols	584.90
6. Jewell	608.13	42. McClure	584.67
7. Bratton	602.02	43. Baughman	584.65
8. Montgomery	601.92	44. Gulliver	584.54
9. Parker, R. C.	601.19	45. Pritchard	583.20
10. Joerna	600.81	46. Dichman	583.19
11. Stewart	600.55	47. Vossler	582.39
12. Hovey	600.23	48. Coffman	580.87
13. Allen	599.92	49. Scheibla	580.51
14. Amnden	599.75	50. Ingram	579.64
15. Brooks	598.72	51. Bernard	578.84
16. Lofquist	598.20	52. Heim	578.08
17. Clark	596.67	53. Dallas	576.07
18. Murray	596.40	54. Almy	573.61
19. Sherlock	596.28	55. Condit	571.82
20. Johnstone	595.97	56. Monteser	571.17
21. Gearing	595.75	57. Austin	570.88
22. Tod	594.89	58. Gross	568.12
23. Thompson	594.77	59. Lynch	567.92
24. Simpson	593.00	60. Bellinger	567.92
25. Smith	592.56	61. Mallison	567.36
26. Baer	592.51	62. Knox	565.37
27. Ritter	592.15	63. White	563.98
28. Norton	591.34	64. Strait	562.95
29. Keller	590.79	65. Holliday	562.45
30. Williams	590.19	66. Jones	561.26
31. Henderson	590.10	67. Clement, S. A.	561.25
32. Keakow	590.04	68. Leonard	559.27
33. Miles	589.50	69. Pugh	557.52
34. Gilmore	589.50	70. Witte	557.52
35. Parker, jr.	587.91	71. Kittel	552.86
36. Cox	587.91		

RETIREMENTS IN THE NAVY ON JUNE 30.

The Navy retiring board, consisting of Rear Admirals R. D. Evans, C. M. Thomas, Asa Walker, R. M. Berry, and W. H. Emory, with Lieut. Comdr. C. L. Hussey as recorder, will hold its final meeting of the year June 30, when action will be taken according to law retiring such officers as may apply voluntarily and such others as may be held to be less efficient than the demands of the Service permit. The deliberations of the board are executive and the action taken will not be announced until next adjournment of the board. It is understood that at the meeting held June 3 it was found that twenty-four officers should be retired. Voluntary retirements are confined this year under special order No. 43 to captains and commanders. None have been sought so far as can be learned up to this time. The board after careful study of the records of various officers made up a list of five captains, four commanders, and two lieutenants who are to be involuntarily retired at the end of this month in case the voluntary applications for retirement do not prevent. If there are no voluntary retirements sought the board will proceed to select nine more officers to add to the list. This action of the board is in line with the policy entered on under the Personnel Act of 1899, and it is expected that the average age of the officers to be retired this year will be even less than that of a year ago when it was for lieutenant commanders, 44 5-6, for commanders 49, and for captains 58 years. The limitation that lieutenant commanders shall not retire voluntarily unless over 45 or after thirty years of service, it is believed will in time serve to secure for the higher grades a much younger set of officers. By a resolute persistence in the policy now in vogue it will be but few years before a far younger complement of officers will be in command of our battleships. Thus also it will be possible that officers who reach the grade of captain will have had extended service on the larger vessels or will have held important commands on smaller craft so that they will be qualified for the greater responsibility.

The action of the President, in confining the voluntary retirements to captains and commanders is very generally approved by officers of all grades, as it is essential to the efficiency of our fleet that the flag officers should become rear admirals at less advanced ages and be given more sea experience and training in order that they may be competent to skillfully command a fleet of battleships in action.

It is understood that at least one member of the board of rear admirals has said that in considering the question of deadwood among the captains and commanders, he believed in first getting rid of those who would remain longest on the active list, that is to say, that if two captains, one sixty years old and the other fifty-six, are considered equally incompetent, then he would vote for the retirement of the one who is fifty-six, as the one who is sixty must retire when he reaches the age of sixty-two. It therefore looks as if the whole of the captains and commanders' list is to be keenly scrutinized, and it seems certain from the present outlook that five captains and four commanders are to be placed in a decidedly unenviable position on June 30 next.

WAR DEPARTMENT DECISIONS.

Service saddle cloths for mounted officers.—Several patterns of these cloths having been under test at various times during the past two years, and no general agreement having been reached as to modifications advisable, it was ordered that no changes be made in the present design.

Interpretation Infantry Drill Regulations, Paragraphs 138-9.—Question arose as to when the safety lock on the 1898 model rifle should be turned to the right (locked); also whether the right hand should grasp the small of the stock in the position of load. It was ordered that an affirmative reply be made to the latter question, and that to the former, reply be made that pieces are locked only when other movements are to be executed with the piece loaded or assumed to be loaded.

Use of spotter for marking hits at target practice.—Suggestion was received that spotters be provided for use at target practice. It was ordered that one gross be supplied the School of Musketry for test and report.

Method of reporting amounts due post exchanges at recruit depots.—Suggestion was received that the existing method in this respect be changed. Favorable action was not ordered on account of the increased clerical work involved.

Use of field glasses on target range.—Inquiry was received whether such use is permissible. It was ordered that reply be made that their use is permissible, but not by officers or enlisted men while actually firing.

Amendment of Army Regulation 1246.—The Commissary General requests an amendment of this paragraph so as to authorize a company to be paid for savings on such articles of the ration as are actually saved, instead of on the value of the cheapest substitutive article. Approved.

Establishment of an exchange by a battalion of Engineers.—Request was received that an Engineer battalion be authorized to establish its own exchange wherever stationed. The request was disapproved, but it was ordered that when peculiar conditions again exist, such as those shown to have existed in the case in reference, a request to establish a battalion exchange would receive consideration by the War Department.

Attendance of Philippines Division team at Army Competition.—Request was received that those members of the Philippines Division teams whose regiments are under orders to return to the United States, be ordered home ahead of their regiments, in order to participate in the Army Competition. Not approved, as it would necessitate some members returning five months ahead of their regiments, and would be a discrimination against those members of the Philippines Division team whose regiments are not under orders to return.

Pistol practice for bandmen in the United States.—Inquiry was received whether bandmen are required to have pistol practice. Reply in the affirmative was ordered, and that the ammunition allowance order be amended so as to prescribe an allowance of \$1.50 per man for pistol ammunition.

Manner of carrying the tin cup.—Question having arisen in regard to this, it was ordered that it be prescribed that the tin cup be carried in the haversack.

Decision Paragraphs 137-138, appendix, Infantry Drill Regulations.—Question arose whether with the 1898 model rifle the piece should be locked after executing "Cease firing," and whether the right hand should grasp the small of the stock in the position of "Load." It was ordered that negative reply be made to the first question

and affirmative to the second, and that Paragraphs 137 and 138, appendix, Infantry Drill Regulations, be amended so as to make these points clear.

Amendment of Paragraph 200, Army Regulations.—Request was received that this paragraph be amended so as to authorize a general officer commanding a post to authorize regimental or separate battalion commanders to approve requisitions for clothing, stationery and for allowances, the amounts of which are fixed. Approved.

DECISIONS OF THE COMPTROLLER.

Assistant Comptroller Mitchell has decided that Marine Corps post exchanges cannot enter into contracts with the government for laundry service or any other similar work. While the Marine Corps post exchanges are under the Navy regulations which furnish no authority for such contracts it is held that the post exchanges and the officers designated to manage them are without power to give bond for the performance of such contracts and while now the interests of such exchanges and the government are the same if a contract relation existed they would be adverse.

Capt. Hugh L. Matthews, A.Q.M.U.S.M.C., has been trying to buy fresh meats and fresh bread for the men of the corps from the Panama Railroad, Comptroller Tracewell decides that he is without authority to do this unless it be done after due advertisement and the execution of a contract for such supplies. The decision is based on the statutes which require that all such Government purchases, unless in emergency, be made after advertisement for bids. The Panama Railroad Company not being a government concern, there cannot be a transfer of articles from one government establishment to another.

Second Lieutenant Stanley Koch while away from Fort Meade on leave instructed a man to exercise his horse, which was done. In the night following an eight-mile ride the horse died. An Army board held that the horse died from causes unknown. Indemnity was approved by the Secretary of War. But Assistant Comptroller Mitchell holds that the law requires that indemnity can only be paid where the animal died in military service, and that the horse in question died from purely natural causes as he would have done anywhere else. This decision is in line with a long list preceding it.

The decision is made by Assistant Comptroller Mitchell that only the actual traveling expenses of recruiting officers may be charged for trips in connection with their duties in swearing in or examining recruits. No claim for mileage can be made.

THE GRAFTON FUND.

Lieut. H. F. Wilson, Philippine Scouts, \$2.39, forwarded by Post Exchange, West Point, N.Y. Total to include June 12, \$8,860; expenditures thus far, \$5,762.30; balance June 12, \$3,106.70, on deposit in The Trust Company of America, Colonial Branch, New York city.

The Commanding General, Philippines Division, has been authorized to draw upon this fund for the benefit of Private Grafton, if occasion should require, to an amount not exceeding \$500, until the final disposition of the fund is decided upon. It should not be forgotten that it is to the officers at Fort Leavenworth, whose names have heretofore been given, that the Army is indebted for the inauguration of this movement on behalf of Grafton, and to other officers and enlisted men there and elsewhere for active efforts in behalf of the fund.

JAMESTOWN ARTILLERY CAMP.

Camp Capt. John Smith, Jamestown Exposition, Virginia.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

I desire to inform you that the expressions in your publication concerning the Jamestown Exposition do not correctly represent the sentiments and opinions of the officers and men of this Artillery camp, as I yield to no officer a greater solicitude for the welfare of his men. It is requested that you publish this brief remark.

TIEMANN N. HORN.

Capt., Field Art., U.S.A., Commanding Art. Camp.

MY KINGDOM FOR A HORSE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

"About-to-be-Promoted" has not been afforded opportunity for horseback riding during his twenty years of service. What kind of a horse is it proposed compelling him to ride for physical test? If passed for promotion he expects to secure an animal capable of carrying him through all duties, but being a Coast Artillery officer he doubts if any duties demand horseback riding. The general proposition remains, however, for consideration in other branches of the line.

A.—P.—

THE SAVAGE ARMS COMPANY.

Springfield, Mass., June 11, 1907.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Referring to the article concerning the Savage automatic pistol in your issue of June 8, I wish to correct the very erroneous inference to be drawn from said article. While it is true that the writer is not directly connected with the Savage Arms Company their relations are entirely harmonious, and the writer's resignation has nothing whatever to do with the alleged unwillingness or inability of the Savage Arms Company to furnish the required .45 caliber pistols, which is purely a business matter between the War Department and the Savage Arms Company.

The Savage Automatic Pistol having been invented, patented and perfected by the writer, it became a manufacturing proposition with the details of which the writer does not wish to be concerned, hence the resignation, and is one the management of the Savage Arms Company are entirely competent to handle.

ELBERT H. SEARLE.

We have also received a letter from the Savage Arms Company in which they say: "You say among other things:

"Mr. Elbert Hamilton Searle, now of Springfield, Mass., has severed his connections with the Savage Arms Company, of Utica, N.Y., and will endeavor to float his self-loading arm without any backing from the Savage Arms Company. Mr. Searle is of the opinion that the Savage Arms Company cannot turn out the automatic pistol patented and invented by him, without his assistance, which may explain why the Savage Arms Com-

pany were unwilling or unable, to sell to the government, automatic pistols."

"With the exception that Mr. Searle has severed his connection with this company, which severance is a matter that is entirely satisfactory to both parties, and due to Mr. Searle engaging in perfecting other inventions entirely outside of the automatic pistol, the part of the article quoted is absolutely untrue and without foundation in fact. We are unable to fill the small order of the government for two hundred pistols only because we have no special tools for the .45 caliber and would have to make them by hand. We have completed tools for the .32 caliber pistols and expect to have them on the market in the fall."

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

With an average speed of twenty-two knots for 240 miles, the U.S. torpedo destroyer Worden, under command of Lieut. Victor S. Houston, won the endurance trial of the six destroyers from the Scotland Lightship, to Cape Henry. The vessels started at 8.33 a.m., June 6, and the Worden passed the Virginia capes 7.40 p.m., the same day, making her time eleven hours and seven minutes for the distance of 240 miles and giving her a speed of almost twenty-two knots an hour for the entire distance. Immediately after the arrival of the Worden Admiral Evans, of the Atlantic Fleet, sent his congratulations. The other destroyers in the run were the Whipple, Lieut. E. Woods; Truxtun, Lieut. J. V. Babcock; Stewart, Lieut. J. F. Hellweg, and the Hopkins, Lieut. A. G. Howe. Unfortunately small accidents occurred to some of the lightly built craft during the run. Off Hog Island, the Hopkins was pushing the Worden hard for first place, when she broke her propeller strut. The Worden, after the accident, reduced her speed. All the other boats had been far distanced. The next arrival was the Hull. She got in at half-past twelve o'clock, June 7. The Stewart followed at half-past five a.m., June 7, and the Truxtun got in an hour later. It was eight o'clock a.m., June 7, when the Whipple, which was the last in the race, steamed in towing the disabled Hopkins. The last boats in, seeing themselves hopelessly beaten, did not exert themselves toward the finish of the race. The Truxtun met with an accident in the breaking of a crank pin, which cost her seven hours.

The U.S.S. Paul Jones has been ordered placed out of commission at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. The Perry has been ordered placed in commission at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., to replace the Paul Jones in the Fourth Torpedo Flotilla. The U.S.S. Boston was placed out of commission June 10 at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., and the U.S.S. Albany was placed in commission at the same place. The U.S.S. Intrepid has been ordered placed in commission for duty at the training station at Yerba Buena. The U.S.S. Severn was placed in commission June 10 at the Naval Academy.

The old sloop-of-war St. Louis has been sold by the Government to a junk dealer of Philadelphia, Pa., for \$1,210. For some time the St. Louis was used as headquarters for the Pennsylvania Naval Militia. The ship was built in 1828.

The U.S.S. practice sailing ship Cumberland, which was built in 1904, is to be placed in commission for the first time for active service as a training ship of the United States Navy. The orders received at the Charleston Navy Yard state that Comdr. H. E. Parmenter and a temporary crew from the receiving ship Wabash, which is at the yard, will man the vessel for the present. The Cumberland will be used at Newport, R.I., for a course of instruction for the naval apprentices. The Cumberland is built of steel and rigged as a bark, and has a powerful armament. The ship is 176 feet long, forty-five feet eight inches in beam, has a draft of sixteen and one-half feet and a displacement of 1,800 tons. She has modern equipment and steam facilities for handling of sails and boats, and for heating, dynamo, ventilating, distilling and refrigerating uses. The absence of engines for propelling her makes the ship very roomy. The complement is 400 officers and men.

The torpedoboats Manley and Talbot left Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, for Poughkeepsie, N.Y., under the command of Lieut. J. D. Wainwright, by way of the Chesapeake and Delaware and Delaware and Raritan Canals.

The U.S.S. Denver and Cleveland, en route to the Asiatic Squadron, passed Cape Bougaroni on the Algerian coast June 10, and signaled all well.

H. E. Lang, carpenter's mate on the U.S. gunboat Eagle, was struck by a trolley car and badly injured at Norfolk, Va., June 9, while attempting to cross the tracks. His right leg, between the knee and ankle, was fractured, and he sustained a scalp wound.

Mate Daniel G. Conway, U.S.N., who has been dishonorably discharged from the Navy, had served as an enlisted man for over sixteen years before he was appointed a mate in July, 1906. He had been recently stationed on the receiving ship Philadelphia at Puget Sound. He was a native of California.

The Annapolis Capital says "Architect Ernest Flagg, who designed the new Naval Academy, as may be evidenced on every hand, but particularly in his workmanship on the \$500,000 chapel, is a showman in the broad sense. Architect Flagg designed two niches on either side of the chancel in which were to stand two nude figures—one of a man and one of a woman. Upon inquiry by a prominent clergyman who was inspecting the chapel as for what those niches were intended, the gentleman of the cloth was told about the two nude figures. He was, apparently, horrified that 800 midshipmen were to face during worship these nude statues. 'It may be high art,' he said, 'but high art is very much out of place in the adornment of God's temple.' The matter was at once brought to the attention of Admiral Sands, who forthwith notified Architect Flagg that the nude figures must not be placed there; that the niches alongside of the chancel should remain vacant rather than have these profane ornaments in undorned state. Mr. Flagg, it is said, protested, but finally, when it was realized that the Admiral 'stood pat,' the architect determined to obey orders, and visitors gazing on those vacant places to-day are told the story."

The U.S.S. Tennessee and Washington were ordered to be at Newport News, Va., June 11 to get a draft of men and will sail probably June 15 for Bordeaux, making no intervening stops. It is expected that after participating in the International Maritime Exposition movements at Bordeaux the squadron will return at once to Hampton Roads.

In a builder's trial, the submarine boat Octopus was lowered to the bottom of the ocean at a depth of 205 feet five miles off the Boston Light, June 8. When raised it was found that her hull had successfully withstood the

great pressure. The Octopus was accompanied by a lighter with a derrick mounted. She was slung upon chains and her ballast tanks filled with water, and then lowered slowly to the bottom, where she was allowed to remain for forty minutes.

A report of the special board of Navy officers that conducted the competitive trials at Newport of the submarines Octopus and Lake has been completed and submitted to Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, but will not be made public for some days. The Octopus did not complete her final 200-foot submergence test, owing to the rough water off Boston light. Her companion boat the Cuttlefish, however, went through that test successfully. It is understood that the board is decidedly pleased with the performance of the boats.

Berlin despatches state that on June 9 a stray torpedo struck and badly damaged the German coasting steamer August while the latter was passing the practice range at Kiel. The vessel, which was leaking badly, was docked for repairs.

We published last week the annual record target practice of the Navy for 1907. Last year, 1906, the trophy winners and star ships were as follows: Vessels competing for the battleship trophy—1. Wisconsin, trophy-winner, 137,925; 2. Missouri, star-ship, 128,230; 3. Kearsarge, star-ship, 125,791; 4. Kentucky, star-ship, 123,060. Vessels competing for the cruiser trophy—Baltimore, trophy-winner, 141,102. Vessels competing for the gunboat trophy—Dolphin, trophy-winner, 144,762. Vessels competing for the torpedo trophy—1. Perry, trophy-winner, 117,230; 2. Paul Jones, star-ship, 113,718; 3. Truxton, star-ship, 112,888.

Rear Admiral Robert M. Berry, U.S.N., commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, telegraphed the Navy Department June 13 that the torpedoboat destroyer Whipple, commanded by Lieut. Irvin V. Gillis, rammed the torpedoboat Blakely, commanded by Lieut. Charles E. Courtney, cutting into the Blakely's fireroom and badly damaging her. The Whipple escaped injury, and, as far as known, no one was hurt. According to the despatch the Whipple rammed the Blakely in going to the wharf, cutting into the after fireroom, driving her against the sea wall and flattening her bow. The accident was due to an error in the engine room, the report says, the Whipple going ahead at full speed when signaled to back.

Reports received from Newport News on the condition of the torpedoboat destroyer Hopkins, injured in the race of the destroyers last week, state it will take sixty days to repair her. She broke her propeller and a strut, broke holes in her plates, two of which must be renewed. The damage to the torpedoboat Blakely by the Whipple, in running into her as the boats were trying to dock, is very serious. An official report states that the prow of the Whipple cut through the bow of the Blakely and the whole forward part of the boat will probably have to be reconstructed.

Lieutenant Hart, of the Royal navy, was killed and three sailors were injured by an explosion of gasoline on board a British submarine boat at Portsmouth, England, June 13. The submarine was a vessel of the latest type and was maneuvering in the harbor when the explosion, which was caused by an accumulation of gas, occurred.

The U.S.S. Princeton has been ordered placed out of commission at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., and the Nebraska, at the same yard, has been ordered placed in commission. The U.S.S. Albany has been assigned to the Fourth Division, 2d Squadron, U.S. Pacific Fleet.

The two U.S. seamen and launch from the torpedoboat destroyer Worden, who were reported missing, were located at Norfolk, Va., June 13. The men are Charles S. Flint, machinist's mate, and H. Miller, seaman. The launch, becoming disabled, drifted far up the river and was towed back to Norfolk.

On the afternoon of Tuesday, June 11, according to orders issued from the Navy Department, the small torpedoboats Manly and Talbot, hitherto stationed at Annapolis, left there for Poughkeepsie, N.Y., where they are to be used either as judges' boats or to police the course during the coming intercollegiate boat races on June 26. Their small size with their comparatively high speed, makes them adapted to this service. The Manly has a displacement of thirty tons and a speed of seventeen knots, while the Talbot is a little larger, with forty-six tons and twenty-one knots.

The special board appointed to observe the trial trip of the turbine steamer Camden are preparing their report. The board consists of Comdr. R. S. Griffin, Lieut. A. F. H. Yates, and Ensigns C. E. Smith and C. A. Richter, U.S.N. The Camden was built at the Bath Iron Works for the New England Steamship Company for service between Boston and Rockland, Me. She is fitted with three Parsons turbines and three screws. The trip was taken to observe the economy of the operation of turbine machinery. Although the trial was not a complete one it was very interesting and showed that the turbine as a means of propulsion is satisfactory.

The U.S.S. Albany, now at Bremerton and recently put in commission, is likely to be ordered to the west coast of Salvador, in view of the disturbed conditions there. The Dubuque is ordered to move that way and was at Ceiba June 14. The Yorktown is likely to be relieved on the west coast by the Albany.

THE LAUNCH DISASTER OF THE MINNESOTA.

The first official report to the Navy Department on the disaster to the launch of the Minnesota in Hampton Roads was received on June 14 from Captain Hubbard, in command of the Minnesota. The report is dated on the night of Tuesday, June 11, and is as follows:

The second steamer left the ship about 8:15 p.m. on June 10 for the exposition landing. Midshipman W. H. Stevenson was in charge, and had instructions that if the weather got too bad, he should hold the steamer over night in the basin. The steamer is known to have reached the basin and was seen to leave at about 12:15 this morning, and since that time nothing is known of either the boat or the officers or crew.

When the second steamer had not returned this morning by six o'clock another steamer was sent into the basin to ascertain if anything had happened to her. But no trace could be found of her. The roads, in the vicinity of Pine Beach, and the exposition pier have been searched for her, and along the north shore between the ship and Old Point.

The steamer was properly equipped for anchoring, and if she had met with an accident to her machinery only, should have been heard from. I can only conjecture that she has foundered through striking on the bar somewhere near the dredged channel, or lost through collision of some nature.

Every effort is being made to ascertain the fate of the boat and her passengers, but thus far without success.

Admiral Brownson, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, who has just returned from Hampton Roads states that every possible effort is being made to recover the ill-fated launch, and her passengers. He believes the launch could not possibly have swamped, but was cut down or collided with a tow rope or some other boat. The space to be dragged over is very large, and it may be some days before the launch is found.

THE NAVY.

Secretary of the Navy—Victor H. Metcalf.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Truman H. Newberry.
Commandant, U.S.M.C.—Brig. Gen. George F. Elliott.

VESSELS OF U. S. NAVY IN COMMISSION.

ATLANTIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, Commander-in-Chief.

First Squadron.

CONNECTICUT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Evans.) Capt. Hugo Osterhaus. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.
MAINE, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. Nathan E. Niles. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.
MISSOURI, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. Greenleaf A. Merriam. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there.
LOUISIANA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Albert R. Conden. At Cape Cod Bay. Send mail to Provincetown, Mass.

Second Division.

Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, Commander.

VIRGINIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Thomas.) Capt. Seaton Schroeder. At Cape Cod Bay. Send mail to Provincetown, Mass.
GEORGIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Richard G. Davenport. At Cape Cod Bay. Send mail to Provincetown, Mass.
NEW JERSEY, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. William W. Kimball. At Cape Cod Bay. Send mail to Provincetown, Mass.
RHODE ISLAND, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Charles G. Bowman. At Newport, R.I. Send mail to Provincetown, Mass.

Second Squadron.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Davis, Commander.

Third Division.

ALABAMA, 1st C.B.S., 18 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Davis.) Capt. Samuel P. Comly. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.
ILLINOIS, 1st C.B.S., 18 guns. Capt. Gottfried Blockinger. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.
KENTUCKY, 1st C.B.S., 22 guns. Capt. Edward B. Barry. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
KEARSARGE, 1st C.B.S., 22 guns. Capt. Herbert Winslow. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there.

Fourth Division.

Rear Admiral William H. Emory, Commander.

Send mail for ships of this division to Fort Monroe, Va.
OHIO, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Emory.) Capt. Lewis C. Heilner. At Hampton Roads, Va.
INDIANA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. Capt. Dennis H. Mahan. At Hampton Roads, Va.
IOWA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. Capt. Henry McCrea. At Hampton Roads, Va.
MINNESOTA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. John Hubbard. At Hampton Roads, Va.

Third Squadron.

Fifth Division.

DES MOINES, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Abraham E. Culver. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.
PRAIRIE, C.G., 13 guns. Comdr. Herbert O. Dunn. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there.
SCORPION, C.G., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Frank W. Kellogg. At the naval station, San Juan, Porto Rico. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
TACOMA, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Benjamin Tappan. Arrived June 12 at the navy yard, New York. Address there.

Sixth Division.

Send mail for ships of this division, except Marietta, in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
DIXIE, O.G., 8 guns. Comdr. Moses L. Wood. At Havana, Cuba.
DURIQUE, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Thomas S. Rogers. At Puerto Cortes, Honduras.
MARIETTA, G., 6 guns. Comdr. William F. Fullam. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.
PADUCAH, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Albert G. Winterhalter. At Puerto Cortes, Honduras.

Second Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Comdr. Edwin A. Anderson, Flotilla Commander.

Send mail for flotilla to the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
HOPKINS (destroyer). Lieut. Alfred G. Howe. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
WHIPPLE (destroyer). Lieut. Edward Woods. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
TRUXTON (destroyer). Lieut. John V. Babcock. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
WORDEN (destroyer). Lieut. Victor S. Houston. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
HULL (destroyer). Lieut. James H. Tomb. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
STEWART (destroyer). Lieut. Frederick Hellweg. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Third Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Willis McDowell, Flotilla Commander.

Send mail for flotilla, except Blakely, to the torpedo station, Newport, R.I.
STRINGHAM, T.B. Lieut. Willis McDowell. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I.
SHUBRICK, T.B. Lieut. Alfred W. Johnson. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I.
BLAKELEY, T.B. Ensign Charles H. Blakeley. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there.
DELONG, T.B. Lieut. William S. Miller. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I.
STOCKTON, T.B. Lieut. Willis G. Mitchell. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I.

Fleet Auxiliaries.

ABAREDA (collier), merchant complement. Joseph T. Rodgers, master. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
AJAX (collier), merchant complement. Joseph S. Hutchinson, master. At Boston, Mass.
ARETHUSA (water ship), merchant complement. W. S. Secombe, master. At Boston, Mass.
BRUTUS (collier), merchant complement. E. W. Hendricks, master. At Hampton Roads, Va.
CAESAR (collier), merchant complement. Richard J. Easton, master. At the naval station, San Juan, Porto Rico.
GLACIER (supply ship). Comdr. Frank M. Bennett. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.
HANNIBAL (collier), merchant complement. Albert B. Randall, master. At Hampton Roads, Va.
LEONIDAS (collier), merchant complement. George Worley, master. At Puerto Cortes, Honduras.
MARCELLUS (collier), merchant complement. F. N. McCain, master. At Hampton Roads, Va.
NERO (collier), merchant complement. Henry T. Meriwether, master. At Newport News, Va.
STERLING (collier), merchant complement. Gustav E. Peterson, master. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.
YANTON (tender). Lieut. Walter K. Gherardi. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.

PACIFIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral James H. Dayton, Commander-in-Chief.
Send mail for entire fleet in care of the Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.

First Squadron.

First Division.

WEST VIRGINIA, A.C., 18 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Dayton.) Capt. John B. Milton. Arrived June 13 at Chefoo, China.
COLORADO, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Sidney A. Staunton. Arrived June 13 at Chefoo, China.
MARYLAND, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Chauncey Thomas. Arrived June 13 at Chefoo, China.

PENNSYLVANIA, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Aaron Ward. Arrived June 13 at Chefoo, China.

Second Division.

CHATTANOOGA, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Roy C. Smith. Arrived June 10 at Chefoo, China.
CINCINNATI, P.C., 11 guns. Comdr. John G. Quimby. At Amoy, China.
GALVESTON, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. James M. Helm. At Shanghai, China.
RALEIGH, P.C., 11 guns. Comdr. George H. Peters. At Chefoo, China.
DENVER, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. William B. Caperton. Sailed June 7 from Gibraltar for Port Said, Egypt. The following is the itinerary of the Denver and Cleveland en route to the Pacific Fleet: arrive Port Said June 15, leave June 19; arrive Suez June 20, leave June 21; arrive Aden June 27, leave July 1; arrive Colombo July 10, leave July 16; arrive Singapore July 23, leave July 27; arrive Manila Aug. 2.
CLEVELAND, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. John T. Newton. Sailed June 7 from Gibraltar for Port Said, Egypt.

Second Squadron.

Rear Admiral William T. Swinburne, Commander.

Third Division.

CHARLESTON, P.C., 14 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Swinburne.) Comdr. Frank E. Beatty. At San Diego, Cal. Has been ordered to Portland, Ore.
CHICAGO, P.C., 18 guns. Comdr. Robert M. Doyle. Arrived June 8 at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.
MILWAUKEE, P.C., 14 guns. Comdr. Charles A. Gove. At Santa Barbara, Cal.
YORKTOWN, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Richard T. Mulligan. At Acapulco, San Salvador.
ST. LOUIS, P.C., 14 guns. Comdr. Nathaniel R. Usher. Arrived Bahia, Brazil, June 13. The following is the itinerary of the St. Louis while en route to the Pacific Coast: Leave Bahia June 18; arrive Rio Janeiro June 21, leave July 5; arrive Montevideo July 9, leave July 16; arrive Sandy Point July 22, leave July 22; arrive Valparaiso July 28, leave Aug. 4; arrive Callao Aug. 8, leave Aug. 15; arrive Acapulco Aug. 22, leave Aug. 26; arrive San Francisco Sept. 1.

Fourth Division.

BOSTON, P.C., 8 guns. Comdr. DeWitt Coffman. At the navy yard, Puget Sound. Placed out of commission June 10.
PRINCETON (composite gunboat), 6 guns. Comdr. Arthur W. Dodd. At Portland, Ore. Ordered out of commission at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.
ALBANY, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Henry T. Mayo. Placed in commission June 10 at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

THIRD SQUADRON.

Rear Admiral Joseph N. Hemphill, Commander.

Fifth Division.

RAINBOW, 6 guns. Comdr. Ben. W. Hodges. Arrived June 12 at Olongapo, P.I.
CONCORD, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Clifford J. Boush. Arrived June 9 at Chefoo, China.
HELENA, G., 8 guns. Comdr. James C. Gilmore. Arrived June 10 at Shanghai, China.
WILMINGTON, G., 8 guns. Comdr. William L. Rodgers. At Chefoo, China.

Sixth Division.

ARAYAT, G., 2 guns. Ensign George V. Stewart. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.
PANAY, G., 5 guns. Ensign Chester W. Nimitz. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.
PARAGUA, G., 1 gun. Ensign Joseph V. Ogan. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.
CALLAO, G., 1 gun. Lieut. Guy Whitlock. At Canton, China.
ELCANO, G., 4 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Joseph L. Jayne. At Hong Kong, China.
QUIROS, 2 guns. Lieut. Harlan P. Perrill. Cruising on the Yang-tse river, China.
VILLALOBOS, G., 2 guns. Lieut. Adolphus Andrews. Cruising on the Yang-tse river, China.

Coast Defense.

MONADNOCK, M., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. John F. Luby. In reserve at the naval station, Subig Bay, P.I.
MONTEREY, M., 4 guns. In ordinary, at the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

First Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Frank R. McCrary, Flotilla Commander.
CHAUNCEY (destroyer). Lieut. Frank R. McCrary. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.
BARRY (destroyer). Ensign David Lyons. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.
BAINBRIDGE (destroyer). In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.
DALE (destroyer), 2 tubes. In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.
DECATUR (destroyer). In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.

Fourth Torpedo Flotilla.

PAUL JONES (destroyer). Lieut. Edgar B. Larimer. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Has been ordered out of commission and her place in the flotilla will be taken by the Perry.
PREBLE (destroyer). Lieut. Frederick N. Freeman. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Fleet Auxiliaries.

ALEXANDER (collier), merchant complement. Thomas Adamson, master. At Chefoo, China.
IRIS (collier), merchant complement. A. M. Whitton, master. At Chefoo, China.
NANSHAN (collier), merchant complement. Isaac Carver, master. At Chefoo, China.
POMPEY (collier), merchant complement. James Smith, master. At the naval station, Guam.
SATURN (collier), merchant complement. Joseph Newell, master. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

VESSELS ON SPECIAL SERVICE OR UNASSIGNED.

ANNAPOLIS, G., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Lewis J. Clark. Sailed May 12 from Honolulu for the naval station, Tutuila, Samoa, to relieve the Adams as stationship. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal.
BROOKLYN, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Arthur P. Nazro. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Norfolk, Va. Pine Beach Station.
BUFFALO, C.G., 6 guns. Comdr. Charles F. Pond. At San Salito, Cal. Address there.
DOLPHIN (despatch boat), 2 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Thomas Washington. At the navy yard, Washington, D.C. Address there.
EAGLE, C.G., 2 guns. Lieut. Comdr. George R. Marvell. Arrived June 8 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Send mail to the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.
HARTFORD, C., 9 guns. Comdr. Ten Eyck D. W. Veeder. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there.
KANSAS, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Charles E. Vreeland. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there.
LEBANON (collier), merchant complement. Jeremiah Meriwether, master. At the naval coaling depot, Bradford, R.I.
MAYFLOWER (despatch boat), 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Andrew T. Long. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.
MIANTOMOH, M. Chief Bsn. Eugene M. Isaacs. At Hampton Roads. Send mail to Norfolk, Va., Pine Beach Station.
NEBRASKA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Ordered placed in commission July 1 at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.
PEORIA. Bsn. Walter J. Wortman. At the naval station, Culebra, Virgin Islands. Send mail in care P.M., N.Y. city.
POTOMAC (tug). Chief Bsn. John J. Holden. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.
SEVERN. Lieut. Comdr. Herbert G. Gates. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there.
SYLPH, C.G. Lieut. Roscoe C. Bulmer. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.
TEXAS, 2d C.B.S., 8 guns. Comdr. George R. Clark. At

Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Norfolk, Va., Pine Beach Station.
VERMONT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. William P. Potter. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.
WASP, C.G., 2 guns. Chief Btsn. John S. Croghan. At Jacksonville, Fla. Address there.
WOLVERINE, C.G., 6 guns. Comdr. Horace W. Harrison. At Muskegon, Mich. Address there.
Midshipmen's Practice Squadron.
 Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.

OLYMPIA, P.C., 11 guns. Capt. Thomas B. Howard. At Hampton Roads, Va.
ARKANSAS, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Bradley A. Fiske. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
FLORIDA, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Washington I. Chambers. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
NEVADA, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Harry McL. P. Huse. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
 The itinerary of the Midshipmen's Practice Squadron is given in our Naval Academy letter, page 1154 of this issue.

SPECIAL SERVICE SQUADRON.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Stockton, commander.
TENNESSEE, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Albert G. Berry. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Stockton). Arrived June 12 at Newport, R.I. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
WASHINGTON, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Theodor Porter. Arrived June 12 at Newport, R.I. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

FIRST SUBMARINE FLOTILLA.

Lieut. Charles P. Nelson, Flotilla Commander.
 Send mail to the navy yard, New York.
PORPOISE. Lieut. Charles P. Nelson. At the navy yard, New York.
SHARK. Lieut. Lloyd S. Shapley. At the navy yard, New York.
PLUNGER. Lieut. Guy W. Castle. At the navy yard, New York.
NINA (tender). Chief Btsn. Stephen McCarthy. At the navy yard, New York.

TORPEDO FLOTILLA IN RESERVE.

In commission in command of Lieut. Irvin V. Gillis.
 At Norfolk Navy Yard—Torpedobats Ericsson, Foote, Mackenzie, Bagley, Barney, Biddle, Cushing, Dupont, Gwin, Somers, Bailey, Nicholson, Tingey, Thornton, O'Brien, Porter, Winslow, Rodgers, Manly and Wilkes; destroyer Macdonough and the submarines Adder, Holland and Moccasin, and the cruiser Atlanta used as a barracks for the men of flotilla.

FISH COMMISSION STEAMERS.

ALBATROSS. Lieut. Arthur J. Hepburn. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.
FISH HAWK. Lieut. Joseph L. Hilleman. At Pine Beach, Va. Address there.

RECEIVING AND STATION SHIPS.

ADAMS, C., 6 guns (station ship). Comdr. Charles B. T. Moore. At the naval station, Tutuila, Samoa. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal. The Adams will be replaced as station ship by the Annapolis. The Adams will then proceed home under command of Lieut. Comdr. Lewis J. Clark to the navy yard, New York, via the Suez Canal.
ALLIANCE, sails, 4 guns (station and storeship). Comdr. George R. Salisbury. At the naval station, Culebra, Virgin Islands. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
AMPHITRITE, M., 6 guns (station ship). Lieut. Comdr. Albert A. Ackerman. At the naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
CONSTELLATION (stationary training ship). Capt. Frank E. Sawyer. At the training station, Newport, R.I. Address there.
FRANKLIN, R.S., Capt. Walter C. Cowles. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there.
HANCOCK (transport receiving ship). Capt. William H. Reeder. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.
INDEPENDENCE, R.S., Capt. Giles B. Harber. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.
LANCASTER, C.S., 8 guns, R.S., Capt. James M. Miller. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there.
MOHICAN, C., 6 guns (station ship). Lieut. Comdr. John P. Luby. At the naval station, Subig Bay, P.I. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal.
MONONGAHELA (storeship), 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Albert A. Ackerman. At the naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
PENSACOLA, R.S., Capt. James H. Bull. At the naval training station, San Francisco, Cal. Address there.
PHILADELPHIA, P.C. (receiving ship). Comdr. Francis H. Sherman. At the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash. Address there.
REINA MERCEDES (auxiliary to the Constellation). At the Training Station, Newport, R.I.
RICHMOND (auxiliary to Franklin). At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there.
SOUTHERY (prison ship). Chief Btsn. William L. Hill. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.
SUPPLY (station ship), 6 guns. Comdr. Templeton M. Potts. At the naval station, Guam. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal. The Supply is now on a cruise to Manila to transfer men, etc.
WABASH, R.S., Capt. John M. Hawley. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.

STATE NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIPS.

ENTERPRISE (Massachusetts Nautical School Ship). Comdr. William F. Low, retired. Address care of the State House, Boston, Mass.
SARATOGA (Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship). Comdr. C. N. Atwater, retired. Send mail to 16 North Delaware avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.
ST. MARK'S (New York Nautical School Ship). Comdr. Gustavus C. Hanns, retired. Sailed from New York City April 30 on her annual cruise, first going to Glen Cove, where she will remain until about May 29. After cruising about the Sound she will leave New London on or about June 11 for Plymouth, England. From that port she will sail for the Madeira Islands about July 15, leaving there for the voyage home about Aug. 1.

DEATHS AMONG NAVY ENLISTED MEN.

Charles Clinton Cole, private, U.S.M.C., died May 10, 1907, while attached to the marine barracks, Palmyra, Cuba.
 Lewis Ellsworth Keller, private, U.S.M.C., died May 24, 1907, while attached to the marine barracks, League Island, Pa.
 John Hall Morgan, chief yeoman, died May 25, 1907, while an inmate of the naval hospital, Brooklyn, N.Y.
 Andrew Gortsen, coxswain, died May 21, 1907, while an inmate of the naval hospital, Mare Island, Cal.
 James Holland, ordinary seaman, died May 21, 1907, while an inmate of the naval hospital, Boston, Mass.
 Joseph Sheehan, chief yeoman, died May 26, 1907, while attached to the U.S.S. Chicago.
 Jesse E. Conn, coal passer, Robert H. Dodson, seaman, F. H. Plumber, ordinary seaman, H. L. Vandorn, ordinary seaman, and G. W. Westphal, fireman, first class, drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, while attached to the U.S.S. Minnesota.

NAVY GAZETTE.

JUNE 7.—Lieut. E. B. Larimer detached duty in command Paul Jones when out of commission; to command Perry.
 Ensigns M. S. Davis and E. A. Swanson detached duty Paul Jones when out of commission; to Perry.
 Midshipman C. E. Pugh to the Washington June 12, 1907.
 Midshipman R. F. Gross to the Tennessee.
 Gun. W. Carroll, retired, to the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

JUNE 8.—Rear Admiral F. Rodgers, retired, senior member board to convene Navy Department, Washington, D.C., June 12, 1907, to consider and report upon the subject of land boundaries and privileges at Honolulu, H.T., then home.

Rear Admiral A. Walker additional duty as president of the Naval Retiring Board, Mills building, Washington, D.C.
 Comdr. W. S. Benson detached duty as inspector in charge of the Sixth Lighthouse District, Charleston, S.C., etc.; to the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., for temporary duty.

Lieut. Comdr. S. E. W. Kittelle detached duty as secretary of the General Board, Mills building, Washington, D.C., etc., June 15, 1907; to Philadelphia, Pa., for duty in connection with the fitting out of the Mississippi and duty as executive officer of that vessel when commissioned.
 Lieut. Comdr. A. P. Niblack member board to convene Navy Department, Washington, D.C., June 12, 1907, to consider and report upon the subject of land boundaries and privileges at Honolulu, H.T.

Lieut. Comdr. W. K. Gise commissioned a lieutenant commander in the Navy from Feb. 8, 1907.

Lieuts. C. W. Early and F. C. Martin commissioned lieutenants in the Navy from May 2, 1907.

Lieuts. (Junior Grade) W. J. Moses, G. Darst and R. R. Adams commissioned lieutenants (junior grade) in the Navy from May 2, 1907.

Surg. J. E. Page when discharged treatment Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Cal., granted leave three months.

Paymr. W. H. Wilson discharged Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C.; to home and placed on furlough.

Pharm. J. H. McGuigan unexpired portion of sick leave revoked; to the Naval Hospital, New York, N.Y., for treatment and observation.

Note.—Med. Dir. R. A. Marmion, retired, died at Washington, D.C., June 8, 1907.

JUNE 9.—SUNDAY.

JUNE 10.—Lieut. Comdr. H. Rodman additional duty as inspector in charge of the Sixth Lighthouse District, Charleston, S.C., July 1, 1907.

Lieut. Comdr. M. E. Reed detached duty Chicago; to the Charleston as senior engineer officer of that vessel.

Lieut. Comdr. T. W. Kinkaid detached duty Charleston; to home and wait orders.

Lieut. R. Stone detached duty U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., etc., June 20, 1907; to Albany as executive officer.

Lieut. W. Norris detached duty Ohio; to the Kentucky as senior engineer officer of that vessel.

Lieut. H. T. Winston detached duty Charleston; to the Princeton as senior engineer officer of that vessel.

Lieut. F. Morrison detached duty Princeton; to the Chicago as senior engineer officer of that vessel.

Ensign A. B. Reed to the Charleston.

Midshipmen T. H. Symington, C. Humphrey and A. M. Cohen detached duty Hartford, U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., etc.; to home and wait orders.

Med. Dir. D. Dickinson additional duty as member of the Naval Retiring Board, Mills Building, Washington, D.C.

Passed Asst. Paymr. D. C. Crowell detached duty in connection accounts of torpedo boats in reserve and as commissary officer, torpedo headquarters, navy yard, Norfolk, Va., etc., June 30, 1907; to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.

Passed Asst. Paymr. E. H. Tricen detached duty navy yard, Norfolk, Va., etc., June 30, 1907; to duty in charge of accounts of torpedoboats in reserve and other torpedo craft; also in charge of the commissary department, torpedo headquarters, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Chief Gun. F. H. Whitney detached duty navy yard, New York, N.Y., etc.; to New Jersey.

War. Mach. L. A. McClure detached duty Moran Bros. Co., Seattle, Wash., etc.; to Nebraska when commissioned.

War. Mach. O. J. McCorkle detached duty navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., etc.; to Nebraska when commissioned.

War. Mach. J. Dexter detached duty navy yard, New York, N.Y., to New Jersey.

Note.—Mate W. G. Smith, U.S.N., retired, died at the U.S. Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Md., June 9, 1907.

JUNE 11.—Lieut. H. Laning detached duty U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., etc.; to duty in charge of the Navy Rifle Team, Creedmoor, N.Y., June 15, 1907.

Lieut. S. H. R. Doyle detached duty Kentucky; to the navy yard, New York, N.Y., duty in department of steam engineering of that yard.

Lieut. D. A. Weaver commissioned a lieutenant in the Navy from May 2, 1907.

Passed Asst. Surg. W. J. Zalesky commissioned a passed assistant surgeon in the Navy from April 12, 1907.

Asst. Surg. H. L. Kelley appointed an assistant surgeon in the Navy from June 6, 1907.

Paymr. D. V. Chadwick additional duty as commissary officer of Lancaster.

Passed Asst. Paymr. D. G. McRitchie detached duty Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., etc., June 30, 1907; to the navy yard, Washington, D.C., for duty as assistant to the general storekeeper of that yard.

Passed Asst. Paymr. B. L. McGee detached duty naval station, Key West, Fla., etc., Aug. 1, 1907; to home, settle accounts, and wait orders.

Asst. Paymr. R. B. Lupton detached duty as commissary officer of Lancaster, navy yard, League Island, Pa., etc., June 30, 1907; to the naval station, Key West, Fla., Aug. 1, 1907.

Btsn. A. Stuart warranted a boatswain in the Navy from Feb. 4, 1905.

Btsn. P. Shanahan detached duty Independence, navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., etc.; to Nebraska when commissioned.

Gun. L. S. Walker sick leave extended six weeks from June 10, 1907.

Gun. G. C. Layer to the navy yard, New York, N.Y., for duty in ordnance department of that yard.

Gun. E. Alberts warranted a gunner in the Navy from March 22, 1896.

Chief Gun. W. Walsh, retired, placed on the retired list of officers of the Navy from June 7, 1907, in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 1453 of the Revised Statutes.

Chief Carp. F. O. Le Pine to the navy yard, New York, N. Y., duty department construction and repair of that yard.

Carp. F. Sarafeld to the navy yard, Boston, Mass., duty department construction and repair of that yard.

Carp. W. R. Donaldson to the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., June 24, 1907, duty department construction and repair of that yard.

Carp. L. A. Maaske to the navy yard, League Island, Pa., duty department construction and repair of that yard.

Pharm. T. N. K. Phillips when discharged treatment U.S. Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C., to the Naval Hospital, Yokohama, Japan, sailing from San Francisco, Cal., via steamer Korea, on or about July 9, 1907.

Pharm. C. McLarty detached duty naval hospital, Yokohama, Japan, etc.; to duty at the Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Cal.

JUNE 13.—Lieut. Comdr. R. E. Counts detached as inspector of equipment, Moran Bros., Seattle, etc.; to the Nebraska as executive officer.

Lieut. Comdr. W. R. Shoemaker detached duty Connecticut July 1; to home.

Lieut. C. A. Abele detached duty Princeton; to the Nebraska.

Ensign D. P. Wickersham detached duty Philadelphia; to the Nebraska.

Ensign H. McL. Walker detached Bureau of Steam Engineering; to the Maine June 20.

Midshipman E. M. Perkins, J. E. Pond and C. S. Graves detached duty on Princeton; to the Nebraska.

Surg. F. L. Pleadwell detached naval hospital, Yokohama; to home.

P.A. Surg. J. H. Payne, jr., from instruction at the Naval Medical School, Washington; to the recruiting station, Providence, R.I.

Act. Asst. Surg. W. G. Steadman detached Navy recruiting station, Providence; to Washington July 1 for examination for appointment as assistant surgeon.

Paymr. J. D. Barber detached duty as pay officer of the Philadelphia; to duty as pay officer of the Nebraska.

P.A. Paymr. A. S. Brown to navy yard, Puget Sound, as pay officer.

Lieut. Arthur Crenshaw, inspector of machinery, Moran Bros. Co., Seattle; to the Nebraska as senior engineer officer.

Asst. Paymr. J. N. Jordan additional duty as commissary officer of yard craft and vessels on detached service whose accounts are borne at the navy yard, New York.

Chief Gun. W. Walsh, retired, detached duty navy yard, Washington; to home.

Chief Gun. J. R. Ward and War. Mach. W. James detached duty Moran Bros. Co., Seattle; to the Nebraska.

MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

JUNE 6.—First Lieut. John H. White granted leave until July 15.

JUNE 7.—Capt. Frank E. Evans, retired, temporary duty with Marine Corps rifle team, Camp Harrington.

Second Lieut. Logan Tucker temporary duty at marine barracks, Washington.

JUNE 8.—First Lieut. Cleyburn McCanley from Wabash, and to duty in charge of recruiting district Indianapolis.

First Lieut. Daniel W. B. Blake from recruiting district of Indianapolis, to charge of recruiting district South Ohio, headquarters, Cincinnati.

JUNE 10.—Second Lieut. Logan Tucker order of June 7, 1907, modified. Unexpired portion of leave revoked and to temporary duty, marine barracks, Wash.

Second Lieut. Maurice E. Shearer from marine barracks, Mare Island, and to marine barracks, Annapolis.

JUNE 11.—Second Lieut. Benjamin J. Gosset unexpired portion of sick leave Havana, Cuba, revoked, and to temporary duty at marine barracks, Washington.

JUNE 12.—The following officers are ordered to report June 26, to the commandant, navy yard, and C.O. of marines, Norfolk, Va., for the purpose of participating in target practice at Camp Harrington. From the marine barracks, Annapolis, Md.: Second Lieut. Harold H. Utley, 2d Lieut. Howard C. Judson, 2d Lieut. Allen M. Sumner, 2d Lieut. William F. Bevan, 2d Lieut. John Potts, 2d Lieut. Edward P. Roelker, 2d Lieut. Edward A. Ostermann, 2d Lieut. Edward S. Willing, and 2d Lieut. James N. Sutton.

First Lieut. James K. Tracy, U.S.M.C., is relieved from temporary duty at Nuevitas, Cuba, and will join his proper station, Manzanillo, (June 1, A.C.P.)

Capt. G. C. Thorpe, U.S.M.C., will return to his proper station, Nuevitas, Cuba. (May 29, A.C.P.)

REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE ORDERS.

Chief Engr. W. F. Blakemore to proceed to Phoenixville, Pa., on inspection duty.

Chief Engr. Willits Pedrick granted twenty days' leave.

Capt. J. C. Moore granted thirty days' sick leave, with permission to apply for an extension.

Chief Engr. W. F. Blakemore to proceed to Coatesville, Pa., on inspection duty.

Engineer-in-Chief C. A. McAllister and Constr. J. Q. Walton to proceed to Baltimore, Md., and examine steam machinery of Essexenden.

First Lieut. A. H. Buhner, Chief Engr. Urban Harvey, and 2d Lieut. W. A. Whittier constituted a board for the professional examination of Act. Gun. George S. Hoyt for appointment as gunner.

Chief Engr. H. K. Spencer granted thirty days' leave, with permission to apply for an extension.

First Lieut. C. T. Brian granted thirty days' leave, with permission to apply for an extension.

First Lieut. W. E. W. Hall granted seven days' sick leave.

Constr. J. Q. Walton directed to proceed to Wilmington, Del., on official business.

Second Lieut. P. H. Scott granted twenty-three days' extension leave.

VESSLS OF THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

ALGONQUIN—Capt. J. M. Moore. Newport News, Va.

APACHE—Capt. J. F. Wild. Baltimore, Md.

ARCTIC—1st Lieut. G. C. Carmine. Port Townsend, Wash.

BEAR—Capt. F. Tuttle. At San Francisco, Cal., repairing.

BOUTWELL—Capt. P. H. Ueberoth. Newbern, N.C.

CALUMET—Capt. C. C. Fenger in charge. At New York.

CHASE (practice ship). Capt. W. E. Reynolds. On practice cruise.

COLFAX—Station ship. Arundel Cove, Md.

DALLAS—Capt. H. D. Smith. Ogdensburg, N.Y.

DEXTER—Capt. L. L. Still. New London, Conn.

FESSENDEN—Capt. H. Emery. Arundel Cove, Md., repairing.

FORWARD—At Baltimore, Md., repairing.

GOLDEN GATE—1st Lieut. F. G. Dodge. San Francisco.

GRESHAM—Capt. K. W. Perry. Portsmouth, N.H.

GUTHRIE—1st Lieut. R. O. Crisp. Baltimore, Md.

HARTLEY—1st Lieut. F. G. Dodge. San Francisco, Cal.

HUDSON—Capt. C. C. Fenger. At New York.

ITasca—At Newport News, Va., repairing.

MACCULLOUGH—Capt. H. B. Rogers. On Alaska cruise.

MACKINAC—1st Lieut. C. E. Johnston. Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

MANHATTAN—Lieut. D. F. A. de Otte. New York.

MANNING—Capt. J. C. Cantwell. On Alaska cruise.

MOHAWK—Capt. B. L. Reed. Woods Hole, Mass.

MORRILL—Capt. S. M. Landrey. Detroit, Mich.

MONDAGA—Capt. J. C. Moore. Tompkinsville, N.Y.

PERRY—Capt. F. M. Dunwoody. On Alaska cruise.

RUSH—Capt. D. J. Alsworth. On Alaska cruise.

SEMINOLE—1st Lieut. Charles Satterlee. Wilmington, N.C.

THEETIS—Capt. A. J. Henderson. On Arctic cruise.

TUSCARORA—Milwaukee, Wis.

WINDOM—Capt. P. W. Thompson. At Galveston, Texas.

WINNISIMMET—1st Lieut. G. M. Daniels. Boston, Mass.

WINONA—Capt. A. P. R. Hanks. At Mobile, Ala.

WISSAHICKON—1st Lieut. E. P. Berthell. Philadelphia, Pa.

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THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., June 11, 1907.

The business meeting of the Naval Academy Graduates' Association was held here on Wednesday. William R. Mercer, of Doylestown, Pa., class of 1847, was the oldest graduate at the business meeting, but was unable to attend the dinner, James Parker, of Perth Amboy, N.J., class of 1852, being the oldest graduate at that affair. At the business meeting John Wilkes, '47, of Charlotte, N.C., was elected president for the ensuing year, and Prof. Fred. E. McMillen, '04, secretary-treasurer; members of the council, Capt. George P. Colvocoresses, Col. Robert M. Thompson, of New York, Lieut. Comdr. J. A. Hoogewerf, Lieut. Arthur MacArthur, Jr., and Professors W. C. F. Hasson and Fred E. McMillen. The graduates formed in front of the chapel, with Admiral Sands in command and Midshipman Alexander T. Symington as adjutant, and marched to Bancroft Hall, where the dinner was held.

Among the graduates present at the Alumni banquet, given in order of entry into the Academy, were: James Parker; Rear Admirals J. H. Sands, Yates Stirling, C. F. Goodrich, Asa Walker, H. N. Manney; Capt. G. P. Colvocoresses; Charles D. Galloway; Comdr. B. A. Fiske; W. R. King; Prof. S. J. Brown; Comdrs. W. H. Chambers, A. W. Grant, H. McL. P. Huse, J. H. Glennon, C. N. Atwater, J. E. Craven; H. W. Spangler, F. T. Bowles, Frank M. Bennett; Comdr. T. G. Dewey; Prof. P. R. Alger; Lieut. Col. George Barnett; Lieut. Comdr. J. A. Hoogewerf; Naval Constr. Lloyd Bankson; John T. Arnold, Patrick H. Philbin; Paymr. Robert H. Woods; George W. Littlehales, Robert T. Frazer, William D. Carwell, William H. Ledbetter, Bert Townsend, Robert L. Weratz; Lieut. W. H. Faust; C. D. Billings; Lieut. Comdr. E. L. Beach, H. O. Stickney, H. G. Gates; Armin Hartrath; Lieut. Comdr. W. V. Pratt; Majors Ben. H. Fuller, C. G. Long; Lawrence Spear; Lieut. Comdr. H. J. Ziegemeier; Urban T. Holmes, Charles B. McVay, Jr., M. M. Taylor; Charles O. Bond; Lieut. Comdr. D. E. Dismukes; G. W. Williams; Naval Constr. Frank B. Zahn; Lieut. Comdr. Waldo Evans; Naval Constr. Henry G. Smith; Lieut. Comdr. H. H. Christy; E. Theall; Lieut. C. L. Hussey, Yates Stirling, Jr., B. Del. Hasbrouck, Chester Wells, J. P. J. Ryan; James B. Potter; Lieuts. Harris Laning, Arthur MacArthur, Jr., W. T. Cluverius, C. R. Miller, O. G. Murfin, Hayne Ellis, Charles P. Snyder, R. S. Keyes, Thomas R. Kurtz, Orie W. Fowler, Walter N. Vernon; Fred E. McMillen; Ensigns Arthur C. Stott, L. F. Dorch; Midshipmen Churchill Humphrey, T. A. Symington, A. M. Cohen and Roy L. Stover.

The following is the itinerary of the midshipmen's summer cruise for 1907, the U.S. ships Olympia, Arkansas, Florida and Nevada: Midshipmen embark, June 8, sail from Annapolis 6 a.m.; arrive Hampton Roads; visit shipyard at Newport News, June 19, leave Hampton Roads, June 25, arrive New York; anchor in North river, June 27, leave the North river for New London, Conn., June 28 to Aug. 20, cruise in the neighborhood of New London, Aug. 20, leave New London, Conn., for Hampton Roads, Aug. 22, arrive at Hampton Roads, Aug. 25, leave Hampton Roads, Aug. 25, arrive at mouth of Potomac river, Aug. 31, arrive at Annapolis; midshipmen disembark. While in the vicinity of New London the ships will visit in rotation the torpedo station at Newport, R.I. During the week ending Aug. 31, the first class will visit the proving ground at Indian Head, and the gun factory at Washington. The ships will coal, as necessary, at Newport News, and at coaling stations at Narragansett Bay and New London.

The midshipmen's cruise, under command of Capt. T. B. Howard, with the Naval Academy band, sailed Saturday morning and proceeded direct to Jamestown, arriving in the afternoon. They remain at the Exposition until after Georgia Day.

The Board of Visitors will make some important recommendations in regard to that body itself. It has been found that the four or five days spent at Annapolis in the midst of a holiday season is not enough to afford opportunities for thorough investigation and intelligent report. For this reason it will be recommended that the board be constituted that its members will remain upon it for a number of terms, also that the time of its visit be changed from the end of the term to some time while the actual work of the institution is going on.

The board repeats the recommendation, already made many times, that the graduates be commissioned as ensigns immediately upon the completion of their four years' course, instead of being compelled to wait for two years.

An important recommendation is to the effect that officers detained at the Academy in connection with the instruction and discipline of the midshipmen should be allowed to stay three years, and their term so fixed that one-third should leave at the end of each year.

A recommendation of much interest is one which would revolutionize the system of admission, by allowing candidates to be taken in upon the passage of physical examinations, when they could present the certificate of an accredited school to the completion of work of the grade required. Supplementary to this it is recommended that the real test of suitability to remain in the Academy be the examination held at the completion of the first half year of work. Upon this there was much discussion, and it was urged in its favor that the new system would result in the abolition of the practice of cramming for entrance examinations.

The most important thing affecting the scholastic work which the report will contain will be the suggestion that a separate department of electricity be established, that subject now being included under the department of physics and chemistry. It will also be recommended that civilian professors be allowed commutation of quarters and the right to purchase fuel, etc., at prices allowed to officers in the service. Other recommendations will be that the Naval Academy band be put upon an enlisted basis, and that three additional tugs be procured to supplement the fleet used in practice work. The report of the board will contain high praise of the Naval Academy and its management by Admiral Sands and the others connected with it. Every member of the board is pleased beyond measure at the work being done, and the high sense of devotion to the work found to be the actuating principle among those connected with the institution.

The second class, of '09, as heretofore stated, does not go on

the cruise. The class is divided into two companies, and Friday the second company left for their respective homes to be on leave for two months, when the first section will go on leave. In the section first given leave are the members of the football squad, who will return in time for early practice in the fall. The midshipmen who will row at Poughkeepsie are also here until after the race on June 26.

The sessions of the medical examining board began Monday for the physical examination of candidates for admission who successfully passed the mental tests at the several stations throughout the country in April last. The board will remain in session for about two months and will also examine those who are successful in the second and last examinations, held at the Naval Academy only, beginning June 18. About fifty candidates who passed in April and qualified physically, but were given leave, returned Monday, when the summer work began. For the midshipmen of the second class who remain here part of the summer instructions will be entirely of a practical nature, and there will be no recitations.

The three submarine torpedo boats Porpoise, Shark and Plunger, under the command of Lieut. Charles P. Nelson, have left for the New York Navy Yard, to remain during the summer, and it is expected, will return to Annapolis in October.

Members of the first and second crews of the Naval Academy with Coach Richard Glendon and probably Lieut. Comdr. N. E. Irwin, will leave here for Poughkeepsie on Friday. Trainer Jack McMaster leaves on Wednesday to make preparations. Since Thursday last the crew have had nothing to do but to follow Coach Glendon's orders, and for the first time during his four seasons here he has not had the interference of the rigid Academy routine in his practical work. The crews got on the water both morning and afternoon. During the past week several midshipmen were the victims of a robbery in Bancroft Hall, losing sums of money ranging from \$25 to \$30. The alleged robberies, it is thought, were committed while some of the big events were in progress, when one or more persons could have entered Bancroft Hall, the midshipmen's dormitory, without being apprehended. Felipe Renouf, mail carrier for the U.S. Naval Academy, has been put under arrest charged with the opening of letters addressed to Midshipmen Homer A. Bagg and E. H. Williams, containing \$10 and \$12, respectively, and taking possession of the contents. Renouf denies the charge.

The sailing cruiser Severn is being made ready to take the midshipmen of the new fourth class on weekly cruises down the bay. The Severn will be commanded by Lieut. H. G. Gates, and her other officers are Lieuts. W. J. Manion and John D. Wainwright.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., June 13, 1907.

The trite but true saying that "West Point without the Corps is West Point without the core," has been exemplified during the past week. With band playing and colors flying, the transport Sumner steamed down the river a week ago last Tuesday morning, leaving the girls (and others) lamenting the departure of the life of the garrison. In addition to the complement of officers, civilian instructors and civilian employees accompanying the cadets, Gen. Edwin V. Sumner, whose son, "Win," is a member of the second class, and Mr. William Ward, the veteran clerk in charge of the records, were among the cabin passengers. The Chaplain accompanied the Corps, so there was no service in Memorial Hall or chapel on Sunday.

The corps returned to the post at 5 p.m. on Wednesday afternoon, June 12. The mess hall was loudly cheered as the long line passed its hospitable doors on the way to barracks. On Thursday morning the members of the first class reported in order at the adjutant's office for the purpose of indicating the branch of the Service to which they would prefer assignment.

At evening parade today, Thursday, Capt. Robert L. Howze, commandant, after the drill had been finished, made an address to the graduating class, saying in part:

"Gentlemen of the graduating class, it is the last time you have paraded with the Corps of Cadets. In a few months you will be scattered over a large part of the world, enduring every climate, from the heat of the tropics to the cold of the arctic regions, never to meet together again as a class. "While the country's horizon is not dimmed by war clouds, and it is hoped will not be, it is for you to continue the preparation which you have had, and, if the time does come, it is for you to do your part to make worthy the traditions handed down before you. Gentlemen, I welcome you as officers of the United States."

Immediately afterward the class again took its position in the line and passed in review to music by the Military Academy band, which played "Auld Lang Syne" and "The Girl I Left Behind Me."

To-night the graduation hop took place. Among other distinguished officers in attendance was Brig. Gen. William P. Duval, who will deliver the diplomas to the graduates to-morrow. Colonel Lawton, of the Board of Visitors, will deliver the address. The encampment will be established on Saturday morning—"Camp Peter Smith Michie."

The graduates and furloughmen will attend a performance of "The Orchid" on the evening of Graduation Day, June 14, in New York city.

The funeral of Major Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, U.S.A., retired, occurred on Thursday. Services had been held at the late home of the deceased General, Stamford, Conn. The interment was accompanied by all of the military honors possible in the absence of the band and Corps of Cadets, officers and all troops at the post joining in the last tribute of respect paid to the deceased officer, who is remembered with much respect and esteem as Superintendent of the Academy from '71 to '76. The soldiers' quarters erected during his tour of duty bear the name "Rugertown" to this day.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Butler D. Price and Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Joseph P. Farley are among guests at "The Rocks," Highland Falls. Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Auman have been recent guests of Captain Paine. Gen. Ernest A. Garlington, I.G.; Capt. R. H. McMaster, Art. Corps; Lieut. Mark Brooke, O.E.; and Mrs. Brooke have been among guests at the hotel. Lieutenant Brooke has just been assigned to duty at the Academy in the department of practical military engineering. Major and Mrs. Listak have gone abroad for the summer. Capt. and Mrs. E. G. Davis are guests of Col. and Mrs. Dudley for a few days before their departure.

CAMP CAPT. JOHN SMITH.

Camp Capt. John Smith, Jamestown Exposition, Norfolk, Va., June 12, 1907.

Lieuts. Ralph Dickinson, 3d Inf., and John C. Maul, 20th Inf., were visitors at the camp during the week, also Capt. and Mrs. O. S. Eskridge, 11th Inf., while on their way from Cuba to Fort Russell, Wyo.

Messrs. Miller Brothers have very kindly extended season passes to all the officers of the 23d Infantry to their "101 Ranch" Wild West Show in the Exposition grounds. They also invited every enlisted man to attend a performance. Colonel Ferrari, proprietor of Ferrari's trained animal show, also very kindly extended invitations to the officers and enlisted men. Both shows are among the best of their kind, and everyone enjoyed witnessing them. Mr. Barnes, owner of "Princess Trixie," extended the same invitation. Princess Trixie is a most wonderful horse. Her abilities to spell names and to describe costumes by picking out the colors is wonderful. The majority of officers attended the opening of the "Battle of the Merrimack and Monitor" show by the warpath as guests of the management. This is a very realistic production. On the evening of June 8 all the officers attended a "Dutch lunch" at the Swiss village, given by Mr. Fritz Miller & Sons, the proprietors, a most enjoyable entertainment. Several features of the warpath were introduced during the

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evening, among them the trained bear from Colonel Ferrari's, the Philippine exhibit's orchestra, the Tyrolean Warblers, and some men from the streets of Cairo.

All of the officers are now quartered in hospital tents, which are a necessity, due to the fact of having to keep so many uniforms and clothes. The companies are now all supplied with the Forbes Waterhouse sterilizers. Heretofore it has been necessary to boil the water before using it.

Lieut. K. L. Pepper is sick in the hospital at Fort Monroe. Capt. H. A. Eaton will soon leave for Morgantown, W. Va., to be military instructor at the University of West Virginia. Lieut. E. S. Stayer goes later in the summer to be professor of military science and tactics at Delaware College, Newark, Del. So far the 23d Infantry ball team has had a very successful season, having won twelve games out of fourteen.

Mrs. Schley, wife of Capt. T. F. Schley, is in Norfolk, where she will remain for some time. Mrs. Drum, wife of Capt. H. A. Drum, arrived on June 8, and will remain for about six or seven weeks. Mrs. Hines, wife of Capt. J. L. Hines, is a frequent visitor at the camp. She is staying in Newport News for the summer.

President Roosevelt was at the Exposition on June 10, "Georgia Day." He reviewed the troops of this camp, the cadets from West Point, the midshipmen from Annapolis, the sailors from our own and foreign warships, the marines, and the militia. He accepted for the battleship Georgia a silver service presented by the State of Georgia. He returned to the Mayflower about 5 p.m. and left for Washington. On the same evening the Exposition authorities gave a ball to the cadets from the Military and Naval Academies. The ball was opened with a grand march led by Col. Philip Reade, 23d Inf., and Mrs. Swanson, wife of the Governor of Virginia.

The cadets from West Point re-embarked on the Sumner early on the morning of June 11 for the return trip, after a stay of six weeks.

The 71st Regiment, of Virginia, is encamped near the 3d Battery of Field Artillery, having arrived on the 9th.

The baseball game between the Navy ships at anchor in Hampton Roads and the Army, at the Exposition grounds, resulted in a victory for the Army, the score being 9-0. The Navy challenged the Army to a series of games. The Navy went down to defeat in the first game on Lafayette Field, Norfolk, on June 11. The Navy team was helped greatly by former stars of the Naval Academy's teams. They were Goldthwaite, Culp, Weaver and Gill. On the other hand, the Army had several members of West Point's crack team. The entire infield and battery, excepting Lieutenant Copp, were from the Military Academy.

Beavers was the star of the game. He allowed the Navy only four hits and was steady throughout the whole game. Mountford, who caught for him, gave a great display of throwing to second. Graninger played in great form while Lieutenants Copp and Johnson did fine work. Dornick, of the Navy, did the best work at the bat. The errors of Gill and Bonaparte were costly to the Navy. The following were the nine:

Army—Granger, 3b.; Pritchett, s.s.; Wagner, 2b.; Beavers, p.; Mountford, c.; Powers, r.f.; Johnson, c.f.; Copp, 1b.; Barrow, l.f.

Navy—Gill, s.s.; Bonaparte, 2b.; Goldthwaite, l.f.; Weaver, c.; Culp, 1b.; Dornick, c.f. and p.; Leach, r.f.; Barnes, 3b.; Louns, p.; Flemming, c.; Dunn, c.f.

JEFFERSON BARRACKS.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo., June 10, 1907.

Mrs. John R. Musgrave, wife of Lieutenant Musgrave, Art. Corps, gave a large and delightful bridge party last Wednesday afternoon, June 5, at which elaborate refreshments were served. The first prize, a beautiful cut glass vase, was won by Miss Baucker, of Atlanta, Ga.; the second, a pretty leather box, by Miss Smith, and the third, a copper tray, by Mrs. Eugene J. Ely. Others present were: Mrs. Allen Smith, Mrs. Nelson A. Goodspeed, Mrs. William A. Powell, Mrs. John P. Hasson, Mrs. Allen Parker and Mrs. Will L. Pyles. Mrs. Gregory, wife of Lieut. James J. Gregory, Med. Dept., and young son arrived last Wednesday from Detroit, Mich., and are, with Lieutenant Gregory, guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Will L. Pyles. Lieutenant Gregory will occupy quarters which will soon be vacated by Lieut. John R. Musgrave, Art. Corps, who is moving into the quarters next to Lieut. George B. Rodne, 5th Cav.

Mrs. John P. Hasson entertained the Ladies' Bridge Club last Friday afternoon very delightfully. Dainty refreshments were served. The ladies present were: Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Parker, Mrs. Ely, Mrs. Pyles, Mrs. Powell, Miss Smith and Miss Baucker. Lieut. and Mrs. Nelson A. Goodspeed and their young son left last Saturday for St. Albans, Vt., where they will spend the summer. Mrs. John P. Hasson gave a delightful luncheon Saturday for eight, the table having a large centerpiece of roses. Mrs. Hasson's guests were: Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Powell, Miss Kauffman, of Webster Grove; Miss Jones of St. Louis; Miss Smith, Miss Baucker and Miss Laubach of Chicago. The band gave an outdoor concert last Thursday afternoon, the ladies' reception day, the first open-air concert of the season.

Mrs. Laubach and Miss Laubach, of Chicago, mother and sister of Capt. Howard L. Laubach, 23d Inf., arrived last week and will spend the summer in the garrison, visiting Capt. and Mrs. Laubach. Capt. William Weigel, Q.M. Dept., was a visitor last week, the guest of Lieut. Francis J. McConnell, 17th Inf. The hop at the club last Wednesday evening, the second of the season, was largely attended. An orchestra from the depot band furnished excellent music.

Private Cothran, of the 17th Recruit Co., who shot and instantly killed Prisoner Martin on May 24, while the latter was trying to make his escape, has been released from confinement and restored to duty. The post order in his case states that: "The post commander feels highly appreciative of Cothran's performance of his duty, but cannot express himself in better terms than does the department commander, who states: 'The charges in this (Cothran's) case will not be en-

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terminated. The soldier will be released from confinement and restored to duty. The department commander feels that the soldier's commanding officer should issue an order commending him for his faithful discharge of a most painful duty. This order was published at battalion parade on Friday afternoon.

Services were held by the members of the W.C.T.U. of Garrettsville, last Sunday afternoon in the administration building, and were well attended by the soldiers of the garrison. Capt. G. Souland Turner, 7th Inf., entertained a number of friends from St. Louis at dinner on Sunday.

Mrs. Bell, wife of Capt. Ola W. Bell, 7th Cav., entertained a number of ladies from St. Louis very delightfully Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. John C. Crenshaw, of Springfield, Mo., who is visiting Mrs. Minerva Carr, in St. Louis. Mrs. Bell provided a private car for the convenience of her guests from town, and they were driven in carriages throughout the grounds of the post. The guests then went to Captain Bell's quarters where refreshments were served on the wide verandas. A band concert and parade were interesting features of the afternoon. Mrs. Bradley, wife of Major Alfred E. Bradley, Med. Dept., assisted Mrs. Bell in receiving. The ladies out from St. Louis were: Mesdames John C. Crenshaw, Carr, Adreon, William Nichols, Albert Nichols, H. N. Spencer, Festus Wade, Stephen Moriarity, Eugene Abodie, Charles A. Cox, John O'Fallon Clark, Volney Turner and Misses Clark, Wade and Moriarity. Mr. Taylor, of St. Louis, was the guest of Capt. G. Souland Turner last week.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., June 10, 1907.

At a bridge given by Mrs. Willis Uline in the city on Thursday the following ladies were present from the post: Mmes. Steele, Cowan, Beebe, Normoyle, Murray, Munroe, McFarland, Evans, Young and Walsh. Mrs. Uline was one of the honor guests at a very pretty bridge party, Wednesday, in the city, given by Mrs. Howard Gordon. Mrs. H. Percy Silver, who is the guest in Topeka of Miss Elvira Millsbaugh, was one of the honor guests Tuesday, at a card party given by Miss Anna Herbst. Capt. Warren S. Barlow, instructor at the New Mexico Military Academy at Roswell, N.M., entertained the following guests at a most beautifully appointed dinner at the Hotel Baltimore, Kansas City, Mo., Sunday evening: Miss Bernice Leach, of Leavenworth; Miss West and Captain McClure, of Roswell; Lieut. and Mrs. Clarence O. Sherrill were the guests Saturday in Kansas City of Mr. and Mrs. Mason Deane. Capt. and Mrs. Fuller left Friday for San Francisco, en route to the Philippines. Capt. C. C. Hearn, Coast Art., left Saturday for his new station, Fort Totten, N.Y.

The ball game Sunday between the 1st and 3d Battalions, 18th Inf., was hotly contested, with a score of 5 to 4. There was also a game Monday between the 11th and 29th Batteries, which resulted in a victory for the "big guns" by a score of 9 to 6. The 11th Battery, F.A., is now ahead, with three games won and none lost.

William Dawes, who left for Lander, Wyo., will disinter the bodies of U.S. soldiers buried at Fort Arapahoe, and bring them here for burial.

Miss Kathryn McKee Pearson, who will be married to Mr. Morris J. Clarke, of Cleveland, on June 24, at Sewickley, Pa., is well known here and is a sister of the wife of Major George H. Sands. She was here a year ago as bridesmaid at the Sherrill-Taylor wedding. Miss May Hannon entertained Tuesday with a beautiful one o'clock luncheon for Mrs. Charles Anderson, of St. Louis, and Mrs. Milo C. Corey, of Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark. An elaborate menu was served and others present were Mrs. J. B. Henry, Mrs. John Atwood, jr., Mrs. Sibyl

Harvey, Miss Sadie Atchison, Miss Edith Knox, and Miss Hannon.

General Baron Kuroki and his party arrived in Leavenworth at 7:30 a.m. Tuesday. The special train was switched to the post at 10 a.m. The 29th Battery fired a salute of seventeen guns, and the party were met by Brig. Gen. C. B. Hall and his staff. Escorted by a troop of the 9th Cavalry they went at once to the parade ground where a review was held. After the maneuvers the party was escorted to the Officers' Club, where a large reception followed. General Hall entertained General Kuroki and party at luncheon, after which they were shown through the Service schools. They were particularly interested in the signal exhibit of "wireless." At 2:30 p.m. they went to the target range, where some of the troops were firing. The party left at 4 p.m. In the party were Brig. Gen. O. E. Wood, U.S.A., and Major Charles Lynch, General Staff.

Lieut. and Mrs. H. H. Bissell, 19th Inf., announce the birth of a son on June 5, to whom they have given the name of Harry Harrison Bissell, jr.

Mrs. John Meade, of Kansas City, was the hostess Thursday morning at a delightful bridge party in honor of Mrs. Royden E. Beebe, of Fort Leavenworth, and Miss Mabel Baum, of Denver. Pink peonies were daintily arranged throughout the receiving rooms. Mrs. Edward Escher Yaggy rendered several musical selections. Major H. W. Wheeler, 11th Cav., who has been the guest of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Niehaus, left for Cuba Thursday, via New York.

There are few who have had the honor of receiving from General Baron Kuroki a token more highly prized than has Sergeant, first class, Earl Schofield, of the Signal Corps. When the General was making an inspection of the Service schools, Sergeant Schofield in making a demonstration in signal work was badly burned by the explosion of an acetylene lamp, from which he suffered severe pain; for this reason General Kuroki presented the Sergeant with his own carved silver cigarette case.

Mrs. Blunt, who has been the guest of Capt. and Mrs. A. S. Cowan, has returned to her home in Rock Island, Ill. Mrs. T. A. Baldwin, jr., entertained with a luncheon and card party Friday. The house was beautifully adorned with flowers. Among the outside guests was Miss McGonigle, of the city. Mrs. C. C. Smith gave a most enjoyable bridge party Friday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Graham, to about forty guests.

The officers of the 18th Infantry enjoyed a regimental dinner Saturday night at the officers' new mess. Gen. C. B. Hall, under his promotion colonel of the 18th, was the guest of honor. Capt. Peter Murray acted as toastmaster. Mrs. George S. Young entertained in a most charming manner, the ladies of the 18th Infantry, while the officers were enjoying their banquet. The game enjoyed was bridge.

FORT TOTTON.

Fort Totten, N.Y., June 12, 1907.

It has been a busy and war-like time at Fort Totten since the morning of June 6. On that date, the five companies at Fort Totten and the three at Fort Schuyler, comprising the Eastern Artillery district of New York, were ordered into camp for two weeks of field exercises.

The 8th Battalion, N.G.N.Y., arrived at the post on June 8 and were immediately encamped on the slope grading from the flag-staff to the shore of Little Neck bay. The "8th" soon had camp pitched and since then it has been one continuous round of drills, intermixed with pleasure. The "8th" is commanded by Major Elmore F. Austin, with 1st Lieut. Eben E. Acker, as battalion adjutant; 1st Lieut. Charles E. Teller, Q.M.; 1st Lieut. Harry W. Badenhausen, C.S., and the following companies: B. Capt. Joseph Cipollari; D. Capt. Frank C. Sauvan; F. Capt. George Heicke; G. Capt. Charles C. Stevenson; H. 1st Lieut. John P. Devane; I. Capt. William J. Smith, and K. 1st Lieut. Paul Loesser.

Mess halls, cook shacks, washing arrangements and latrines had been constructed on the camp site for the visiting guardsmen under the supervision of Capt. Ernest R. Tilton, U.S.A., constructing Q.M., at Fort Totten. The tent poles were staked and centered by survey, so that the newly arrived men had everything waiting for them to put up a model camp. The work done by Captain Tilton in this connection is worthy of comment, as the military camp here has been spoken of by military critics as one of the best planned and carried out ever seen from both a sanitary and picturesque point of view.

On Sunday the guard mount of the regulars attracted the New Yorkers, and the 12th band, Coast Artillery Corps, was augmented on this occasion by the Pipe and Drum Corps of the "8th" under direction of Drum Major McKeever, the Regular band returning the compliment by furnishing music for the militia troops at their guard mount.

Sunday afternoon the post was visited by a number of the New Yorkers' friends who witnessed a ball game between the Regulars and the guardsmen, but the score will not be told in New York.

Monday evening the Y.M.C.A. gave a theatrical performance in which both the Regulars and their visiting comrades participated. All the officers and ladies of the post attended and the show was voted a great success.

The real serious part of the business starts to-day, as from reveille Wednesday until reveille Saturday, the 15th, a state of war is presumed to exist. The militia acting as Coast Artillery reserves, and as Infantry, will make and receive night attacks on Schuyler and the latter fort will, of course, return the compliment with a simulated attack by the Regulars at that post assisted by the 13th Regiment Infantry, stationed at Schuyler.

The planters Knox and Hunt, armed with two six-pounders each, will represent battleships during the battle, and Colonel Whistler, commanding the Eastern Artillery district, of New York, with his mine and battery defenses will try to prevent the dangerous vessels from running the forts at night. In addition an Artillery steamer and a tug will be used for the convey of troops in making land attacks.

The district commander has prepared a set of rules govern-

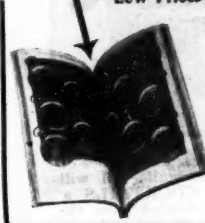
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ing the battle which are thorough and concise in every detail, and the results of the various attacks and maneuvers which will appear in reports are looked forward to with interest. General Murray, chief of Coast Artillery, will be present during part of the exercises.

BOSTON HARBOR NOTES.

Fort Revere, Mass., June 10, 1907.

On Friday, May 31, Victor Köhler, lieutenant in the Kür, Regt. von Seydlitz, of the German army, with Captain Howell, district adjutant of Boston Harbor, paid a visit to Colonel Homer at Fort Warren.

The old road running through the reservation at Fort Revere, from Hull to Stony Beach, is being replaced by a new macadam road.

Capt. F. W. Stopford attended the banquet of the Ancient and Honourable Artillery Company, of Boston, on Monday evening, June 3. On Thursday of last week Lieut. Col. E. M. Weaver, C.A., made an inspection of the harbor posts in connection with the work being done on the militia camps for the forthcoming maneuvers; \$2,500 has been appropriated for the camp at Fort Revere. Colonel Weaver was at Fort Andrews during the noon hour, and was the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Matthews at luncheon.

Mrs. Clark entertained the ladies at bridge on Friday afternoon at Fort Warren. Mrs. Stopford and Miss Marie Long won the prizes, dainty water colors painted by the hostess. On the same afternoon Miss Skilling asked a few of the ladies and officers in informally to pass Colonel Homer's birthday; punch and a birthday cake were served, while the 10th Artillery band from Fort Banks, played a number of delightful selections. After finishing their game the ladies from the bridge party dropped in.

Miss Skillings has as her house guest Miss Pike, of East Port, Maine. On Friday evening Capt. and Mrs. Matthews, of Fort Andrews, entertained the ladies and officers of their garrison with point eueure, in celebration of their nineteenth wedding anniversary. Mrs. Long and Miss Phillips won the prizes. Mrs. Winslow, wife of Lieut. E. P. Winslow, has returned to Fort Andrews from the hospital in Boston and is recuperating nicely. On Friday Mrs. M. L. Brett took luncheon at Miss Schaff's, daughter of General Schaff, in Boston. Dr. E. S. Tenny, stationed at Fort Strong, is at Atlantic City attending the conference of the American Medical Association. Mrs. Tenny, with their little daughter, Gertrude, accompanied him.

In the parade, on Saturday, June 8, in honor of the celebration of the 277th anniversary of Old Dorchester, Major E. W. Hubbard, A.C., was in command of the battalion of Coast Artillery, U.S.A. Lieut. M. L. Brett acted as his adjutant.

GOVERNORS ISLAND.

Governors Island, New York Harbor, June 13, 1907.

Cos. F and H returned on Friday from target practice at Creedmoor and Cos. E and G have gone to the range.

Brig. Gen. Theophilus F. Rodenbough has returned from a visit in New Mexico, and is at his office in the Military Service Institution, New York Arsenal. Mr. Edward Glasgow, who is living with his son, Capt. William J. Glasgow, celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday on June 7, with a family gathering at dinner, where a birthday cake decorated with eighty-seven candles was a pleasant feature of the festivities.

Among visitors this week on Governors Island are Mrs. John W. Roby at Mrs. H. O. S. Heistand's; Miss Gale and Miss Dorothy Gale at the Misses Pullman's; Mrs. M. C. C. Denslow, of New York, at Mrs. Edmund Banks Smith's, and Miss Kathleen Myles, of El Paso, at Mrs. William J. Glasgow's. Several officers and their families have gone during the week to Fort Hamilton, where part of the 7th Regiment, N.G.N.Y., is receiving instruction in the use of Coast Artillery. Lieut. C. B. Hodges has been at Fort Hamil-

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ton during part of the maneuvers. Mrs. G. H. Davis has returned to Governors Island.

A memorial window was unveiled some time ago in the chapel with the following inscription: "In Memoriam—Daniel Butterfield, Colonel and Brevet Major General, U.S.A., Major General, U.S.V. Born Oct. 31, 1831. Died July 17, 1901. Erected by his wife." The glass is from the celebrated works of John Hardman, London, who made the General Hancock window, erected in October last. The scene represents St. Alban and the Roman soldiers about to execute him, 303 A.D. A tablet has been placed in the chapel within a few weeks in memory of the late Joseph P. Russell, and of his wife. This is placed by their children, Major Edmund K. Russell, retired, and his sisters, and its position is directly in front of the General Butterfield window. The inscription is as follows: "In memory of Joseph Pynchon Russell, 1790-1849. In Medical Department, U.S.A., 20th October, 1813—19th September, 1849. Post Surgeon, Fort Columbus, N.Y.H., 1824-28; 1829-36; 1838-49. Luke the Beloved Physician. Katherine Kirby Russell, 1802-1882. Her children arise up and call her blessed."

FORT WORDEN.

Fort Worden, Wash., June 5, 1907.

Mrs. William K. Moore entertained with a delightful party for the children of the garrison on Saturday, the occasion being Master Wade Moore's sixth birthday. Mrs. Moore understood perfectly the way to delight the small hearts, for games of every description were played and prizes awarded to each contestant, but best of all were the delicious refreshments, enjoyed by Misses Helen and Bessie Ohnstad, Master Clinton, Julia and Russell Reeder, and Evelyn Moore. Mrs. Harry Newton has returned from a trip to Seattle, where she was accompanied by Master Clinton, a nephew of Captain Newton's, who will remain with them for two weeks. Col. and Mrs. Taylor and Miss Katherine spent Saturday in Victoria, B.C.

The attractive home of Mrs. Strong, of Port Townsend, was the scene of a large card party on Saturday afternoon, given in honor of Mrs. Landes, of Seattle. The abundance of flowers added much to the beauty of the occasion. Mrs. J. C. Ohnstad was fortunate in carrying off the head prize. Besides a large number of Port Townsend ladies Mrs. Strong's guests included Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Waterhouse, Mrs. Masteller, Mrs. Ohnstad and Mrs. Reeder, of Fort Worden.

An excursion boat pulled out from the Worden dock on Sunday morning at eight o'clock, with the 6th Artillery band playing lively airs, and the Worden baseball team, bound for Everett, where a most exciting game of ball was played, ending in a tie.

Major J. L. Hayden, who is on a three months' leave, was a visitor at this garrison on Wednesday.

FORT LOGAN.

Fort Logan, Colo., June 8, 1907.

Col. C. A. Williams and the members of his staff went to Denver this morning to make their official call on Brig. Gen. Earl D. Thomas, who has recently assumed command of the Department of Colorado. Major and Mrs. Hearn have returned to Fort Logan, after a month spent in visiting in the east. Major Leonhauser has recently returned from a leave.

At the closing exercises of the public school in Logantown, Friday afternoon, where several children of this post attend, Chaplain J. Ossewaarde was one of the speakers. Capt. C. Hampton left this week on his leave. Capt. A. L. Farmer and Lieut. W. P. Kitts went on a fishing expedition to Morrison in the early part of this week. Judging from the results, the experienced fishermen had evidently not been sufficiently informed as to the ways of the Colorado fish.

The ladies' card club met at the home of Mrs. E. Sayer on Friday afternoon. Several of the officers and ladies of the garrison have been invited to the University Club ball next Friday evening.

Arrangements have been completed for the encampment of the National Guard of Colorado, which will be held this year at the State rifle range near Golding.

FORT SAM HOUSTON.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, June 9, 1907.

Co. B, 9th Inf., reached Fort Sam Houston last week, under command of Lieut. F. R. Lange.

Major and Mrs. Ernest Hinds, Art. Corps, arrived last Tuesday, and Major Hinds has assumed the duties of adjutant general for the Department of Texas. Major and Mrs. C. A. Bennett have left for a month's travel in Mexico. Col. Lotus Kiles has arrived at Fort Sam Houston. Mr. George Le Roy Brown, jr., son of Col. George Le Roy Brown, has left to enter the U.S. Military Academy on June 15. Colonel Brown and family have left for the East. Capt. O. W. Budd, retired, and Miss Budd have left for New York, where they will spend the summer. Capt. and Mrs. Arnold, 1st Cav., have gone East for the summer.

The friends of Mrs. Hay are delighted to know she is now

convalescent, and soon will be able to leave the hospital. Lieut. Martin C. Wise, 20th Inf., who has been visiting relatives in the city, left Friday en route to his station at Honolulu.

BORN.

BISSELL.—Born at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., June 5, 1907, a son, Harry Harrison Bissell, jr., to the wife of Lieut. Harry H. Bissell, 19th U.S. Inf.

GOSMAN.—Born, June 9, 1907, at Carlisle, Pa., to Capt. G. H. R. Gosman, asst. surg., U.S.A., and Mrs. Gosman, a son, William Mercer Gosman.

MARRIED.

BURLEIGH-O'CONNOR.—At Portland, Ore., June 4, 1907, Lieut. John J. Burleigh, 22d U.S. Inf., and Miss Elizabeth Eckerson O'Connor, daughter of Lieut. Col. Charles M. O'Connor, 8th U.S. Cav.

QUINN—Le BLANC.—At the St. Patrick's Cathedral Rectory, New York city, June 11, 1907, Col. James B. Quinn, U.S.A., and Miss Estelle C. Le Blanc.

RADFORD-MANSON.—At Hopkinsville, Ky., June 12, 1907, Major Cyrus S. Radford, U.S.M.C., and Miss Katherine Manson.

ROBARDS-MAURA.—At Pensacola, Fla., June 4, 1907, Miss Ethel Maura to Lieut. Frank Fitz-Hugh Robards, U.S. M.C.

ROBERTS-EAGAR.—At San Antonio, Tex., May 27, 1907, Major H. L. Roberts, 26th U.S. Inf., and Miss Florence C. Eagar.

SHIELDS-STREET.—At St. Louis, Mo., June 5, 1907, Capt. George H. Shields, 3d U.S. Inf., and Miss Florence Street.

SMITH-WOOD.—At Westfield, N.J., June 1, 1907, Lieut. George L. Smith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Eloise Sprague Wood.

STEEGER-CUBEDGE.—At Savannah, Ga., June 5, 1907, Lieut. John O. Steeger, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Miss Angie Cubedge.

DIED.

FIELD.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman Philip H. Field, U.S.N.

HOLCOMB.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman Franklin P. Holcomb, U.S.N.

HOLDEN.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman Herbert L. Holden, U.S.N.

MARMION.—Died at Washington, D.C., June 8, 1907, Medical Director Robert A. Marmion, U.S.N., retired.

MURFIN, jr.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman Henry C. Murfin, jr., U.S.N.

PARKER.—Died at Fort Assiniboine, Mont., June 7, 1907, Mrs. Caroline L. Parker, mother of 1st Lieut. Henry W. Parker, 2d U.S. Cav.

RICHARDSON.—Died at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., June 6, 1907, Mack Richardson, formerly first lieutenant, 26th U.S. Inf., who resigned from the Army to take effect June 4, 1907.

SMITH.—Died at Annapolis, Md., June 9, 1907, Mate William G. Smith, U.S.N., retired.

STEVENSON.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman William H. Stevenson, U.S.N.

WRIGHT.—Died at New York, June 9, 1907, Julia Speir Wright, widow of Pay Dir. Henry Taylor Wright, U.S.N., and daughter of the late Gilbert M. Speir, of New York city.

ULRICH.—Drowned in Hampton Roads, Va., June 11, 1907, Midshipman Walter C. Ulrich, U.S.N.

NATIONAL GUARD NOTES.

The 14th N.Y., under command of Col. John H. Foote, in its tour of duty at the State camp at Peekskill, from June 1 to 8, was greatly hampered in its instruction by stormy weather. Colonel Foote, however, took every opportunity to put his command on the drill field, and schools of instruction for both officers and non-commissioned officers were conducted by Colonel Foote and Lieut. Colonel Garcia. Col. W. H. Chapin, inspector on the staff of General Roe, also addressed the officers and gave them a practical demonstration of some of the work required of them. The men of the regiment generally were well behaved while in camp. There were really very few cases of over-indulgence in intoxicants, and save for some slight breaches of the peace in Peekskill, for which the offenders were made to suffer, little or no fault could be found with the regiment or any of its members. The absence of board floors and camp cots in the tents during the cold and rainy weather caused much suffering among the enlisted men. Nothing is gained by such a system, but on the contrary many young men contract serious physical ills sooner or later, and the sooner a proper mode of sheltering men is established the better. The officers of the regiment on June 5 marched with the post band to the quarters of Gen. Moore Smith, 1st Brigade, the post commander, and gave him a serenade, it being the occasion of the forty-fifth anniversary of his appointment as a commissioned officer. Colonel Foote, commanding the 14th, was at General Smith's quarters at the time, and Lieut. Col. William Garcia, acting as spokesman for the other officers, made a neat and fitting speech, to which General Smith made a happy reply. General Smith first joined the military as a private in Co. B, of the 7th N.Y., April 20, 1861, and during the Civil War served with the command in the U.S.

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Army on three different calls. He gained his first commission as second lieutenant June 5, 1862.

Members of the New York Naval Militia will celebrate on June 22 the sixteenth anniversary of the formation of the naval militia in this State. The 1st Battalion was the parent organization, and was formed on June 23, 1891, in the old armory of the 2d Battery on Broadway, near Fifty-third street, and mainly through the efforts of Capt. Jacob W. Miller, its first commander, Aaron Vanderbilt, Rear Admiral Erben, U.S.N., and a few others. Ceremonies of the day will include a parade on Riverside Drive, in which detachments from the various New York city and Brooklyn regiments, and 2d Battalions, naval militia, and the officers and crew of the U.S.S. Yankee during the war with Spain will take part. The principal event of the day will be the presentation of the West Indian campaign medal, awarded by Congress to the officers and crew of the Yankee, by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Truman H. Newberry.

Col. Walter Howe, Art. Corps, U.S.A., commandant of the Artillery District of Narragansett, Major J. C. W. Brooks, commandant of Fort Greble, and Capt. F. N. Cooke, U.S.A., adjutant of Fort Adams, held a conference at the State House, Providence, R.I., June 10, at which Adjutant Gen. Frederick M. Sackett, Brig. Gen. Herbert S. Tanner, commander of the Rhode Island National Guard, and Major Charles W. Abbott, jr., U.S.A., retired, were present. The meeting was for the purpose of considering plans relative to the proposed encampment of the Rhode Island National Guard at Forts Adams and Greble, beginning Sunday, July 7.

The Roanoke Light Infantry, a new military body, was organized at Roanoke, Va., the following officers being elected: E. Frank Taylor, captain; Thomas W. Spindle, first lieutenant; E. B. Hubbard, second lieutenant. The new company is the only one in the State west of Lynchburg.

The four light batteries of the N.G.N.Y., consisting of the 1st, Capt. John F. O'Ryan; 2d, Capt. David Wilson; 3d, 1st Lieut. George E. Laing, all of New York city, and the 6th, of Binghamton, Capt. E. H. Terry, organized as a provisional battalions, under the command of Major D. J. Rumbough, Field Art., U.S.A., with Lieut. Samuel Frankenberg, U.S. Field Art., as adjutant, arrived at the State camp at Peekskill shortly after noon on June 9. The first camp was established at Van Cortlandt Park on the night of June 7, and early next day Major Rumbough put the command on the march, and from that time on did not waste any time in frequent halts, but kept the batteries on the move strenuously, which demonstrated plenty of weak horse flesh. After Van Cortlandt Park was left, Captain Wilson, of the 2d Battery, by virtue of his seniority, led the column, with the 6th Battery second, the 1st Battery third, and the 3d Battery fourth. Nelson Park, Ossining, was the stopping place Saturday night, June 8, and Lieutenant Laing, of the 3d Battery, whose horses had proved far superior to all others, was directed by Major Rumbough to take the lead. All of the other batteries had more or less trouble with their green horses, and had thus been compelled

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several times to drop back. The 3d Battery has a large number of horses—forty or more—of its own, and did not have to depend so much on hired animals. The camp at Peekskill was reached by the 3d Battery shortly after 1 p.m., June 9. The 2d was nearly fifteen minutes behind, then came the 1st, and finally the 6th. The latter arrived on the camp grounds by piecemeal, and it was after 2 o'clock when the last of its guns and wagons reached the top of the hill leading into camp. The 3d Battery was the only organization whose guns and wagons with one exception were brought into camp, each by its own teams, the other batteries all requiring the aid of post horses in getting their equipment up the steep hill. The driver of a 3d Battery horse fell off and fractured a rib and was sent to the hospital. With the Artillery organizations in camp were the 1st and 2d Signal companies, N.G.N.Y., and a small detachment of the U.S. Signal Corps, under command of Capt. George C. Bunnell, U.S.A. All the commands put in a hard week's work, and the Artillery especially have not had such a practical experience for many a long day.

In the correspondence from Fort Totten, N.Y., elsewhere in this issue, will be found some interesting facts concerning the joint exercises at the above post participated in by Regulars and Militiamen.

The Illinois Naval Reserve will enter on their annual cruise of instruction, by divisions, on board the U.S.S. Dorothea, on June 22, 1907, as follows: Quincy Division, June 22-29; Rock Island Division, June 29-July 6; Third Division, July 6-13; Alton Division, July 13-20; Moline Division, July 20-27; Fourth Division, July 27-Aug. 3; First Division, Aug. 10-17; Second Division, Aug. 24-31.

The Illinois National Guard is ordered into camp at Camp Lincoln, Ill., for eight days each, as follows: 2d Infantry and Signal Corps, June 15 to 22; 7th Infantry, June 22 to 29; 1st Infantry, June 29 to July 6; 8th Infantry, July 6 to 13; 3d Infantry, July 13 to 20; 4th Infantry, July 20 to 27; 6th Infantry, July 27 to Aug. 3; 5th Infantry, Aug. 3 to 10; 1st Cavalry, Aug. 10 to 17; Artillery Battalion, Aug. 10 to 17, at Camp Logan, Ill. The range practice season for 1907 is from May 1 to Oct. 31. The United States Firing Regulations for small arms practice, 1904, which is adopted, will govern during this season's practice, except that estimating distance drills and collective fire will not be figured in the compiling of reports or influence the qualifications of the shooter. Small arms practice, under the new rules, is divided into instruction and record practice, which includes the instruction of the soldier in firing with the Service rifle and carbine, in slow fire, time fire, rapid fire and skirmish fire. Each officer and enlisted man firing on the range will be allowed 400 rounds of ammunition during the season. Not more than one-half of this allowance shall be used in instruction practice before the soldier begins his record practice. After qualifying as sharpshooter, the soldier will be allowed an additional 100 rounds for use in the expert rifleman's test.

"Never has the War Department shown such a disposition to assist the National Guard as it is doing at the present time," says the Boston Globe, "and States that have a good and efficient militia are now assured of proper treatment and encouragement from both the War and Navy Departments. This was fully demonstrated in the visit paid by Adjutant General Parker and Quartermaster General Emery to Washington the past week, as they had but little trouble in securing what they asked for. Adjutant General Parker secured for the naval brigade for the months of July and August the U.S.S. gunboat Newport, and for the annual cruise of the brigade the U.S.S. Prairie, which has been scheduled for the week commencing Aug. 10 and terminating Aug. 17. On this cruise the Newport will be manned by officers and men of the brigade exclusively, and officers and men of the brigade assigned to the Prairie will assist and receive instruction from the officers and men of that ship. General Emery was also successful with the Quartermaster General, as that officer informed General Emery that immediately on receiving the measurement of the men for the full dress uniforms of the two brigades and independent commands, they would be shipped to the State from the Quartermaster's Department."

Adjutant General Thrift, of Iowa, in G.O. 14, dated May 20, 1907, publishes regulations for field maneuvers, prepared by Major D. H. Boughton, 11th U.S. Cav., senior instructor Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., May 17, 1907, which are adopted for the use of the Iowa National Guard in their field maneuvers for the year 1907. The following appointments, reappointments and detail from officers of the Iowa National Guard on the staff of the commander-in-chief, are announced: William H. Thrift reappointed A.G. and A.Q.M.G., with rank of brigadier general; Guy E. Logan reappointed A.A.G., with rank of colonel; John C. Loper, Des Moines, reappointed Q.M.G. and A.C.G., with rank of colonel; Frederick J. Will appointed S.G., with rank of colonel; Horace E. Deemer, Red Oak, appointed J.A.G., with rank of colonel; Smith W. Brookhart, Washington, appointed G.I.S.A.P., with rank of colonel; Major Ralph P. Howell, 54th Inf., detailed as chief of engineers; Joseph Crail, Fairfield, appointed chief signal officer, with rank of colonel; Aides-de-camp, with rank of colonel, are appointed as follows: Charles E. Mitchell, Hugh B. Hedge, Isaac B. Santee, Arthur A. Penquite, Charles W. Bopp and Herbert M. Bigelow. Lieut. Col. Hubert A. Allen, 53d Inf., is detailed as aide, relieving Major G. M. Parker, 53d Inf.

A handsome trophy has just been forwarded to Lansing, Mich., which has been formally presented to the State Military Board. It is named the McGurrian shield, in honor of Adjutant General McGurrian, and is to be awarded to the company of the National Guard having the highest figure of merit in indoor target practice during the past winter. It is to be held for one year, when it will again be an object of contest. The background is of rosewood, highly polished, and it bears a shield of sterling silver, and the lettering is etched. The names of the winners will be engraved on the small shields from year to year. The eagle surmounting the shield is cast in silver. It was purchased by a number of General McGurrian's admiring friends. The committee having the matter in charge was Major H. B. Britton, of Ypsilanti; Major George

B. McCaughna, of Owosso; Major Earl R. Stewart, of Grand Rapids.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions are answered as soon as possible, but no particular time can be given for replies. We do not answer questions by mail.

PRIVATE.—There are Provisional Light Artillery Drill Regulations now in use in the Field Artillery of the Army.

SERGEANT asks: (1) Is there a possibility of the school for non-commissioned officers opening again at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C.? If so, what time will it be opened? Answer: See answer in another column, this issue. (2) When will the next detachment of marines leave for service in the Philippines? Answer: None will leave for some time, and no date can now be given.

H. M. H. asks: Whether an enlisted man in the Marine Corps, who has six years' continuous service, can be discharged on receiving a civil service appointment. Answer: Not as a matter of right, but it is frequently the practice, wholly as a matter of privilege, to grant a discharge after the man has passed his civil service examination.

F. B. asks: When will Cos. A, B, C and D, 4th Inf., be reviewed at Fort Mackenzie, Wyo.? Answer: It is not decided yet.

W. D. G. asks: Where the 3d Cavalry will be stationed on its return from the P.I. next January. Answer: It is not decided yet.

1,000 MILES FROM NOWHERE asks: Is there any hope for the troops stationed at Fort Assiniboine, Mont., ever getting out of here? Answer: The 1st Squadron, 2d Cav., has been ordered from Fort Assiniboine to Fort Des Moines, by G.O. 112, May 23, War Dept.

A. J. B. asks: The exact location of Fort Totten, L.I. (formerly Willet's Point). I mean by this, is this fort in New York city and the county of Queens? Answer: Fort Totten, N.Y., is a post office, on the Long Island shore, and the railroad station is Whitestone, which is distant about two miles. It is in the Borough of Queens, New York city.

J. A. B. asks: (1) If a soldier served in the P.I. from Dec. 19, 1900, to March 11, 1902, is he entitled to an insurrection medal? Answer: Ask your company commander. He has the general order and knows your record. (2) Am I entitled to any extra pay for service in Porto Rico from May 10, 1899, to Nov. 13, 1899, or for my P.I. service? Answer: Not for service in Porto Rico. You receive twenty per cent. increase of pay while serving in the Philippines. (3) Will I have any trouble about my age, being five years younger than what my last discharge calls for? Answer: No question would be raised now as to your age.

J. W. C.—Write to the Adjutant General of the Army, Washington, D.C., personally, and you will receive an answer.

MRS. J. A. B.—See answer to J. W. C., in this issue.

M. P.—If you write to the Senators of your State, or Representative of your district in Congress, you can get the information you desire.

H. G.—For the information you desire as to your appointment as sergeant major, J.G., you must write to the Adjutant General of the Army through the channel.

B. C. W. asks: If he is on the eligible list for appointment as sergeant major, Artillery Corps, junior grade. Answer: The only way to get this information is to write the Adjutant General, War Dept., Washington, D.C., through the channel.

CADET asks: Where the squadrons of the 15th and 11th Regiments of Cavalry, respectively, in Cuba, will be stationed on their return to the United States. Answer: It is not decided yet, and it is not known at the War Department when these troops will be recalled from Cuba.

A. B. C. asks: The address of Capt. F. L. Knudsen, Co. A, 8th Inf. Answer: Manila, P.I.

R. E. L.—Write to the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D.C., for the information you desire about the party you mention.

M. D. M. asks: If the American soldiers serving in Porto Rico will be paid twenty per cent. foreign service pay up to July, 1907. Answer: Yes.

L. A. X. asks: (1) Do applicants desiring to go up for a commission in Cavalry or in Infantry have to take the course in electricity and optics as described in G.O. 57, 1907? Answer: Yes. (2) If they do, please state what parts are required. Answer: Consult G.O. 57, W.D., 1907. (3) If the applicant is in the Philippines and passes the preliminary

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examination, does he have to take the final examination in Manila or the United States? Answer: In the United States.

E. L. J. asks: A soldier is discharged, per expiration of term of service, on the last day of the month. What is his status on the muster and pay rolls and on the company return? Is he carried as present, or dropped as lost, and in either event, why? Answer: He is carried as present. The Government could hold him for duty till midnight of the last day of his enlistment period.

J. W. L. asks: Whether it is possible for a soldier to purchase his discharge before one year of his second enlistment, having remained out of the Army a year before second enlistment. Answer: G.O. 4, 1906, answers this in detail. There should be a file of orders at post headquarters.

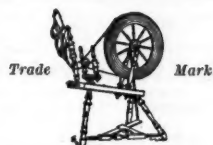
A. A. P. asks: The different classes and the chance of advancement of an electrician in the U.S. Coast Artillery. Answer: Fireman, \$30 a month and house; electrician sergeant, first class, \$35 and house; electrician sergeant, second class, \$45 and house; engineer, \$65 and house; master electrician, \$75 and house. As to fireman, engineer and master electrician, see G.O. 77, W.D., current series, and as to electrician sergeant, see G.O. 182, W.D., 1906.

F. M. C.—G.O. 77, W.D., 1907, will answer your question, and there should be a file of the orders at your station.

Members of the Army of the Philippines residing in or on duty in the Philippine Islands, may procure the insignia of the organization at Manila, without cost of import duty, by addressing George R. Wentzel, adjutant of Camp Lawton, of Manila, P.I., Army of the Philippines, in care of Chief Engineer Officer, Philippines Division, Manila, P.I., enclosing membership card (which will be returned), and cost of insignia ordered. Arrangements have been made with Heacock & Co., of Manila, to manufacture these emblems, and may be procured as above stated.

ARMY STATIONS.

We omit the table of Army stations this week. There are no changes since the list appeared in our issue of June 8, page 1133, except that the 25th Infantry has been ordered to sail from San Francisco for Manila on July 25.



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FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Under a recent enactment every member of a volunteer corps, defense cadet corps or rifle defense club in New Zealand is now permitted to purchase 100 rounds of service ball ammunition per annum, at the reduced price of \$1 per 100 rounds, any necessary expense for freight and carriage being paid by the purchaser. Members of defense rifle clubs when traveling on orders issued by the Defense Department may, even in plain clothes, on production of the authorized badge, be charged at the same rate as volunteers in uniform. The production of the badge is, however, essential, and captains of defense rifle clubs are to see that their members are supplied with them as soon as possible.

During a recent session of the British House of Commons a member asked whether the government would consider the question of granting pensions to soldiers of good character upon reaching the age of sixty-five. The Secretary of State for War replied: "The grant of pensions to old soldiers merely on the ground of age and circumstances, and without regard to service, would involve a large expenditure and a wholly new principle. There are other classes in the community not less interested in the question than soldiers."

It is alleged by the London Globe that large numbers

of Germans are applying for admission, some as officers, others as privates, to various branches of the British military service, and that there is a headquarters of the organizing staff of the German army resident in a suburb of London, and it has offered, if desired, to give the address to the proper authorities. Commenting on the above, the United Service Gazette, of London, says: "If the Globe was a paper of but little importance one could afford to smile at what, on the face of it, appears to be a recklessly wild assertion, but since it is well known to be a public organ of pronounced reliability, we may take it that such a statement would not be published in its columns, without there was some *raison d'être* of truth in it. It is, therefore, worth while asking if the War Office are taking any steps to avail themselves of the sporting offer made by this correspondent."

Some of the Spanish officials resent the reduction in their salaries, which has been made in pursuance of a policy of economy adopted in order to provide money for enlarging the navy.

A St. Petersburg despatch of June 6 says: "A squadron of seventeen torpedoboats, constructed out of funds raised by popular subscription in the war with Japan has arrived at St. Petersburg. The vessels are lined up on both sides of the Neva, in the heart of the city, in order to give the population an opportunity of inspecting the outcome of their contributions. The squadron is commanded by Rear Admiral Von Essen, who served at Port Arthur in the war as a captain and was on board the battleship Sebastopol when she was sunk by the Japanese, after he had withstood their attacks for four days."

The Army and Navy Gazette says: "It is stated that in the new Dreadnoughts, the Temeraire and her sisters, the 12-pr. 18 cwt. gun will no longer be used for this purpose, but that 4-inch q.f. guns of the latest pattern will be substituted for them. We believe that naval officers generally will consider this a decided improvement. At the same time, the splendid firing of the Kent in her light q.f. gunlayers' competition demonstrates what good marksmen can do with the 12-pr. The shooting of Petty Officer Nash, fourteen hits out of fourteen rounds, is remarkable, particularly when it is remembered that the run is now only of 55 sec. duration. The average of the Kent with this gun was 11.18 hits per gun per minute. Of the eight gunlayers, twelve was the least number of rounds fired in the run, and six men succeeded in making ten or more hits. Able Seaman Ramsden fired fifteen rounds in 55 sec., the time taken to load and fire each time being very

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little over 3 1-2 sec., and yet he put thirteen shots on to the target."

Official intelligence from Russia is to the effect that all the modern warships which are not undergoing repairs will be commissioned in the summer for exercises or maneuvers. Afterwards they will be placed in reserve, but with full complements, the object being to prevent the men from being housed in barracks on shore, and at intervals of two months they will go to sea for periods of at least a week until the ice makes this impossible. According to the Kotlin, the characteristics of the intended new battleships have been definitely settled. They will displace 21,800 tons, have a speed of twenty-one knots, and be armed with ten 12-inch guns.

King Edward, as a mark of personal friendship and high esteem for Prince Fushimi, has placed a warship at his disposal, and the prince and party have accepted

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References: Gen. Calvin De Witt, Honolulu, H.T. Maj. Geo. H. Sands, 10th Cav., Manila, P.I. Mrs. Adna E. Chaffee, Los Angeles, Cal. Maj. Fred S. Strong, Fort Monroe, Va. Col. R. H. Patterson, Fort Screven, Ga. Capt. D. E. Holley, Fort MacKenzie, Wyo. Capt. B. F. Tilley, N. S. N., League Island, Pa.

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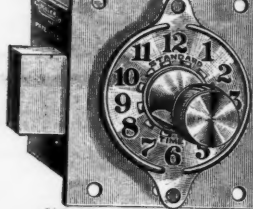
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the offer and will sail on June 24 from
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When the British battleship Dreadnought arrived at Portsmouth, England, after her long cruise to South America it was discovered, after she had been docked, that her double rudder on the port side had, through some cause, been severely damaged. The injury was considerable, a large hole of singular shape being cut clean through. How the accident happened is not known, but it is thought it might have been caused by contact with floating wreckage during the recent voyage of the Home Fleet.

A writer in the British Royal Engineers Journal states that the Japanese during the late war constructed a number of subterranean dwellings for their troops. The simplest were square or round holes nine feet in diameter and six feet deep, roofed with millet stalks. The most useful form was a rectangular excavation 15'x12'x6', covered with a roof of millet stalks and mud. At one end was a mud wall containing a paper window and a door, and at this end

a ramp led down to the shelter. Several hospitals were constructed in a similar manner.

The following unneighborly grumble is from the Star Journal, published at St. Catharines, Canada: "It is reported that there were 300 desertions from the British ships in Hampton Roads during the visit of the foreign fleets to the Jamestown Exposition. For the arrest of one petty officer—a signaler—a reward of \$500 is offered. Where do these deserters go? Why, they enlist in the Yankee Navy, of course, and here we have an excellent example of 'Uncle Sam's friendship.' One hand is stretched towards us holding a brotherly invitation to 'come and join us in a friendly display and enjoy my hospitality.' The other hand is extended in the direction of our 'Jackies,' with the invitation, 'Come and join Uncle Sam! I'll give you better pay, make men of you, and save you from the tyranny of Kings and Queens!' And he gets a good many of the men on whom Britain has spent thousands of pounds in training to man her ships and fight her battles."

NAVY'S ELECTRICAL BRANCH.

A young man upon enlisting in the electrical branch of the Navy is at once detailed for a course of instruction at the Electrical School. In the Navy there is an ever increasing demand for electricians just as there is in civil life where the new uses of electricity seem almost limitless.

The man who enters the Navy to become an electrician knows that he is to become familiar with the liveliest and most potent profession of the time. He may feel that besides working for the Government and being part of the most honorable service in the world he is gaining valuable information for himself in a profession where the position seeks the man and not the man the position.

When one enters the Navy as an electrician and goes aboard ship as a petty officer in the Service, he knows that his duties will be entirely electrical. While there is always plenty of work to do, he knows further in advance just what his duties will be than do any other men in the Service. He always has his quarters more or less independent of the rest of the crew and is only in very unusual cases disturbed for "all hands" work.

The higher ratings and increases of pay may be more readily reached in the electrical branch than in any other of the Service, making the electrician the best paid man in the Navy for time of service. With new ships like the Vermont, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, etc., requiring each thirty electricians, there is still much room at the top, and always will be. Just here it behooves the student while at the Electrical School to put forth his best efforts to gain proficiency, because the reward in rating is so swift. It is here only that one may, by special study and continued application, accomplish in five months, by jumping a whole grade, what might take four years to do after being detailed to sea service.

Any capable man who enters the class as electrician, third class, may leave it as electrician, second class, and the more suc-

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cessful as electricians, first class. By faithful service at sea the grade of chief electrician may be reached and one then has full charge of the entire plant on board his ship and deals directly with his officers. There is ever present in our Service the opportunity to rise to warrant and even commissioned rank, and there is no door through which one may better enter to gain these goals than through the electrical door, and this will be truer and truer as time goes on and the full powers and possibilities of electricity develop and grow as they assuredly will.—Lieut. Comdr. R. H. Leigh, in Our Naval Electrician.

Messrs. Wilkinson, Fisher & Wither-
spoon, attorneys at law, Washington, D.C.,
send the following list of patents. Granted
June 4: Means for recovering submarine
boats, Eugene Oswald, U.S.N.; cartridge,
Gottlob E. Loeble; gun-stock, Frank Bal-
son; fluid-recoil brake for guns, Heinrich
Motz and Emil Muller; projectile, Alfred
M. Mazer; marine propulsion, Yasuzo
Wadagaki, Japan; extensible jacket for re-
volvers, John Adrianson; hinge-joint for
revolvers, James C. E. Leach; rifle attach-
ment, Peter M. Mayville; magazine rifle,
Bert W. Panches; magazine rifle, Josef
Lauber; method and apparatus for protect-
ing marine wooden structures, Thomas N.
Prudden. Granted May 28: Bullet, Harry
I. Broad; cartridge-pouch, Richard M.
Cutts, U.S. Marine Corps, assignor to
Colt's Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing
Co., Hartford, Conn.; automatic firearm,
Charles A. Strasburg; electric and percus-
sion firing mechanism, William H. Bevans;
screw-gear for gun-sight devices, etc., Oskar
Grauhering; gun-stock, Patrick H. Clari-

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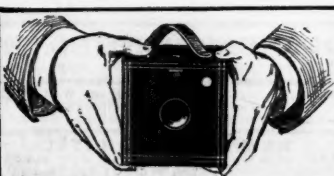
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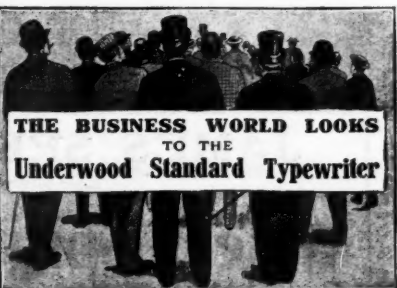


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SURROGATES' NOTICE.

METCALF, MARIA H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Maria H. Metcalf, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Norman J. Marsh, No. 76 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November next.
Dated New York, the 7th day of May, 1907.
WILLARD CHURCH, Executor.
NORMAN J. MARSH, Attorney for Executor,
76 William Street, New York City.

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